Regd. No. B. 1065 CITY EDITION

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXV NO. 174 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

WORLD FAMOUS Tani's GONORRHEA REMEDY take tonight & get cured tomorrow M. A. NASIRI & Co. NAGDEVI ST. BOMBAY 3 75 TABLETS PER BOTTLE V.P. EXTRA

Use For Daily Bath "BULL" BRAND KHUS RAJ SOAP TOILET & MEDICINAL Agents: L. UTTAMCHAND & Co., Princess Street, Bombay 2.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Mahatma Explains The New Order

Despite Limitations

CONGRESS MINISTERS

Have A Whip Hand

Power That Can Enable Them To Consolidate Strength Of People

AN ILLUSION DISPELLED

Last week Mahatma Gandhi drew up his Instrument of Instructions to Congress Cabinets and stated that, it was possible to construe the India Act "as an attempt, however limited and feeble, to replace the rule of the Sword by the rule of the Majority," and pointed out how the "assumed intentions of the framers of the Act could be frustrated."

The Old And New Order

In to-day's "Harijan" Gandhiji explains the "fundamental difference between the old order and the new order." Whereas formerly the Ministers were amenable to the control of the Government, now they are under the control of the Congress. They are responsible to the Congress." He says that "the Ministers have a whip hand so long as they act within the four-corners of the Act" and that "enables them to consolidate the power of the Congress, that is, the people."

Congressmen To Note

Gandhiji calls the attention of every Congressmen to these facts and says: "For an effective use of this power people have to give hearty co-operation to the Congress and its Ministers. If the latter do wrong or neglect duty, it is open to any person to complain to the Secretary of the A. I. C. C. and seek redress. But no one may take the Law into his own hands."

Largely An Illusion

Mahatma Gandhi admits that "there is great validity in the argument that the Act has left Ministers no money to spend on nation-building departments," but regards it as "largely an illusion."

WHAT CONGRESSMEN SHOULD NOTE

WARDHA, July 23.

Under the caption "Fundamental Difference," Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-morrow's "Harijan":

"It is necessary to contemplate for the moment the fundamental difference between the old and new orders. In order fully to realise it we must try to forget for the moment the crushing limitations of the Act. Seeing that the Congress has gone the farthest limit and accepted office, let every Congressman note the power it has taken. Whereas formerly the Ministers were amenable to the control of Government, now they are under the control of the Congress. They are responsible to the Congress. They owe their status to the Congress. The Governors and the Civil Service, though irremovable, are yet answerable to the Ministers. The Ministers have effective control over them upto a point. That point enables them to consolidate the power of the Congress, that is, the people. The Ministers have a whip hand so long as they act within the four corners of the Act, no matter how distasteful their actions may be to the Governors. It will be found upon examination that so long as people remain non-violent, the Congress Ministers have enough freedom of action for national growth.

"For an effective use of this power people have to give hearty co-operation to the Congress and its Ministers. If the latter do wrong or neglect duty, it is open to any person to complain to the Secretary of the A. I. C. C. and seek redress. But no one may take the law into his own hands.

"Congressmen should also realise that there is no other political party in the field to question the authority of the Congress. For the other parties never penetrated the villages. And that is not the work which can be done in a day. So far, therefore, as I can see, vast opportunity is at the disposal of the Ministers in terms of the Congress objective of Complete Independence, if only they are honest, selfless, industrious, vigilant and solicitous for the true welfare of the starving millions.

"No doubt there is great validity in the argument that the Act has left Ministers no money to spend for nation-building departments. But this is largely an illusion. I believe with Sir Daniel Hamilton that Labour, and not metal, is the real money. Labour backed by paper is as good as, if not better than, paper backed by Labour."

In this connection Gandhiji quotes the sentiments of an English financier who held a high office in India:

"The worst legacy we have left to India is high grade service. What has been done cannot be undone. Whatever is being done to-day with money motive should in the future be based on service motive. If things done on a co-operative basis which in other words is modified Socialism, money would not be needed, at least not in large quantity."

Narrating his own experiences in this regard Mahatma Gandhi concludes:

"What is true of Sheogan is true of other villages. The State can do much in this direction without having to spend a single rie extra. The State officials can be utilised for serving the people instead of harassing them. Villagers may not be coerced into doing anything. They can be educated to do things which enrich them morally, physically and economically."—United Press.

OFFENSIVE ON MADRID FRONT

Report Of Insurgents Advance And Heavy Govt. Casualties

SALAMANCA: July 23.

A broadcast states that the insurgents are progressing their offensive in the Vilafranca Del Castillo Sector on the Madrid Front.

According to Government deserters, there are 9,000 wounded in Madrid alone.—Reuter.

(Earlier News on Page 7.)

Consult Assembly

WEDGWOOD REPORT

Satyamurti's Resolution Before Public Accounts Committee

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 23.

Continuing consideration of the Railway Accounts, the Public Accounts Committee to-day examined the Appropriation Accounts in detail and commented on a number of items, which appeared to indicate defective budgeting. Undesirable variations in original estimates were especially noticeable, it was alleged, in connection with grants for capital expenditure.

There was some discussion regarding the position of the Financial Commissioner (?) as to whether it would be preferable, from the point of view of financial control, if he were not a member of the Railway Board. It was explained, however, that although the Financial Commissioner is not subordinate to the Finance Member he has the right of direct access and in practice his relations with the Finance Member are identical with those of the Financial Adviser, Military Finance.

CONSULT ASSEMBLY.

At the afternoon's meeting the Committee discussed some points arising out of the Wedgwood report.

The following resolution was moved by Mr. S. Satyamurti and it was decided to discuss this at a special meeting of the Committee:

"The Public Accounts Committee recommends to the Government that no action should be taken by them by way of implementing the recommendations of the Wedgwood Committee until this Committee and the Standing Finance Committee on Railways have examined and pronounced their opinion on them and until the Legislative Assembly has considered the Report and the opinions of these two Committees and made its recommendations thereon."

STOP PRESS

NAZI PRESS "LIES"

BERLIN, July 23.

The French Ambassador has energetically protested to the Foreign Office against the allegations in the German Press that detachments of French Legion have been sent to Spain. He described the reports as "lies" and expressed his astonishment at their continued publication after the French official "Dementi."

The report had appeared in the official Nazi paper "Volkischer Beobachter."—Reuter.

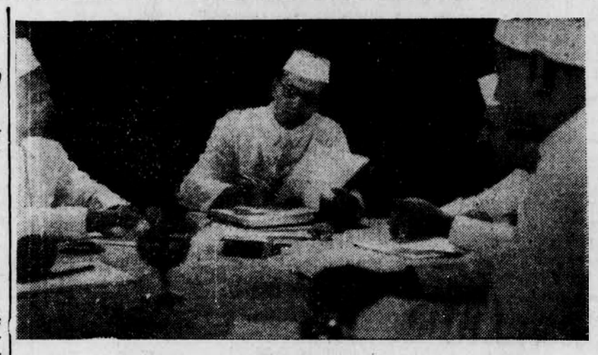
BRITISH THREAT TO ITALY.

LONDON, July 23.

It is understood that the non-intervention deadlock remains unsolved After three days' private discussions, disagreement regarding the procedure to be followed in the discussion of the British proposals appears to be as acute as ever.

As the deadlock persists, British circles find it difficult to agree that the question of procedure should be made the cause of delay and would welcome a more substantial reason for Italy's attitude or an Italian compromise procedure.

If Italy does neither it is pointed out that there will be grounds for concluding that Italy does not share the British desire for speed and the British Government may then feel obliged to abandon the proposals to adopt a new attitude towards the non-intervention issue.—Reuter.



The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, and other members of the Bombay Cabinet were filmed at the Prabhat Studios, Poona, when they visited the studios last week. The film has been named "New Era in Bombay Presidency".

NORTH CHINA'S SURRENDER

Japanese War Office Says Local Authorities Have Yielded To Demands

NO NEWS AT NANKING

LONDON: July 23.

North China authorities have yielded to the Japanese demands according to a Japanese War Office communique, which states that the terms include that all the Chinese officials obnoxious to Japan will be removed, anti-Japanese agitation will be suppressed and Chinese school books will be censored by the Japanese.

Nanking is completely in the dark, General Sung Cheh Yuan having sent no information regarding the reported agreement. Officials at Nanking declare that, if the terms are as reported, acceptance is impossible.—Reuter.

REFUSAL TO WITHDRAW

PEIPING: July 23.

While the majority of the 37th Division are withdrawing, a defiant handful of men continue to hold Wanping and the Marcopolo Bridge, declaring that they will not withdraw until the Japanese withdraw to Fengtai. Consequently the Japanese front line has been reinforced and a further clash is feared.—Reuter.

HAS NANKING ACCEPTED IT?

TOKIO, July 23.

A foreign Office spokesman replying to a question said that they had not received official confirmation of Japanese report that Nanking had accepted the local settlement in North China.—Reuter.

WARNING TO NEWSPAPERS

SINGAPORE, July 23.

A repercussion of the North China trouble occurred here when Japanese fishermen were attacked and stripped by a score of Chinese and Japanese school girls were manhandled by Chinese youths.

The Government has issued a firm warning that in the event of hostilities in North China it will not hesitate to use its full powers against trouble-makers, advising editors of Chinese and Japanese newspapers to comment on affairs with restraint, and announcing that organised collections of money for military purposes by either side will not be tolerated.—Reuter.

LID OVER PEIPING AGREEMENT TERMS

Nanking Govt. Troops Ready For Emergency

SHANGHAI, July 23.

The Nanking Government is still holding troops ready for any emergency in view of the ignorance of the nature of the terms of the agreement concluded by Chinese and Japanese authorities in Peiping.

The feeling is growing that General Sung Shehyuan, the Commander of the twenty-ninth army, has double crossed Nanking, especially as General Sung refused to inform the Central Government of the terms of the Agreement.—Reuter.

DEFENCE TAX ON GERMANS

But Hitler Exempts Those Living Abroad

BERLIN, July 23.

Herr Hitler has decided to impose Special Defence Tax on all able-bodied Germans unconscripted for active service, whose income exceeds 52 marks monthly (£4).

Germans living abroad or persons disabled in either labour or military service are exempted.

The tax comes into force on September.—Reuter.

BASED ON INCOMETAX

The first classes, liable for the Defence Tax are those born between 1914 and 1916. The liability for payment will expire on a taxpayer attaining 45. The tax will be based on income and will be deductable from the wages. In the first two years, the tax will be 50 per cent of the incometax; in the following years it will be 6 per cent.

A Minimum Defence Tax will apply to people paying little or no incometax. This will be four per cent of the wages in the first two years and 1/200 per cent in the rest of the period.

The two years' high taxation is intended to correspond to the two years of active service The explanation of the decree is that the tax is intended to compensate the citizens compelled to interrupt their careers because they are drafted for active military service, while those not serving will be able to train uninterruptedly.—Reuter.

DEFENCE TRAINING FOR MERCHANT NAVY

LONDON, July 23.

A plan to train officers of the Merchant Navy in defence measures was announced by Capt. Euan Wallace in a speech at Southampton.

The scheme will be voluntary and include instruction in convoy work, anti-submarine measures, protection against mines, anti-gas measures and gun drill, for which instructional centres will be opened at the principal ports of Great Britain.—Reuter.

T. U. C. Official For Mediation

LUCKNOW: July 23.

Mr. B. N. Mukherjee, a Congress member of the U.P. Assembly and Secretary of the U. P. Provincial Trade Union Congress, proceeded to-day to Cawnpore to mediate in the Juggilal Kamlapat Jute Mill Strike.—United Press.

Muslim Leaguers Sign Congress Pledge

TIDE TURNS IN U. P.

Sir Wazir Hassan's Plea For Unity For Achievement Of Independence

LUCKNOW, July 23.

Startling developments took place to-day in the politics of the Muslim League in U. P.

LEAGUERS JOIN CONGRESS

Three of its members in the U. P. Assembly in the course of a Press statement, denounced the activities of the League, seceded from the Party and joined the Congress Party after signing its pledge.

Three other Independent Muslims also have joined the Congress Party in the U. P. Assembly, thus bringing its strength to 141.

ANOTHER MUSLIM MINISTER

The formation of the Ministry in U. P. is also almost complete. It is reliably understood that Mr. Mohamed Ibrahim, who had recently joined the Congress Party, will be appointed as another Muslim Minister in the Cabinet.

An announcement, which was to be made this evening in this connection, has been postponed till to-morrow when Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will be arriving here from Allahabad.—United Press.

An Associated Press" message says:—

Four members of the Muslim League Party joined the Congress Party to-day and signed the Congress Pledge.

This raises the Congress strength to 139. A few more are expected to join the Congress.—A. P.

ABUL KALAM'S STATEMENT WELCOMED

BOMBAY: Friday.

The following statement has been issued:—

We have read the statement issued by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad regarding Muslims and the Bombay Cabinet and we welcome the decision to which he and the Congress authorities have arrived at in adding one more Muslim member to the personnel of the Cabinet with a view to respect and meet Muslim feelings in this matter.

We have no doubt this conciliatory gesture made by the Congress authorities will be appreciated by our co-religionists in the same spirit in which it has been made and we feel it will pave the way for the better co-operation of the Muslims with the Congress Party in the Legislature in carrying out measures promoting the common welfare of all communities through work in the Bombay Legislature.

While we hold that the Congress should facilitate the inclusion of a member of the Muslim League in the Bombay Cabinet, by not desiring on the signing of a pledge, we trust that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and his colleagues will select as the other Muslim Minister one who by his ability and status in public life, commands the respect of the Muslim community.

The above statement is signed by the following:—

Abid H. Doctor, B.A., Goolamabbas A. Dalal, M.A., Jafferali Karmali Hubhuani, Shaikh Hasan B.A., S.T.C., Seth Haji Fatehmahomed Jooma, Haroonbhoy Hosseinbhoy Lalljee, Noormahomed Ebrahim Patnee, H. M. Essack, M. B. Hussain, M.A., B.Sc., S.A. Kajiji, Enayat M. Rasul, M.M. Motiwala, B.Com., Seth Haji Cassum

(Continued on page 7, Column 4.)

Big Slump In New York Cotton

BOMBAY: July 23. (After midnight).

The New York Cotton Market has been in a nervous state for the last few days. The continuance of favourable weather and consequent hope of bumper crop are the chief causes of the sagging tendency witnessed in the New York Cotton Market since Wednesday, July 14. The price declined by more than 1 cent from 12.47 to 11.30 for October delivery within a short period.

There was a big slump of 34 pts. to-day from 11.64 to 11.30 on account of heavy liquidation influenced by continued good weather reports.

WEAKNESS IN LOCAL MARKET.

The local Market was also weak in sympathy with New York. Broach Cotton for April-May had been quoted at Rs. 229 a few days ago, but was dealt in at Rs. 217 this morning and is expected to open at Rs. 211 on Saturday, July 24.

GOVT.'S 'NO' TO LANCASHIRE

LONDON, July 23.

The Government were unable to recommend to Parliament the schemes already submitted by the Calico Printing and Piece-Dyeing sections of the Lancashire cotton industry stated Mr. Oliver Stanley in reply to a deputation of fifty representatives of the industry, in regard to the industry's request for legal powers to carry out internal re-organisation, but he was prepared to explore sympathetically any suggestions.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately an experienced middle aged Lady Doctor M.B.B.S. for a State in Central India, stating minimum salary acceptable. Apply sharp to Box No. 8793, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Directors for a prospering business. Handsome remuneration. Little investment essential. Apply Box 8783, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Tutor to coach a B. A. Lady Student, English and Sanskrit. English Lady preferred for coaching English. Apply stating terms, etc., Box No. 8780, "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited for three appointments as Temporary Forest Surveyors on the scale of Rs. 30—1—40. Men of proved marked ability will eventually be eligible for permanent pensionable appointments in the same grade. The candidates should possess a diploma in plane surveying of any recognised Engineering Institution in India and should be good draughtsmen. The applicants may be called for personal interview at Thana at their own expense. No travelling allowance of any kind will be allowed. Applications should be addressed to the Divisional Forest Officer, West Thana, Thana (G. I. P. Railway) before 9th August, 1937. (5831)

Wanted Secretary, pay Rs. 70-2|1-100. Candidates should be B.A. or B.A. with G.D.A. or B.Com. or any other degree of the Bombay or any other recognised University qualifications or a L.S.G.D. Should know Kanarese thoroughly well. Will be on probation for two years. During probation should pass such examination as Government or Local Self-Government Institute or this Municipality may prescribe. Security of Rs. 1,000 required. One with previous office experience preferred. Apply to Chief Officer, Dharwar Municipality, to reach on or before 10th August, 1937. (5827)

Wanted educated and experienced canvassers for India's finest Moghul Durries. Highest rate of commission offered in the durrie line. Moghul durries are patronized and sold by the Govt. of U. P. Arts & Crafts Deptt. and scores of agents are working in the presidencies. A decent income is assured. A small security will be necessary for samples, etc. Apply stating experience: B. Das & Co., Moghul Durrie Manufacturers, Aligarh, U. P. (8748)

Wanted—Manager for some branches to be opened in Bombay Presidency on Rs. 100 p.m. to start. Reply to: Eastern National Bank Ltd., (B), Post Box No. 10009 Calcutta. (5283)

Wanted (1) An experienced Lady Professor to teach English to the degree classes. (2) A Lady, B.A. B.T., strong in Mathematics to teach the high classes. Applications stating minimum salary acceptable should reach the Principal, Mahila Maha Vidyalaya, Multan Road, Lahore, by the 15th August, 1937, at the latest. (5869)

Wanted candidates to qualify as Engineers: Overseers through Postal training. Apply:—British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (8617)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Applicants for the Free Adlets for the Jobless are requested to write their applications on one side of the paper only. Such free Adlets will only be inserted as and when space can be available in the "Bombay Chronicle" or in the "Bombay Samachar." Applications for Free Adlets sent with any kind of conditional requests will be rejected. All such free Adlets will be inserted under Heading No. 56 with the Adletisers' full name and detailed address. Those who do not wish this type of free publicity are requested to send their Adlets under the paid Columns. (101)

Ramniklal Shantilal, C|o Baburao Patil, Shop No. 17, Mustafa Market, Near Kharakoova, Zavery Bazaar, Now Unemployed, wishes to be employed as a Fitter, Mechanic, Teacher, Clerk or for any similar job. Willing to go in the Mofussil. (101—42)

Cooverji Khimji, Nursey Old House, First Floor, Dana Bunder, Bombay 9, Now Unemployed, wishes to work as a rent collector or Garden Superviser. Experienced in Film Line also. (102—24)

Shivlal Motilal Bhavsar, Saraswati Building, Fourth Floor, Kalbadevi, Bombay 2, Now Unemployed, is willing to work in a Cloth Shop. Very much experienced in Cloth Market. Can arrange for Security if Bill Collector's job is given. (103—3)

K. P. Parmar, 94 Sadashiv Peth, Poona City, Now Unemployed, seeks job of a Canvasser or of a clerk anywhere in India on lowest possible wages. Promises to be a very willing worker. (104—35)

62. TO BE LET

Habib Terrace, Suparibag Road, Opposite Laxmi Cinema, westerly facing, double rooms, independent balcony, electric light and water-taps. Rent Rs. 17, for vegetarians only. Apply on premises. (8773)

Hornby Building, 174, Hornby Road, above Abdoola Company, rooms for office, Club, with lift. Rent 30 to 60. Apply Cassinath's Office, 19, Bastion Road, 'Phone, 20357. (8631)

68. FLATS TO LET

Flat to let for Hindus: Hall, two bed-rooms, with bath rooms and a kitchen. Grant Road West, Nana's Chawk, next to Shastri Hall, Jaifalwadi, Dongre Mansion. Apply within. (8788)

80. GODOWNS TO LET

To Let. Godown at Bakehouse Lane, Near Forbes Street, Fort. See Doongursee and Sons, C|o Messrs David Sassoon Office, 59, Forbes Street, Fort. (8779)

145. SCHOOLS (LOCAL)

Senior Cambridge Institute. All Matric failed lose not this chance. Appear for December Cambridge examination. Last date is the 10th of July. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, Sirdar High School premises, 13th Lane, Khetwadi Back Road. (5465)

251. INSURANCE AGENTS

Wanted influential hardworking Life Insurance Organisers on very reasonable terms for a Bonus paying and established Life Office for each district in the Province of U. P., C. P., Berar and Punjab. Head Office Manager touring in August and September for personal interviews. Apply to: The Asiatic Assurance Co., Ltd., Asian Building, Bombay. (5872)

256. CHAUFFEURS

Experienced driver mechanic all model automobiles seeks touring position. Please write Box No. 8746, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Agents Salary Rs. 100 plus 50 travelling allowances to push sales of Hosiery and other useful articles of Ludhiana. Apply for terms Seth S. R. Sham Lal and Co. (Regd.) Ludhiana. (5879)

345. COMMERCIAL TRAINING

Successful Careers as Accountants, Bank Officers, Companies Secretaries, Stenographers, Alexandra College of Commerce (Established 1905) offers sound training (oral postal) in these courses. Success guaranteed. York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (8789)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Khar—A newly built magnificent modern ground floor Cottage with tiled terrace for sale. Plot area 720 square yards. Price Rs. 10,500 net. Apply P. J. A. de Menezes, 65, Yusoof Building, Mangaldas Road, Bombay, No. 2. (8768)

363. FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS

Finance, Arranged on very low interest, long, repayment terms and attractive, conditions. Box No. 8776, "Bombay Chronicle".

387. TYPEWRITERS

Wanted a secondhand Portable Remington Typewriter, in good condition. Apply with particulars of cost to Box 8791, "Bombay Chronicle".

420. ELECTRICAL MACHINERY

Wanted one electric Generator Diesel driven 65 volts, 15 K.W. New or old. Apply Box No. 8792, "Bombay Chronicle".

466. NURSERIES & SEEDSMEN

Fruit, flower, ..ornamental plants prepared on large scale, supplied reasonable rates. Catalogue free: Dilkhus Nursery, Vyara. (8722)

549. FURNITURE FOR SALE

Gujarat Furniture Works "Quality Furniture" in modern style. Showroom and Factory Girgaum, Bombay. Phone 25498. (8634)

659. SECONDHAND WANTED

Wanted. Secondhand Phillips portable projectors, also Soundheads, Stands, Amplifiers for Simplex Projectors. Bose, 28, Wellesly Street, Calcutta. (8785)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements. Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

We have this day REMOVED our Office to Yusuf Building, 3rd Floor, Esplanade Road.

Dated 24th July, 1937.

MALVI RANCHODDAS & CO.,
Solicitors, High Court.

5877.

Public Notices.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE OFFICE of MESSRS. SHAPOORJEE N. CHANDABHOY & CO., Architects, etc., will be SHIFTED to "GUSTAD CHAMBERS" Sir Pherozeshaw Mehta Road, Fort, on and from 26th July, 1937.

5878.

RE: THE JAMNADAS NURSEY GINNING & PRESSING CO., LTD. (In Liquidation).

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to give a Lease or Leases for working the following Ginning & Pressing Factories for the current season. Tenders are invited for the purpose, which should be submitted to the undersigned on or before the 16th day of August, 1937 at his Office Manekji Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. All Lessees will be required to pay half the rent in advance and the other half within three months from the commencement of the Lease. Intending Lessees will be required to give cash security for the due performance of the terms of the Lease. The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

BERAR.—Darwha (Yeotmal) One Ginning and one Pressing Factory.
Digras (Yeotmal) Two Ginning and one Pressing Factories.
Wun (Yeotmal) Two Ginning and two Pressing Factories.
Warud (Amraoti) Three Ginning and one Pressing Factories.
Morsi (Amraoti) One Ginning Factory.
Murtazapur (Amraoti) One Ginning and one Pressing Factory.

CENTRAL PROVINCES: Warora (Chanda) One Ginning Factory.

GUJARAT: Kalidia. One Ginning Factory.
Tankhala. One Ginning Factory.

EAST AFRICA: Kibukoo. One Ginning and one Pressing Factory.
Gayaza. One Ginning and one Pressing Factory.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1937.

K. M. TALEYARKHAN,
Official Liquidator.

5853.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1167 of 1933.

ABDUL GANI HAJI ABDULLA and another ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
TAR MAHOMED HAJI MAHOMED and Others ... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Consent Decree and Decretal Order of Reference dated 9th December, 1936, the following two leasehold immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in two lots by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 28th July, 1937, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

LOT NO. I.—All that piece of leasehold land, admeasuring 600 square yards or thereabouts situate and being Plot No. 27 of the Sandhurst Road (East) Estate of the Improvement Trust of Bombay, bearing New Survey Nos. 4609 to 4612 part and Cadastral Survey No. 3597, Bhuleshvar Division together with the building thereon and bearing Municipal "G" Ward Nos. 8064-8065, 8066-8067 and 8068 and Street Nos. 355-356-360-362 - 364 - 366- 368 - 370 372-374-376-378-380 and 382.

LOT NO. II.—ALL that piece of Leasehold land, containing an area of 820 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and bearing Plots Nos. 4 and 5 of the Sydenham Road Estate of the Improvement Trust of Bombay bearing New Survey Nos. 3042-3041 and Cadastral Survey No. 4/1288 and 5/1288 Mandvi Division together with the building thereon and bearing Municipal "B" Ward Nos. 2222, 2223, 2224, 2220, 2221 Street No. 157-159, 1-25 25A, 147-158.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. CAPTAIN AND VAIDYA, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs above named at No. 121, Esplanade Road Fort Bombay.

Dated this 7th day of June, 1937.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.

5803.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of KALLIANJI PREMJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Mistry, in R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, residing at Old Modykhana Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased

BHANABHAI VITHALDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Maruti Lane, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness CECIL PATRICK BLACKWELL, Esquire Acting, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 19th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 19th day of July, 1937.
MESSRS. HARIDAS & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

5880.

Auction Sales.

GANDHI & Co.

Government Auctioneers.

SALE THIS DAY

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT PAREL VILLAGE.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions of Messrs. Dabholkar & Jestaram Attorneys for Bai Sundarabai widow of Nanabhai Raghunath Purav and others trustees of the Deeds of Settlement dated the 8th day of July 1915 and dated the 4th day of November 1920 and in pursuance of the directions contained in the Consent Judge's Order dated 14th day of December, 1936, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immovable property THIS DAY (SATURDAY), the 24th day of July, 1937, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece or Tika land of Toka Tenure with house situate at Parel Village, admeasuring 451 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of Collector under New No. 12-13|14460, New Survey No. 1|88 and A|86, Cadastral Survey No. 378 of Parel Sewri Division and in the books of Collector of Municipality under F Ward No. 2557 (1-2) and street No. 28A and bounded on the East by Parel Village Road, on the West by property of Narayan Dadarkar, on the North by the properties of Sadanand Balkrishna Parulekar and Janardhan Ranchod and on the South by Public passage.

For further particulars of sale, please apply to Messrs. Dabholkar & Jestaram, Attorneys for the Vendors, at No. 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES AND FERROUS SCRAP AT G. I. P. RLY., BRANCH STORES, SUB DEPOT, JHANSI.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Rly. (Bombay), sell by Public Auction the undermentioned scrap material, at the above place, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th August, 1937, at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) (at which time the conditions of sale will be read):—

Drums, Barrels, Paint kegs, Bulbs, Battery fuse, light Scrap files, Brass lotas, Keys, Chains, Sheets, Pipes, Rubber scrap, Glass scrap, Leather scrap, Pipes, Wheels, Springs, Pulleys, Packing cases, Planks, Cupboards, Benches, Stools, Bottom boards, Tanks, Angles, Buffer plungers, Drawbars, Gas holders, Slabs, Wire, Wheels, Axles, Rails, Steel sleepers, Pots, Jaws, bolts and nuts, Timber, etc., etc.

TERMS:—10 per cent deposit per lot will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales.

BENNETT & Co

AUCTION SALE OF FERROUS AND TEAKWOOD SCRAP AT G. I. P. RAILWAY HAJI BUNDER DEPOT, BOMBAY.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO., Auctioneers, will under instructions from the Controller of Stores, G.I. P. Railway, Bombay, sell by public Auction, at Haji Bunder Depot, on Monday, the 26th July, 1937, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) large lots of ferrous and teakwood scrap, including springs, engine blocks, fire bars, steel types fittings, bolts, draw bars, engine frame plates, boiler pieces engine tanks, wagon body plates, wagon underframes, coupling screws, gas holders, buffer plungers, brake blocks, fire bars, steel tyres, wheels, centres, skeleton wheels, steel tubes, cast iron chairs, casting bolts and nuts, spikes, screws, fish plate, keys coiled, steel slippers, iron sheets, loco and non-loco boilers, wagon bodies, cuttings and punchings, steel rails, double headed shaping and drilling machines scrap wooden sleepers, teakwood, C. I. parts of furnace C. I. chairs, corrugated sheets, iron scrap, Girders, steel keys, and sleepers, Tramway rails, frames, top wagons, etc., etc.,

N. B.—A deposit of 10 per cent. in cash on each lot will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE belonging to Mr. E. A. Pugh, advertised to take place to-morrow the 25th has been ADJOURNED to 29th instant.

BENNETT & CO.

D. MISTRY & Co.

Auction sale to-day at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Stock-in-Trade and Factory of Lesmyrs Surgical Works by order of the party concerned comprising Electric Motors 2 and 4 H. P., Spray Painting Machine, Dynamo, Chrome Plating Solution, Nicol Plating Vat with Solution, Buffing and Drilling Machine, Vices, about 1000 feet Steel Tubing, Workshop Tools, Compressors, Shaftings, Couplings, Pulleys, Show Cases, Invalid's Chair, Surgical Instruments, etc. To-day (Saturday), the 24th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 20 Allana Mansions, Lamington Road, opp. Adams Wylie Hospital, near Lalchimney. On view. D. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers, Tel. No. 22801

PRABHAT

presents

The New Congress Ministry of Bombay Presidency

in their latest Congress Topical

"THE NEW ERA IN BOMBAY PRESIDENCY"

now being shown with

TUKARAM

Prabhat's Most Popular Talkie hit. . . .

In this topical, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier has given a glorious message to the masses . . . . .

TUKARAM

IN ITS

33rd GLORIOUS WEEK

AT

CENTRAL

TALKIES: Girgaum Naka.

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

Matinee at 2-30 p.m.
On Sat., Sun., and Holidays

SPECIAL MATINEE FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN on WEDNESDAYS AT 2-30 p.m.

THE EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

"SADHWEE MIRABAI" the talkie version of our famous drama AMRITSIDHEE will be soon presented on the silver screen.

Under the patronage of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

at

BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE

SUNDAY the 25th July AT 3-30 P.M.

SOUBHADRA

This play will not be staged here again.

Booking at the theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

The Company is going to stay here up to the end of July 1937 only.

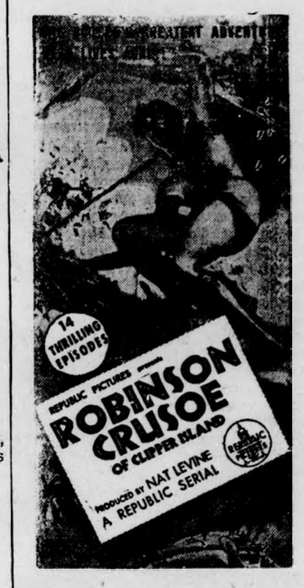
PLAZA

(Foot of Tilak Bridge, Dadar)
Presents
BRAND NEW COPY OF

BEN-HUR

The greatest dramatic film by M.-G.-M. with SOUND
Starring
RAMON NOVARRO
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Matinee at 3-30 p.m. on Sat. Sun. and Holidays
CHARIOT RACE—SEA FIGHT

THE COMPLETE SERIAL OF 24 PARTS IN ONE WEEK!



By insistent public Demand we Screen the Whole Serial.

RESULT of the WRIST-WATCH COMPETITION Scheme is as Follows:—Upper Class No. 210, 1st Class No. 1235, 2nd Class No. 8954, 3rd Class No. 8731.

The Bearers of these Lucky Coupons can come to the Theatre during Show-time and select the WRIST-WATCH.

THE GLOBE

TALKIES ::: SANDHURST ROAD

NOTE the CHANGE in TIME:—Daily TWO Shows: 6-30 & 10 P.M. Matinee on Saturday, Sunday & Holidays at 3-30 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Baden-Powell Scout Movement

How It Can Be Completely Nationalised

Mr. B. H. Mehta, one of the conveners of the Bombay Presidency National Scout Movement Conference, writes:—

Certain officials of the Baden-Powell Movement, who are sincerely anxious for the continuance of the existing organisation, have been wanting to know as to what suitable changes are necessary to bring the movement on a line with the present national aspirations of the country.

It is not possible for me to give an answer to such a question. But if any scoutmasters or officials are inspired with a zeal to improve the present movement they may demand from the authorities the following conditions which may go to restore the confidence of the public in the Scout Movement:

1. Disaffiliation from the Imperial Head Quarters in London, and the removal of its official control over all sections of the Boy Scout Movement.

2. The executive and hierarchy of officials to be elected and made responsible to a representative body of Scouters, Rovers, and Associates of the Bombay Scout Movement.

3. Overhauling of the whole constitution governing the Provincial and Indian Head Quarters and the Local Associations.

4. Resignations of all the existing officials subject to their re-election.

5. The Promise, the Flag, the National Anthem and Uniform to be determined by a newly-elected Scout Executive.

6. Alteration of curricula, text books, and the training courses to suit Indian conditions.

7. All articles equipment and books for the use of the Indian Scout Movement to be manufactured or published in India.

8. The Indian Head Quarters must have direct relations with the International Head Quarters and not through the British Empire Representative as at present.

9. The Indian Movement to consider its relations with movements in other Dominions and parts of the Empire and with movements in other foreign countries in terms of equality and reciprocity.

10. The Indian Movement to be allowed to be separately recognised by Acts of the Indian Central and Provincial Legislatures.

11. When the Indian Scout Movement is so established then no Scout Troop or lone Scout to be allowed to affiliate directly or indirectly with Imperial Head Quarters.

I am sure the above terms will meet the approval of any reasonable self respecting Indian who has the interest of his country at heart and who realises the danger of external influences in a highly important institution of the country for the benefit of the young

The Bombay Presidency National Scout Movement Conference will be held at 6 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, to-day, when Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai will preside.

"Ashadhi Ekadashi" at Nasik: (Left) Palanquin procession of Kapaleshwari proceeding to Ram-Kund. (Right) Hindus taking a purificatory Bath in the Ram-Kund.

LINDBERGH'S LATEST

Secret Of Keeping Dead Organisms Alive

PARIS, (By Air Mail).

The famous airman, Colonel Lindbergh and Dr. Alexis Carrel, Nobel Prize-winner, are now engaged in the last stage of one of the most interesting experiments, which may reveal the secret of death in the lonely island of St Gildas on the Brittav Coast. The reason for the secrecy of the experiment is that both the scientists do not want the disappointment of failure. The machine to which both the scientists are now adding parts is supposed to build an artificial heart and thus keep organisms alive even when they are dead. The present aim of the research is to preserve the glands so that tissues may be brought back to life any time. The main development of this experiment, if it succeeds, may mean that an animal that has been apparently dead for years can be brought back to life in exactly the same condition it was in when life was suspended, for any period they desire and return to life at selected periods. One day, according to Dr. Carrel, human beings may have their animation suspended for any period they desire and return to life at selected periods.

The scientific world was startled some months ago when Colonel Lindbergh and Dr. Carrel demonstrated the artificial heart they had made. This heart enabled an organ taken alive from an animal to be kept alive long after the death of the owner. It acted just like a human heart, kept blood and other essentials coursing through the organ which was kept in a glass-like chamber. If this experiment succeeds, then the apparatus will be able to keep alive a brain after the animal it was taken from is dead.—United Press.

PROPHET'S DAY IN JAPAN

Muslims Give Dinner At Kobe Hotel

(From A Correspondent)

KOBE, May 30.

On Saturday May 22, all Muslim ladies and gentlemen had a dinner at the Tor Hotel, Kobe, for celebrating the birthday of the Prophet Mohamad. The Kobe Muslim Mosque was magnificently illuminated during the evening hours.

JAPANESE GLIDERS' CONTEST

Befitting the modern trend of aviation and public interest a contest of "All-Japan Gliders" was held on 23rd May. The Empire Aviation Society and the Japan Gliders' Federation joining hands in the promotion of the above event, the first of its kind met.

Ranasahib Mukhi B. Hotchand, from Hyderabad (Deccan) and one of the proprietors of Messrs. Hotchand Khemchand, paid a visit to the "Osaka Mainichi" and "Tokyo Nichi Nichi" publishing and printing plant at Osaka, Japan.

It seems he donated Rs. 100 for the excellent work the management is executing in publishing the Braille edition in addition to its English daily in Osaka, Kobe and Tokyo.

Two women delegates have been nominated to represent Japan in the coming Pan-Pacific Women's Conference to be held from July 12 to 22 at Vancouver, B. C. They are Mrs. Matsuoka, formerly the editor-in-chief of the English "Osaka Mainichi" and Mrs. Komai, wife of Dr. T. Komai of Kyoto University.

NAVY DAY

Grand Navy Day was observed all over Japan on May 27 recalling the Russo-Japanese War.

It being a National holiday several lecture meetings, Blue-jacket parades and demonstrations were held. The Fleet Admiral H. Togo and his meritorious services were the chief news reels in most of the evening theatres of metropolitan towns.

A flying-boat hit against a smoke stack killing five men on the spot. It was found later that the disaster occurred due to low flying in dense fog and rain at 12-20 p.m. (Japan time) on May 27. The machine belonged to the Japan Air Transport Research Institute at Ohama.

In an urgent and extraordinary meeting of the present Cabinet, the Ministers and the Premier, General Senjuro Hayashi decided to resign 'en bloc' on the eve of May 31. This being the 2nd fall of the Government Cabinets during some 4 months' time.

NEWS ABOUT CONGRESS

London Move For Indian Information Bureau

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

The London correspondent of the "United Press" writes:—

"The presence in London recently of important Congress leaders like Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. Akhil Chandra Dutta and Dr. B. C. Roy was taken advantage of by various groups of public men in England to discuss Indian problems.

"Now that the Congress has taken office, important men in England consider the time opportune for the creation of a properly-organised Information Bureau for mutual benefit. It will enable the Congress Government to be conversant with the views and developments in the British Parliament and the political circles in London. It will also make it possible for friends in England to take up cudgels for the Congress Party as against the Diehards.

"Such an organisation, it is expected, will have the support in India of the Congress Governments and in England, of M.P's and Peers, who take interest in the Indian developments".—United Press.

GRADING SCHEME FOR EGGS

Improved Marketing Facilities

The preliminary survey of marketing of eggs in India has indicated the desirability of effecting improvements in the existing wasteful methods of preparation, treatment and handling of eggs for market. In order to prevent the waste and to provide to the consuming public eggs of defined quality, the work of grading of eggs was started in India in November last under the control and guidance of the Agricultural marketing Adviser to the Government of India. Two grading stations have been started as an experimental measure in the heart of egg producing areas in close co-operation with the local egg merchants who have been supplying fresh eggs regularly for the purpose of grading. One of the stations is located at Pabbi in North-West Frontier Province and the other at Changannur, recently transferred from Kottarakara in Travancore State. 20 lakhs eggs have been graded at the two stations up to the middle of June.

HOW GRADING IS DONE.

The grading machines are first of their kind in India obtained from England. The machines are set to sort out eggs with unfailing accuracy according to the weight into four grades viz Special, A, B and C. The minimum weight for each grade is 1 7/8 oz. for special, and 1-3/4 oz. for A, 1½ oz. for B, and 1-1/4 oz. for C, as prescribed in the Grading and Marking (Eggs) Rules, 1937, framed under the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act I, 1937. Such eggs as do not conform to the specification given in the schedule appended with the Rules are rejected and returned to the merchant; since the basis of the scheme is that any one selling agricultural produce with grade designation will offer for sale the goods of the defined quality.

The experience gained so far has shown that there is an increasing demand for graded eggs, and it is hoped that their growing popularity will not only result in the achievement of aforesaid objects, but also lead to the expansion of egg trade generally.

Performance

depends not alone on the Engine, but also on the Chassis units by which engine power is converted into driving power.

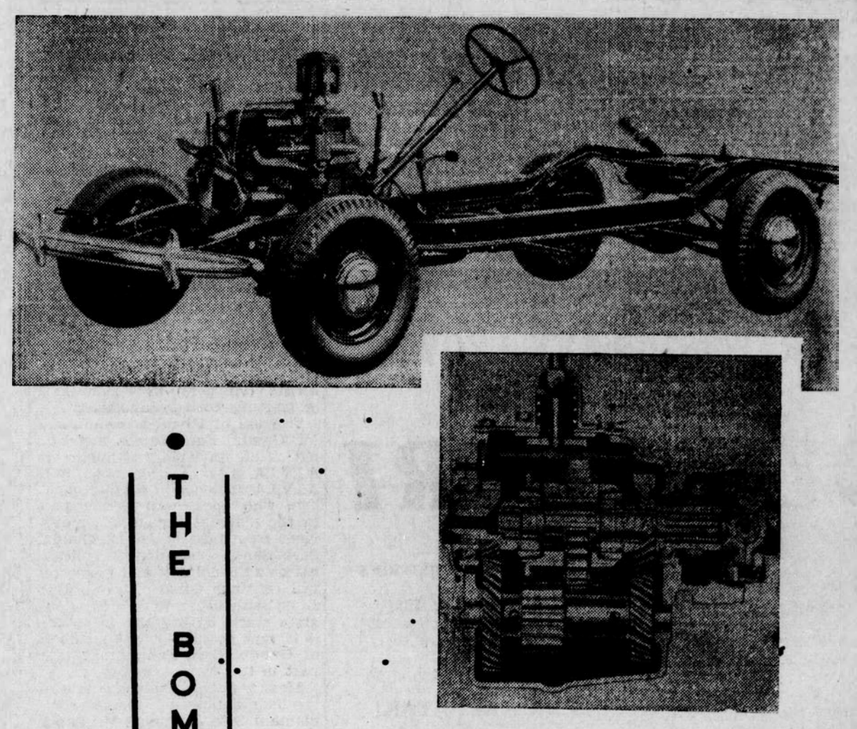
Chevrolet New High-Compression Valve-in-Head Engine.

More powerful, more spirited and the thrift king of its price class.

Chevrolet's New Bridge-Span Box-Girder Frame

provides greater strength and rigidity than does any other type of frame and forms the strongest foundation possible for the new all-steel bodies and chassis units.

Every Unit has been designed to give balanced Performance.



THE BOMBAY GARAGE

Chowpatty-Bombay

It is not enough to have a smooth powerful engine—the full performance capabilities of that engine must be easily controlled to give flashing road performance. This is what Chevrolet's Syncromesh Transmission does.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

A.M.

8-30 A Sarangi Recital. By Air Artists. 8-40 Talk (Hindustani): "Great Romances of India." Chandidas and Rani. By Dr. D. R. Prem. 8-55 Light Music. V. V. Deshmukh.

Noon.

12-0 Indian Recorded Music.

P.M.

1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. A Recorded Programme. 5-30 A Recital of South Indian Songs. On Violin and Veena. By Ranganayaki and Parthsarathi. 6-0 The News in Marathi 6-5 Kalaani and Surati. Srimati Parthasarathi. 6-15 Talk (Marathi): "On the Battlefield." Battle of Kharda. By Sumati Paigaonkar. 6-30 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. 7-30 Light Classical Music. Shrimatibai Narvekar. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "The Week in Sport." By "Raddy." 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Pianoforte Recital. By Sylvia Nunes. 10-0 Dance Interlude. 10-20 The Royal National Eisteddfod of Wales. A programme by some of the successful competitors of 1936.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

A.M.

7-0 Tambura Solo Jogia. By Ghulam Sabir. 7-10 Sachin Das of Calcutta. 7-40 Sarinda Solo. By Pazeer Khan. 7-50 B. S. Rawat. 8-10 Lali Bai Light Music. 8-40 The News. Hindustani). 8-50 The News (English).

P.M.

12-30 Indian Music. (Recorded). 6-30 Sur Bahar Solo By H. H. Chughtai. 6-40 Sachin Das of Calcutta. 7-10 Sarod Solo. Desh. 7-15 Lali Bai. Light Music. 7-30 Talk (Hindustani): "Famous Romances." No. 2. Sassi Punnu and Sohni Mehenwal. By Chirag Husain Hasrat. 7-45 "For Villagers Only". (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 8-0 p.m.) 8-30 Play (Hindustani): "Laton-ka-Bhut." By Sahibzada Mohammad Umar. (Performed by Air Artists). 9-15 The News and Weather Report. (Hindustani) 9-30 The News and Weather Report. (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "Talkers of their Times." No. 3. Dr. Johnson. By E. F. Hart. 10-0 Lali Bai. Naat. 10-15 "Sawan Bhadon" A Musical Variety Programme. Directed by "Musiqar."

SETH BAJAJ ON HIS DONATIONS

Further Hearing Of Defamation Case Against 'Sawadhan" Editor

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

Cross-examined in his defamation case against the Editor of "Sawadhan" Seth Jamnalal Bajaj said:

"The first sentence of the 1st column on page 2 there is defamation. The sentence that, myself, my wife and my son are the only owners of Bachhraj & Co. is false. The truth is that the Company belongs to other persons as well. If a thing is written through mistake it is called incorrect but when written knowingly it is false. The sentence 'Bachhraj & Co. 'Ha Yek Vakprachar Ahe' when read with the context means that Bachhraj & Co. is a bogus company.

DONATIONS OF Rs. ONE LAKH.

In the Nagpur Congress of 1920 I 'donated one 'lakh' of rupees, for helping pleaders 'who gave up their practice' for the service of their country.

In the sentence "that I became a pauper in national service" the writer has not extolled me but tried to lower me in public estimovables.)

It is incorrect to say that on account of my taking part in the national service myself and my family became penniless.

20 LAKHS ESTATE.

'In 1920 my estate was worth 20 Lakhs or even more.'

I have seen my Adsatta ('Balance sheet) of last year and it shows that my own property is worth about Rs. 15 or 16 Lakhs' (excluding that of my son and Mrs. Jankibai, who hold shares and movables.

GANDHI SEVA SANGH.

Gandhi Seva Sangh is a registered body. Its object is to 'serve the country by adhering to the creed of 'Truth and Ahimsa' one of its aims is to attain independence by 'constructive work.' Mr. Kishorilal Mashruwala is its President and Mr. Dhotre is its Secretary.

'I donated 2½ lakhs of rupees for this Sangh and started it.'

One of the conditions of membership of the Gandhi Seva Sangh is 'that a member should be a person who has already rendered some service to the country and must be able to' devote the whole time in the service of the Gandhi Seva Sangh Majority of the members of this Sangh have undergone imprisonment. Some of them are honorary members and some get allowance.

A. I. V. I. A.

All-India Village Industries Association has amongst 'its aims and objects' the uplift of agriculturists (villagers) by encouraging or starting 'cottage industries.'

The use of Khadi is compulsory for Gandhi Seva Sangh members but in all probability it applies to A.I.V.I.A. also. I am not sure A.I.V.I.A. includes in its fold members who have been taking part in the different political movement from 1920 on wards. 'Gandhi Seva Sangh has done political work and is doing it and I expect it will continue doing it in future along with other work.' If Congress starts Satyagraha in future, it is very possible that members of Gandhi Seva Sangh may take part in it.

Messrs. Salwe, Badkas and Karandikar appeared for the complainant Seth Jamnalal. Mr. Pande conducted cross-examination of the complainant.

The case has been adjourned to Aug. 13.

IT'S DRAWING HEAVY CROWDS

The Great Social Super

DUKHIARI

Directed by:

MANIBHAI VYAS

Music Direction By:—

ANIL BISWAS

(The Radio Star)

The soul-stirring tale of Divine Love—

NOW IN ITS

Make it a point to see this picture with your family.

DARYANI PRODUCTIONS

Social Talkie Hit

Starring

AMIR KARNATAKI

(The Radio Artiste and Columbia Star)

KOKILA

MADHUKAR GUPTE

LEELA

SHIVDASANI

KIRPALANI

OMKAR

& Others.

2ND GLORIOUS WEEK

at

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m. Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays

CLOSE WIN FOR "ST. MAGNUS"

"Inchkeith" And "Pricket" Secure Place In Summer Cup At Liverpool

LONDON, July 23.

Liverpool Summer Cup run at Liverpool over distance of one mile two furlongs resulted:—

ST. MAGNUS (Perryman) I
INCHKEITH (Nevett) II
PRICKET (Weston) III

Eight ran. Won by head. Three lengths separated second and third. Winner was trained by College Leader.

Starting prices:—eight/one St Magnus, nine/four Inchkeith, and seven/one Pricket.—Reuter's Special.

DAVIS CUP

Challenge Round Draw

LONDON, July 23.

The draw for the Challenge Round of the Davis Cup is:—

On SATURDAY: Austin (Great Britain) vs. Parker (United States) Hare vs. Budge.

On MONDAY: Tuckey and Wilde vs. Budge and Mako.

On TUESDAY: Hare vs. Parker and Austin vs. Budge.—Reuter.

DRAW FOR ROVERS CUP ON NEXT SUNDAY

The Hon. Publicity Officer, W.I.F.A. writes:—

As the Harwood League has now finished, and the next tournament does not begin until Monday, July 26th, we are sending no Football Notes this week. We greatly appreciate the co-operation that all papers have given us, and feel that it is unfair to send along notes merely to fill up space when there is nothing of real importance to write about.

However, the draw for the Rovers Cup will take place on Sunday next, July 25th, and copies of the draw will be sent to all newspapers on Monday, July 26th.

Thereafter the usual weekly notes will be resumed, and either the Hon. Sec. or the Publicity Officer will always be pleased to give any information or answer any questions about the Rovers tourney and its progress.

We shall also be pleased to welcome Sports Editors to the matches.

PT. MALAVIYA FOR HARIDWAR

DEHRADUN, July 20. (By Mail).

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya left for Haridwar last night en route to Benares. Panditji arrived here yesterday from Mussoorie and after a few hours stay in Dehra Dun he left for Haridwar.

It is understood that at Haridwar the leading sanatanists and the representatives of the Gangha Sabha will meet Panditji and will lay before him the grievances of the Hindu public in general and draw his attention to the controversy which is going on these days between the Haridwar municipality and the Gangha Sabha in respect of the recitation of prayers at the Hari-ki-pairi by the Hindus.

Panditji will leave Haridwar for Benares to-night.—A. P.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

United States Of America's Bold Bid For Davis Cup

(By "LOOKER ON")

Contrary to expectations, the contest between the United States of America and Germany in the Inter-Zone final of the Davis Cup proved quite an interesting and exciting affair. G. von Cramm and H. Henkel put up such a grand fight that the Americans just managed to scrape through—almost by the skin of their teeth.

On the first day, the honours were divided in the two Singles matches. Budge disposed of Henkel at the expense of six games in all, while von Cramm eliminated Bryan Grant in three straight sets.

The second day saw the Americans leading by the odd match in three. Although the German pair, von Cramm and Henkel, put up a stout resistance, they found the whirlwind campaign of the world champions Donald Budge and Gene Mako, too overpowering in the end. The score of 4—6, 7—5, 8—6 and 6—4 shows how keenly they wrestled with their opponents.

VON CRAMM'S GALLANT FIGHT

On the final day, Henkel emulated the example of his leader in conquering Grant in a four-set battle. Encouraged by his colleagues success, von Cramm fought gallantly against his Wimbledon victor—so much so that he annexed the first two sets in the fourteenth and twelfth game. Then the American marshalled his forces with considerable effect to win the next two sets at the expense of six games. The German was not however to give in so easily. In the decider he waged a mighty war against the American who had to use all his skill and intelligence to vanquish his opponent at the end of fourteen games.

Von Cramm and Henkel deserve high praise for their plucky and resourceful fights.

ENGLAND'S POOR CHANCES

America will now meet England in the challenge round. In the absence of F. J. Perry, it is hardly likely that Austin and Co., would be able to extend the Americans to an appreciable degree. Chances are that Austin will overpower Grant. But the latter may be relied upon to outbid England's second string whoever he may be. It is in the doubles England will centre her hopes. It remains to be seen how far that will succeed. With Donald Budge in the form that he is, it appears more than certain that he will carry the day and the Cup with it.

GERMAN TEAM'S VISIT

In view of the above performances von Cramm and Henkel,—in addition to their previous achievements of course—the news of their visit to this country in February next makes interesting reading. It has been broadcast from Calcutta that they will participate in an exhibition tournament there in that month. I should not be at all surprised if Bombay also invites them to play in the Western India Championships. I am sure tennis fans in India would love to see these tennis masters in action.

But isn't it too much of a good thing? The A.I.L.T.A. have already decided to entertain Tilden's team. And that will cost a good bit of money. Why then invite another team in the same season? Who will bear its cost? Poor India can hardly afford to spend so much money on mere 'tamashas'. It is high time the A.I.L.T.A. made up its mind definitely whether they should engage their attention in developing Indian tennis or in entertaining foreign teams for the mere satisfaction of providing good shows.

INTERNATIONAL TENNIS CLUB.

It has been definitely announced that the headquarters of the International Tennis Club of India which was inaugurated last year, will be stationed in Bombay. Negotiations are said to have been completed with the Cricket Club of India for locating the International Club in its premises. This means that Bombay will have greater importance in Indian tennis than she had before. All lovers of tennis in this City will cordially welcome this move.

I only hope that the promoters will avoid the mistake of making it a high-brow affair. That will cut at the root of their main object, which is declared to be the development of Indian tennis. A Sub-Committee has already been appointed, it is said, to take measures in engaging professional coaches to train our promising players. I wonder if this Club also intends to celebrate their opening in Bombay with a visit of the German team—just as the Cricket Club of India is going to do with Lord Tennyson's team—as I am reliably informed, the courts of the C.C.I. will be quite ready by then.

THE STADIUM AGAIN!

The Hon. Secretary of the Cricket Club of India, A. S. de Mello, has come to Bombay, I understand, to complete the arrangements in connection with the affairs of the Club. The first thing that the public has been told is about the allocation of seats in the Stadium to the four main Gymkhanas. In order to avoid the accusation of partisanship or favouritism, lots were drawn for the purpose. The Islam Gymkhana has secured the first block next to the Club House on the Western Side, then come the Parsi, Hindu and European Gymkhanas along the same line up to the North-West Corner. These will be permanent billets of these Gymkhanas

I have just learnt, however, that the Hindu Gymkhana's protest against the revocation of the previous allocation of seats which was arrived at by mutual consent between the representatives of the four Gymkhanas and the Committee of the Cricket Club of India is still pending. The President of the Hindu Gymkhana, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, insists that there was any necessity for a change, this should have been done in consultation with his Gymkhana—and not behind their backs. I hope, this tangle will be solved soon in the best interests of Bombay's cricket.

SECOND TEST MATCH.

In view of the very creditable show put up by the New Zealanders in the first Test match against England, interest in their Second Test, which begins to-day at Manchester, has increased a good deal. The fact that these matches are of three days' duration only, makes the possibility of decisive results rather uncertain There is no doubt about the superiority of the Home team in every department of the game. The question is of getting the other side out twice within this period and themselves collecting a total beyond their opponents' output.

On the last occasion England had put on a fairly big score in the first innings. Had they succeeded in forcing a follow-on, the New Zealanders would have suffered a defeat. Failing that they stayed too long at the wickets in the second innings to throw their opponents out in time. Credit certainly goes to the tourists for their plucky fight.

England has now selected four new players—J. Smith (Middlesex), Goddard, Brown and Wellard in places of Voce, Verity and Gover who did not prove as destructive as they were expected. The next few days will show how this new combination fares against the visitors.

WHEN WOMEN SEEK MEN'S ADVICE

England's Woman Test Player Interviewed

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

One of the few subjects on which women will accept the advice of men is cricket.

"The men are very helpful and are not at all shy about giving us tips about the finer points of the game—which are very acceptable", said Miss Betty Archdale, one of the England Women's Test Team, which met an Australian side at the Oval on Saturday, July 10, in the Third Test Match of the present series.

Miss Archdale, besides being cricket conscious, manages to be an efficient Secretary to Miss Ellen Wilkinson, M. P.; she was recently called to the Bar. She does not like the suggestions that women cricketers must be Amazons. "We are just ordinary healthy English girls, who like cricket in the summer to balance lacrosse or hockey in the winter", she said. "We hardly ever get a chance to practise together as a team. Our only practice is with the different clubs and teams to which we belong", she added.

These girls (average age 26) do not have a too strenuous life. Their county matches are only half day affairs, and they only play four a season. With another big match and a few club matches that just about completes their schedule. There is only one married woman in the English team, Mrs. Davis, who represent Middlesex.

Monsoon Begins In Sind

KARACHI, July 23.

After continuous drought of several years the monsoon has burst in Karachi this year. It is raining intermittently for the last three days. The desert areas of Thar where signs of famine were in evidence, are feeling considerable relief.

The Karachi Municipal authorities are jubilant as they think th's year's rain will ensure the water supply of the city for at least a few years.—United Press.

NEW PULLMAN R GRAPHITED MOTOR OIL SAVES UP TO 30% OIL 15% GAS

Pullman R Graphited Motor Oil, was developed by the Pullman Research Staff who have been responsible for some of the outstanding achievements in the lubricating field for the past fifty years.

REDUCES FRICTION, HEAT AND DRAG

The use of Pullman R Graphited Motor Oil greatly reduces friction drag and friction heat and improves compression so that power usually lost through these sources is saved. Because of more efficient operation, and less wear on bearing surfaces, etc., lower gasoline and oil consumption results. Car owners report that after using Pullman R Graphited Motor Oil for a few days the gasoline supply can be reduced by adjusting the carburetor.

CUTS REPAIR BILLS

Motor wear is caused by friction and friction heat. With a film of graphite deposited by Pullman R Motor Oil, friction is greatly reduced. This lubricating film prevents metal to metal contact which causes motor clearances and permits vibration resulting in expensive motor repairs.

Nothing can prescribe your motor's lubrication requirements with the same exactness as the speedometer. Not only does it tell you when to change oil but it also indicates the most suitable grade of motor oil needed for efficient lubrication.

INCREASED MOTOR CLEARANCES DEMAND HEAVIER MOTOR OIL

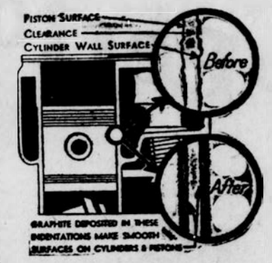
BELOW: A magnified view of increased clearances between piston and cylinder walls at various mileage points.

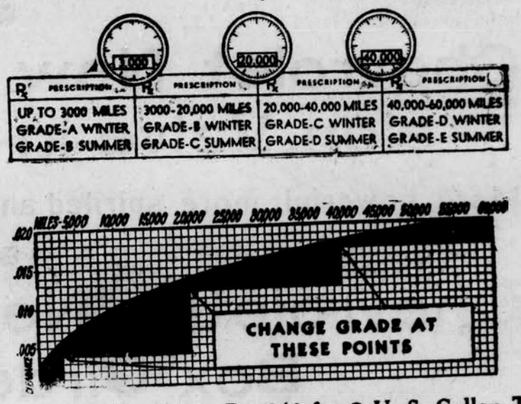
Pullman Discovery Hailed by Engineers as Greatest Advance in Lubrication field.

Hailed as a triumph of automotive lubrication research—this new Pullman R Graphited Motor Oil (PRESCRIBED TO MEET THE EXACT LUBRICATION REQUIREMENTS OF YOUR MOTOR AS INDICATED BY SPEEDOMETER) because of its ability to withstand withering heat and arctic temperatures and still provide efficient lubrication.

SPEEDOMETER PRESCRIBES CORRECT GRADE OF PULLMAN R GRAPHITED MOTOR OIL.

MICROSCOPE SHOWS PENETRATING POWER OF GRAPHITE.





Prices from Rs. 5/- to Rs. 6/4 for 2 U. S. Gallon Tin

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS: RANE LIMITED

PROPRIETORS OF EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES

NEW QUEEN'S ROAD, ... BOMBAY.

Branches: CALCUTTA, DELHI, SECUNDERABAD

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 1, 1993
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 15, 1356
Parsi: Behman 22, 1306
Hightide: 0-36; 13-13
Lowtide: 5-59; 18-52
Sunrise: 6h. 12m.
Sunset: 7h. 17m

S. S. 'Carthage' sails for London at 1 p.m.

Mr. B. N. Gokhale's second lecture on "Position of Women in Hindu Law", Wilson College, Staff Room, 4-30 p.m.

Monday July 26.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURE

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir Pandit Vijayshankerji will deliver a public religious discourse to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY TENANTS ASSOCIATION

The monthly meeting of the Managing Board of the Association will be held in the 'D' Ward office to-day (Saturday), at 5-30 p.m.

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS PARSEE UNION

The members of the above Union will meet at the Capitol Cinema to-morrow (Sunday) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Ervard Bode's lecture

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES

Swami Vishwananda of Ramakrishna Mission, Khar will conduct the weekly public class on Gita at the Ashram to-morrow (Sunday), at 9 a.m. (S.T.)

NORTH KANARA GOUD SARASWAT BRAHMAN SANGH

A lantern lecture on "Dental Hygiene" will be delivered in vernacular, to-day (Saturday), at the Sangh's Hall, Save House, Near Majestic Cinema, Girgaum.

G.I.P. RAILWAY ACCOUNTS STAFF UNION

The tenth annual general meeting of the G.I.P. Railway Accounts Staff Union will be held to-day (Saturday), at 3 p.m. in the Tiffin Rooms of the office of the Chief Accounts Officer (V.T.) Mr. N. M. Joshi will preside.

SUBURBAN MUSIC CIRCLE

The 5th Concert of the above Circle will be held to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the Vimalanand Koppiker Hall, Dadabhoy Road, Santa-Cruz, when Prof: Malikarjun Munsoor, will entertain the members with vocal music.

ESTATE FINANCE BROKERS' MEETING

An informal meeting of Estate and Finance Brokers of Bombay and Suburbs will be held at No. 76, Tamarind Lane, (The Beaman Chess Club) to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at which Mr. D. F. D'Lima would place before the meeting the desirability of forming the Association of this profes-

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"A Star is Born" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Land without Music" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"California Straight Ahead" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Lost Horizon" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Dukhiari" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Captains Courageous" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Robinson Crusoe" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Mainee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Frontiers of Freedom" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Ben-Hur" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
HIND MATA—"Under Sea Kingdom" Time as usual

FOUND

A wrist watch has been found at the Dhobi Talao Tram Junction. The owner may see the Hon. Secretary, Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee office Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road, between office hours 11 a.m. to 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM

The adjourned annual general meeting will be held in the Royal Institute of science (Room No. 11) at 4 p.m. to-day (Saturday). After the meeting discussion will take place on the Mathematics papers at the Matriculation Examination of April 1937.

VOLUNTARY SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday), at Wilson College, Chowpatti, in the Junior B.A. Class (No. III 10), when Prof. S. G. Beri, will deliver his first lecture on "The Industrial Revolution and its Social Effects" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.).

"F" WARD CONGRESS

The ordinary meeting of the Council of management of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday), at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's office Parel Poi-BAVI, immediately after the ordinary meeting a special meeting of the Council of management of the Committee will be held to consider addition to the constitution.

STUDY CLASS ON PSYCHOLOGY

Dr. B. P. Hivale, will conduct a Study Class on Psycology in English at the Theosophical Society's Besant Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Saturday), from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.) on "Abnormal Psychology."

S. N. D. T. INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

P. A. Examination Results

Seven candidates appeared for the P. A. Examination in 1937, out of whom the following were successful:—

THIRD CLASS

No. 2 Jainabadkar Saguna (Sanskrit)
No. 4 Joshi Yamu R. (English).
No. 5 Parekh Baka T. (Gujarati).
No. 6 Shroff Subhedra C. (English).

REGAL • DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

THE STAR OF "BLOSSOM TIME" IN ANOTHER SINGING TRIUMPH!

RICHARD TAUBER IN LAND WITHOUT MUSIC

COMPOSED BY OSCAR STRAUS

WITH JIMMY (SCHNOZZLE) DURANTE DIANA NAPIER JUNE CLYDE • DERRICK DE MARNEY

DIRECTED BY WALTER FORDE

A CAPITOL FILM PRODUCTION

GENERAL FILM DISTRIBUTORS LTD.

Also latest BRITISH MOVIETONE NEWS.

ORGANISE NATIONAL SCOUT MOVEMENT

Preliminary Conference At Blavatsky Lodge

A preliminary Conference to consider ways and means to organise the National Scout Movement for the Bombay Presidency will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. at Blavatsky Hall, French Bridge, when Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai, M.L.A., will preside. Prominent educationists, ex-Scouters and Scouts, members of the Senate, Municipal Corporators, Lawyers, Businessmen and Doctors will be present and take part in the discussion.

ANDHRA ASSOCIATION AND LIBRARY, KALYAN

The 19th half-yearly general body meeting of the Andhra Association and Library, Kalyan, will be held in the Association Hall, Shiwaji Chowk, at 9-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday).

BOMBAY KANNADA SANGHA

Under the auspices of the Bombay Kannada Sangha Mr. S. R. S. Raghavan will speak in Kanarese on "Present Economic Condition of Karnataka" in the Association premises at G. I. P. Matunga to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

BANDRA CONGRESS MEETING

The adjourned meeting of the Bandra Congress members will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at its office (Pinto Building, Hill Road, Bandra), to elect the office-bearers.

DIVINE SERVICE

The weekly Divine Service under the auspices of the New Dadar Brahmopasak Mandal will be conducted by Mr. G. L. Vaidya in the King George High School at 8-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday).

PRESIDENCY SOCIAL REFORM ASSOCIATION

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association and the Vidhawa Vivah Sahayak Sabha a public meeting to celebrate the anniversary of the passing of the Hindu Widows' Re-marriage Act will be held in the Blavatsky Lodge Hall to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. Mr. S. S. Patkar will preside.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION

The annual general meeting of the Association will be held in the hall of the Association to-morrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m.

NEW SARASWAT UNION

The twenty-fourth annual day celebration of the Union and social gathering of its members will be held in the hall of the Maratha High School, Girgaon, to-morrow (Sunday), between 2 and 6 p.m.

FLAG SALUTATION AT 'C' WARD

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee a monthly Flag Salutation ceremony will be performed to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at Kumbharwada, Third Lane, opposite Ram Mandir.

AT "G" WARD

Monthly Flag Salutation in 'G' Ward will be performed at 8 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) in the Committee's Office.

BYCULLA DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The Managing Committee meeting of the 'E' Ward (Byculla) District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at the Committee's office at 9 p.m.

AT BYCULLA

The monthly Flag Salutation will be performed at the Office of the "E" Ward District Congress Committee to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m.

AT CONGRESS HOUSE

Under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. the monthly Flag Salutation ceremony will be performed to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T) on the Terrace of the Office Building of the Congress House, when Prof. D. R. Gharpure will unfurl the national flag.

IN FORT

The monthly Flag Salutation ceremony will be performed at 28, Manordas Street to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. Smt. Maniben Mulji will unfurl the flag. After that the Committee members will go round the Ward to enrol the Congress members.

AT MATUNGA

Flag hoisting will be performed by Mr. S. K. Patil in C. V. O. Jain Boarding, Matunga, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m.

AT GHATKOPAR

The National Flag will be hoisted to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-15 a.m. (S.T.) at Ghatkopar Satyagriha Chhavni, when Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai will perform the ceremony and speak on "Present Rashtriya Circumstances."

FRIEND OF HARIJANS

Kajrolkar Expresses Confidence in Kher's Cabinet

BOMBAY, July 23.

Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar, one of the Harijan leaders of Bombay in a statement issued to the Press, expresses great satisfaction in the personnel of the Ministry under the Premiership of Balasaheb Kher in whose hands, he adds, the interests of Harijans are quite safe despite the absence of a Harijan minister.

Balasaheb Kher, he declares, is a true friend of the Harijans in as much as the cause of the "untouchables is as dear to him as it is to Mahatmaji.

"I have not the least hesitation" he asserts "in assuring the depressed classes that they can depend on the present Cabinet to bring about every possible reform conductive to the amelioration of Harijans of the Bombay Presidency".—A. P.

MUNSHI IN BOMBAY SECRETARIAT

Sees Police Chief And Other Officials

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, returned to Bombay this morning and attended the Secretariat in the afternoon.

Mr. D. G. Chambers, Under-Secretary, Home Department, received him at the Secretariat.

Mr. Munshi was introduced to the several officials at the Secretariat. He met the Commissioner of Police, the Director of Information, the Sheriff, the Administrator-General, the Assistant Secretary of the Home Department and other officials.

Mr. Munshi leaves for Poona on Monday next.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, is expected to arrive in the city from Poona, by Saturday evening.

Sirdar, Speaker And Munshi Arrive In Bombay

The Hon'ble Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, the Hon'ble Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home and Legal Minister, and Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel arrived in Bombay from Poona on Friday morning.

DEMOCRATIC SWARAJ PARTY

On behalf of the Bombay Branch of the Democratic Swaraj Party, a public meeting in celebration of the Lokamanya Tilak Anniversary will be celebrated in Girgaon, at the Brahmin Sabha Karandikar Hall, to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.). Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, leader of the D S. Party, will address the meeting and Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, President of the Bombay Branch, will preside.

CITY BENGALIS' MEETING

A general meeting of the Bengali residents of Bombay will be held at Fountain Hall, Sleater Road, to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. (S.T.) to consider the feasibility of celebrating Durga Puja this year.

KANARA BROTHERHOOD

Under the auspices of the Kanara Brotherhood, a programme of Vocal Music by Prof. K. Nagesh Rao will be held at 9-15 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Saturday) in the premises of the Brotherhood, 302B, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon.

GEETA PATHSHALA

Shastree Vaijnath Laxman Athavale will conduct public classes at Madhav Bag Bhagwad Geet Pathshala Upper Hall to-day (Saturday) at 8 a.m.

HAWAII DEGREE FOR INDIAN STUDENT

(From A Correspondent.)

HONOLULU, (By Mail.)

Chandrakant Kapadia, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Kapadia, Nishal Street, Rander, District Surat, was awarded Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Hawaii, Honolulu, at the commencement exercises held on June 22.

Dr. Kalidas Nag, exchange professor from the University of Calcutta, delivered the principal address. He spoke on "Maluna a'e o no lahui apau ke ola ke kanaka" translated which means "Above All Nations is Humanity."

Children's Dietary Requirements

The Lord Luke, K.B.E., Chairman of Virol Ltd., speaking at the 37th Annual General Meeting of the Company said that an interesting feature of the year's work has been the effect of the series of investigations on "The Value of Certain Supplements to the Diet of Children" recently published in the medical Press.

The problem of research on the part of food manufacturers is daily becoming more and more important. Virol, Ltd., have always recognised their responsibility to the public in this matter, and investigations into the problems of nutrition are continually engaging the attention of their scientific staff.

Mr. Arthur E. Canney, Managing Director, referred to the research carried out by the scientific staff, and stressed the growing importance of continued research on the part of food specialists in connection with their various products.

It was recognized, of course, that there were many factors other than diet that played their part in the physical well-being of the individual; for instance, it had been conclusively proved that the average child can derive much benefit from increased hours of rest, particularly in summer. But an eminent authority had recently stated: "It has now become clear that diet is the most important single factor influencing general health and development.

The only solution capable of widespread application was the provision of a suitable supplementary food. The efficiency of such a supplement depended on three fundamental considerations. First, its composition must be scientifically calculated to contain an adequate amount of those factors most likely to be deficient in the home diet. Secondly, each stage of its manufacture must be under careful scientific control. But, above all, its value must be proved by direct experiment, under exactly the same conditions as those prevailing in its intended field of application.

Clinical experience over a period of 40 years has shown that Virol successfully fills this role, and the recently published investigations to which the chairman had referred confirmed the experience of the medical profession

CONTINUOUS RESEARCH WORK

Research of this character was being continually carried out by Virol Limited. A very extensive experiment, just completed, on the nutrition of school children, had not only shown the absolute necessity for supplementary feeding of children of school age but had also once again proved the unrivalled value of Virol in producing the ideal growth and development.

DINNER TO DR. MOOLGAVKAR

(From A Correspondent)

It is proposed to give a dinner to Dr. S. R. Moolgavkar, F.R.C.S., Professor of Surgery, Grant Medical College and Surgeon, J. J. Hospital, to wish him 'bon voyage' as he is proceeding on long leave. The dinner will be held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Friday, July 30, at 8-30 p.m.

As the time is short, members desirous of joining the function should kindly send their cheques to Dr. B. B. Yodh, or Mr. S. J. Mehta, Rawal Building, Lamington Road, before the 27th July.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

The recent Coronation medals awarded to some of the suburbanites has caused a lot of comments amongst many citizens and below is a letter of a citizen:

"It is gratifying to note that Coronation medals were presented to thirteen suburban residents selected by Government.

That these medals are deserving to most of these recipients will not be denied, but, at the same time, as a citizen who has watched the progress of the suburbs and the working of various individuals for the public cause, I most regretfully note that two really deserving citizens have been either overlooked or purposely omitted.

The two citizens are Dr. P. A. Dias, Mayor of Bandra, and Mr. Rustom S. Bulsara, Bandra Municipal Councillor.

POSED AS C. I. D. INSPECTOR

I once more repeat my warning which I gave recently in these columns about hoax cases in the suburbs which, I understand, are on the increase.

Yesterday one such case was registered at Bandra Police Station. It is reported that a resident of Pali was disturbed in the late hours of the night by a knock on his door. On opening the door he saw a man in ragged clothes standing at his door steps. Questioning him, the man replied he wanted water to drink. The resident thus suspected foul play and asked him why he could not go to the restaurant that was open just opposite. Not getting a satisfactory reply he handed the man over to the police.

To the Police, it appears that the man is mad .. . but the question is: What if it was a lady who had opened the door . . . so beware take this as a warning dear readers.

Another hoax was attempted, it is alleged, by Keshav P. Doke and Ganpat A. Guruv, who were arrested by the Bandra Police on a charge of cheating.

It appears that on Monday last at about 10 p.m. these two men accosted two persons coming along the Ghodbunder Road, near Turner Road, and one of them is alleged to have posed as a C.I.D. Inspector and thus searched the two travellers' pockets, but seeing a crowd of persons approaching the two escaped in a Bombay taxi.

The case being reported at the Bandra Police Station, Second Sub-Inspector, K. H. Honawar, of the Bandra Police traced the taxi and from the driver learnt the whereabouts of the accused.

HOUSE-BREAKING AT KHAR

Vallabh Kalya Kari has been arrested on a charge of house-breaking and theft by the Bandra Police.

It appears the accused forced open the door of Mr. Abdulla Madar of Khar on July 19 at 7 p.m. while Mr. Madar was away.

During that time Mr. Madar arrived and was surprised to find his door open. On getting in he saw the accused, it is alleged, engrossed in trying to open a tin trunk. The accused on seeing him, is alleged to have tried to run away but Mr. Madar gave chase and caught him and handed him over to the Bandra Police.

In Aid Of Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital Fund

To-morrow (Sunday) the Prabhat Cinetone will give a benefit performance of their talkie "Dharmatma" at the Central Cinema at 10 a.m. (S.T.)

Tickets can be had from the office of the Gandhi Seva Sena, Adenwalla Building, New Queen's Road, (Tel. No. 25563) to-day (Saturday) and at the Theatre on Sunday morning.

ERVAD BODE'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Co-ordinating Council of Zarathoshti religious bodies, a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. Ervad Framroze A. Bode, B.A., at the Capitol Cinema (opp. Bori Bunder) to-morrow (Sunday) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) on "Questions that are usually asked by intelligent children." Educative and humorous films will also be shown. Lady Hormuzdiyar P. Dastur will preside.

KARACHI FREE FROM WATER SCARCITY

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, July 23.

At the meeting of the Corporation to-day the Chief Officer made a statement that the Malir River, near which the Dumlotte Waterworks were located, has been in full flood during the last three days dissipating the fear of water scarcity at least for some time.

The Inspector General of Prisons, N. W. F. P., is devising ways and means for the "reformation" of the released prisoners from different jails of the Province. It is stated that State-aid would be given to the prisoners to work in cottage industries and take advantage of the technical education learnt by them in their jail life.

CAPITOL DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

A THREE-CORNERED TRANS-CONTINENTAL RACE FOR FAME, FORTUNE . . . LOVE!

Steaming Along The Rails!
Knifing Through The Air!
Pounding Down Motor Trails!
It'll Set Your Very Roots A-Tingle!

CALIFORNIA STRAIGHT AHEAD!

featuring JOHN WAYNE • LOUISE LATIMER ROBERT McWADE • TULLY MARSHALL THEODORE VON ELTZ

Directed by Arthur Lubin • A Trem Carr Production

Associate Producer, Paul Malvern.

A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Trains.	Arr H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 0
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 30	
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only)		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 00	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 5
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	2 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from May 25, 1937:—

Trains.	Arr H.M.	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5•35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 55	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 20
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	3 10	8 55
"The Flying Ranee"	9 48	
"The Flying Ranee" daily On Saturdays		18 0 15 10

Telephone No. 26000
Cable Box 538
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1937

GANDHIJI'S STATEMENT

In the current number of "Harijan" Gandhiji writes again on Congress Ministries and the possibilities of constructive work by them. Taking a very optimistic view of things, he says: "A vast opportunity is at the disposal of the Ministers in terms of the Congress objective of complete independence if only they are honest, selfless, industrious, vigilant and solicitous for the true welfare of the starving millions." But what about the sinews or war? Gandhiji himself anticipates the question and answers it thus: "No doubt there is great validity in the argument that the Act has left Ministers no money to spend for nation-building departments. But this is largely an illusion. I believe with Sir Daniel Hamilton that labour, and not metal, is the real money. Labour backed by paper is as good as, if not better than, paper backed by labour." Gandhiji also quotes an English financier who held a high office in India and who said: "If things are done on a co-operative basis, which, in other words; is modified Socialism, money would not be needed, at least not in large quantity." It is not necessary to scan here these attractive economic theories. What Gandhiji seems to want mainly is voluntary labour for love rather than for money and payment in kind, including labour in payment of labour. Gandhiji does not fully illustrate his theories but referring to his own experience he says: "What is true of Sheogan is true of other villages. The State can do much in this direction without having spent a single pie extra. The State officials can be utilised for serving the people instead of harassing them." This cheery prospect does not appreciably banish our fears of financial difficulties, labour for love being not quite so plentiful as it deserves to be. But never-theless the country would be grateful to Gandhiji for some detailed schemes of constructive work with the use of minimum funds.

Ministers' Opporitunities

Gandhiji is as optimistic about the Ministers' powers as about their capacity to get over financial difficulties. He says: "The Governors and the Civil Service, though irremovable, are yet answerable to the Ministers. The Ministers have effective power over them upto a point. That point enables them to consolidate the power of the Congress, that is, the people. The Ministers have a whip hand so long as they act within the four corners of the Act, no matter how distasteful their actions may be to the Governors." We fear that this interpretation of the Act is optimistic. Governors are not really answerable to the Ministers. It is equally optimistic to say that the Ministers have a whip hand so long as they act within the four corners of the Act. If the Governors were answerable to the Ministers, they would not have nominated any members on the Legislative Councils without consulting the Premiers. If, to take another instance, the Ministers place all Government insurance business with Indian companies, the Governors are likely to intervene on behalf of European companies, though the Ministers' policy is quite within the four corners of the Act.

No Compromise

It is not unlikely that the Governors, backed up by the higher officials, may oppose a policy of releasing all political prisoners. The Governor of Bombay has done well not to oppose, in the name of peace and tranquillity, the release of Senapati Bapat or the return of the securities furnished by "Navakal" and "Lokashakti." These are indeed much belated acts of justice, though the Congress is not responsible for the delay. But justice demands the return of the securities furnished by several other papers in the Presidency and the removal of the restrictions on many political workers. It is to be hoped that the Governors will not interfere with the Ministers' discretion in the matter. As for Gandhiji's view of the Ministers' powers in such matters, whether they are extensive or narrow, they have to be used without in the least compromising the principles and policies to which the Congress is pledged.

Outrage On Justice

The Prime Minister of Indore, having given an award in a local Labour dispute, seems to regard it as an oracle to breathe a word against which is a sin and a crime to be visited with dire punishment. It may seem incredible but it is a fact that the Minister has issued a firman proclaiming that "any person who may try to oppose or protest against the award of the Prime Minister will be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both." That is not all. "On the report of the Police I. G. or D. I. G. or on information otherwise gathered, a summary enquiry would be ordered and the person concerned would be arrested, and he would not be entitled to appear or to be heard before the officer holding the enquiry. On the enquiry report, Government may direct such person to leave the State or any particular area either permanently or for a special period and not to return or remain therein." The firman is, on the very face of it, the negation of all principles of law and justice. It is also a challenge to the people of the State and should be duly accepted as such by all those who refuse to be slaves. They must strongly protest against it. The situation in Indore is said to be getting worse day by day. The Prime Minister's outrageous order is evidently most responsible for it.

National Scout Movement

An important conference will be held to-day to give shape to the proposal for organizing a national Boy Scout movement. The conveners have made it clear that the movement is not to be started merely as a protest against Lord Baden-Powell's recent utterances. Whether the British Chief Scout had slandered Indians or not there was always the need for establishing a national organization run by ourselves to inculcate in our youth the basic ideals of scouting—love of the open air, physical efficiency, discipline and, above all, moral uprightness—but without the Imperialist affiliations of the Baden-Powell movement. The Chief Scout's remarks have, however, helped to create country-wide interest in the scouting movement and, taking advantage of it, we must launch our own Swadeshi organization. The conference to be held to-day under the presidentship of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, we earnestly hope, will formulate a definite scheme for the Bombay Presidency, thus giving a lead to the rest of the country.

WORLD OF FINANCE

Random Jottiggs

(BY "TODARMAL.")

In six provinces the interim Ministries have been replaced by the Congress Ministries but there was no change in any financial or commercial market as there is more disposition to await the new programmes. This is the first occasion when the Congress has decided to do whatever is possible within the limited powers under the New Act.

It is a known fact that the scope for any drastic measure is limited but by concentration on possible changes, there is room for some betterment and Mahatmaji has shown the direction in which attention should be diverted.

Wanted A Brain Trust

It is with this view I propose to discuss some questions which I believe will be of some use. Rome was not built in a day and there should be no vain hope of performing a miracle. It is a very difficult task to devise measures for the betterment of the condition of the people without thorough investigation and understanding of all factors. The first and the most urgent need at the moment is effective co-operation. The Congress Ministries in their provinces have first to secure the effective co-operation of various forces. Before planning new programmes, it will be of immense value to seek the co-operation of individuals who have a knowledge and experience of a special line. Thus if expert knowledge of all varieties is put together there will be no possibility of any mistake. In this connection it will not be out of place to recall that when the United States of America was faced with a serious situation as a result of depression, President Roosevelt established a Brain Trust and if our Ministers were to secure the co-operation of such individuals, chances of success will be immense and the programmes and measures adopted after such thoughtful considerations will result in doing the maximum good.

Plain Living And High Thinking.

So far the practice followed in this country has been to appoint costly commissions and committees but we know that India is the poorest country where there are thousands who do not get sufficient food to keep their body and soul together. No country can think of prosperity when the agriculturists are economically ruined. More than 80 per cent of our population depends for its livelihood on agriculture and the remaining 20 per cent is also an indirect burden on it. The wealth of a country entirely depends upon the productive capacity of the agriculturist and we have no such industry which can get us any wealth from outside.

Thus the first and foremost need of the country at the moment is to divert all energies in this direction to improve the economic condition of the masses. There is a vast field of work in this direction and if proper measures are adopted, with necessary precautions, for over a period of five years, we will be able to see excellent results and, perhaps, the time will come when the whole world will look to us for guidance as our evolution will be based on simplicity and high thinking, which is the sole motto of Nationalist India. We do not propose to attain a high standard of living which always carries with it many evils such as exploitation and classes.

A constructive programme based on this high ideal is bound to meet with universal approval where both man and woman will have equal opportunity to work for a common cause. To the carrying out of such a programme there will be contribution by everyone. A person with money will contribute his share by giving money, another will give his experience and knowledge. It will be a fine combination and its working will show astonishing results

The Immediate Need

In the present article I do not propose to go into details but merely point out that our agriculturists are both physically and economically ruined. They are heavily indebted and the artificial Exchange ratio has left them in a most distressing state. The value of their crops is annually lowered by 12½ per cent and this virtually amounts to giving away their crops free once in every eight years. The land is poor and, as compared with other countries, the percentage of the yield is the lowest. They have little means for manure and for the use of fertilisers to increase the yield. Their cattle stock has also degenerated and free exports of oilseeds does not leave any nourishing food for the cattle. They are entirely dependent on the progress of the monsoon and often they are handicapped on account of insects and by frost.

There being little effort to-

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 5.)

Indian Muslims' Duty

Abul Kalam Azad's Clarion Call

IV.

Translated By
M. HARRIS, Editor,
"Ajmal."

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the famous Congress leader and Muslim divine, is contributing to the "Medina" of Bijnor an important series of articles on the present situation in India and the position and duty of Indian Muslims. We have great pleasure in publishing to-day the translation of the fourth series. We have no doubt that these articles will be widely read with interest and profit.
—Editor "B. C."

I have said before that there can be no person in India more eager than myself to see the Musalmans join the Congress. But I want to tell the Musalmans plainly that if they want to join Congress looking at the question in the manner described before, it would be far better that they did not do so. It is thousand times better not even to mention a word about joining the Congress if they have to do so in that fashion. If they must join the Congress it is because they have confidence in themselves. Not because others have assured them or can assure them about certain things. If really their helplessness and weakness have reached the stage when they feel that they are surrounded on all sides with dangers and the only way to get out of these dangers is to depend on the support of British domination over India, or on the assurances given by the Congress and there is not a single spark of self-confidence and courage left in them which can warm them up, then it is better for such living corpses to remain lying where they are. Let them not look at the British domination nor cast their eyes towards the Congress. Let them await the decision of the future with self-respect. That is the minimum demand of their past history extending over fourteen centuries to which they should not turn a deaf ear.

"Cup Of Poison"

Undoubtedly I wish to see the Musalmans in the battle of freedom. But I want to see them in the field like brave and fearless men, who hold their heads high with self-confidence, who walk upright because they have entered the field with a resolve to show their prowess, who are not unaware of the dangers of a battle-field—there can be dangers from all sides—who they know that to avoid those dangers they have not to look to others, but have to depend on their own courage and strength. But if the Musalmans cannot enter the field in this manner and if they are trying to get their comrades to agree to certain terms then I would rather give up all my hopes and ambitions about their future. I can bear this that they do not enter the field. But I cannot tolerate that they enter the field with trembling hearts and cowardly steps. If they entered the field with weak spirits and lost courage it will not be an entry in keeping with their traditions. It will mean following others helplessly and with drooping spirits. The moment they look at the question as if they are surrounded with dangers and they cannot take a step forward until their conditions of safeguards are accepted to me they merely cease to exist. It would mean they have lost the place where one can live and achieve success. It would mean that they admit that they cannot live but on the sufferance of others. To admit that is suicidal for them. If they do not want to join the Congress let them not, but for heaven's sake let them not drink from this cup of poison. The moment this poison goes below their throats there would be nothing but death for them.

Suicidal Step

There are two different states and, therefore, there must be two solutions as well. One is a state of inertia caused by inaction. The other is a state of death caused by forgetting one's own existence. If the Musalmans do not join the Congress, it would mean their remaining inert because of inaction. But if they want to join it after securing safeguards then it would mean their death caused by their forgetting themselves. Inertia can come to an end, if not to-day then to-morrow. But if death comes who can avoid it? How much one should pity the lack of understanding of these people? These simpletons are clamouring for the branches and the leaves, and think that the way to get them is to cut the roots of the tree. They forget that the branches and the leaves are there because of the roots. When there will be no roots how can there be branches? And where will the leaves and flowers come from? How foolish is the gardner who cuts the roots of a tree to get leaves and flowers?

Save Your Soul!

How openly this poison is being administered to the Musalmans? And is there no one who can stop these people from doing so? After all there must be some limit to cowardice and sycophancy. Undoubtedly to tell 80 million people with a glorious past ranging over fourteen centuries that they are dead and ruined and that they are not fit even to protect their own interests in future is to destroy all their feelings of self-respect and self-confidence. And if a community lost the spirit of these feelings then of what use can be the charters of rights and safeguards for it? Like individual communities and nations also have a soul. If there is a soul there is everything. If the soul passes away everything is lost. A feeling of national honour, self-confidence, courage and confidence in one's efforts are like a soul to a community. It is such noble sentiments on which a community can thrive. Any community which has this soul lives. And when it is living it will get all the accompaniments of life. The community that loses its soul is dead. And even if a dead body is surrounded with all kinds of valuable dishes it cannot come to life.

Do Not Barter It

Dr. Ambedkar has placed the untouchables for sale in the Indian Market. Whoever offers the higher bid can buy them. Do the Musalmans of India also want to become a commodity on sale in the political market, and offer their hand to anyone who gives them assurances and allays their fears? There was a time when they decided the fate of nations in this world. To-day if they are not in a position to do that let them not at least sell themselves so cheap.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

IMPERIALIST ETHICS

The other day the Rt. Honourable Major Ormsby-Gore declared in the House of Commons that the Peel proposals regarding Palestine had been favourably received by the Arab world. He was, of course, speaking with his tongue in his cheek, because he was fully aware of the indignation which the proposals have provoked among the Arabs of Iraq and Palestine—King Abdullah's "support" deserves no more than amused contempt by those who know something about British influence in Trans-Jordania. The supreme audacity of the Colonial Secretary is further proved by the following report from Damascus:—

The Syrian Government have addressed a Note to the French High Commissioner, expressing disapproval of the British Government's Palestine scheme and making common cause with Palestine Arabs. They have requested that the Note be sent to the League.

Imperialist statesmanship does not make a fetish of truth or honour. To serve its purpose, it will stoop to amazing blatant misrepresentation and it will do so with a full consciousness of the outrage.

INDO-BRITISH TRADE TALKS

According to what seems to be an inspired message from Simla the Indo-British trade talks in London "are making satisfactory progress." Yet, curiously enough, a six-week adjournment of the talks has been decided upon. The discussions are said to concern at present India's imports of British piecegoods and the quota of Indian cotton to be purchased by Lancashire. Whatever the officials who call themselves the delegates of India may do, the non-official Indian advisors should not accept the principle of British preference, whether or not Britain purchases any Indian cotton. After all, Britain purchases some cotton from India for her own profit because it is cheap. But preference to British textiles is a permanent menace to the Indian cotton industry. Moreover, unless Britain is prepared to do justice to the Indian traders in Zanzibar, an Indo-British trade treaty seems a mockery.

COMMUNALISM AND THE PUNJAB

The Punjab Legislative Assembly adjourned its current sessions with a resolution, unanimously passed, that Government should take effective measures to stamp out communalism. In welcoming the resolution, the Premier, Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, reiterated his warning to the communalist press and communalists "high and low, official and non-official" that the evil shall not be allowed any more and that "they would not be spared if they indulged any longer in infusing communalism". A cynic will be tempted to make a number of comments on Sir Sikandar Hayat's assumption of the mantle of an anti-communal crusader. But we desist from doing so. Indeed we welcome his protestations and we earnestly hope he resolutely means what he says. Sir Sikandar, by the way, is quite correct in suggesting that the Punjab is the main source of the communal problem in India. We welcome this dawn of sense. But we cannot help pointing out that in the circumstances the refusal of Sir Sikandar's Party the other day to settle the question is not a compliment to his new confession.

NEPOTISM MUST GO

The first consideration in Municipal, as indeed in any other service, should be that of efficiency and merit due regard being paid to the legitimate claims of members of all communities. Communalism for the sake of communalism must be deprecated but "favouritism" or nepotism is doubly to be condemned. That is why we regret that the debate in the Bombay Corporation on Thursday should have been guided by communal prejudices instead of giving due emphasis to the evil, if it does exist, of nepotism. The object of the resolution of Mr. Khairaz is to check nepotism. The submission of periodical lists will, to some extent, check the evil. But the object Mr. Khairaz had in view could better be served by a searching enquiry. This in fact must be done and it should be followed up by effective measures.

(Continued on page 12, column 5.)

Congress M.L.A.'s March

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"Congress Raj Zindabad" was the cry of the people who witnessed the glorious march of the Congress M.L.A.'s in the Council Chamber. The Tri-colour was flying high in a triumphant mood, because it was for the honour of this flag that thousands had sacrificed their all in all. It was really a sight for the gods to see. It was a day of jubilation for the people of this country, because after a tedious march of several years involving huge sacrifices, lathi charges and rigorous imprisonment the devotees of the Tri-colour were at last able to reach the Treasury Benches. It is only a half-way halt and not the journey's end. The final destination is yet to be reached. It now depends upon the custodians of the people's rights in the Legislatures as to how they acquit themselves.

In my humble opinion the Ministers should focuss their attention on the following three very important items:—(1) Prohibition; (2) Self-supporting education and (3) Reduction of Land Revenue.

Prohibition is the urgent need of the people. No Government can call itself a democratic government for the good of the peo-

雀雀之雀雀

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"You will be surprised and perhaps annoyed also to learn that there were serious differences of opinion at the meeting of the Muslim League Party held before the election of the Assembly Speaker took place. Although press correspondents were not allowed at the meeting the news has leaked out that there was difference between Mr. Mohamed Suleman Mitha and Mr. Chundrigar, and it was so serious that the party could not agree to a male member who should address the House after the election of of the Speaker and congratulate him on behalf of the party. After all when they could not agree on the name of any male member the name of Mrs. Faiz Tayabji was proposed and they all agreed to it. Thus it was that she joined in the felicitations to the Speaker on behalf of the Party."—Maulana Shaukat Ali's paper

* * *

Mr. Roger Lumley, Governor-designate of Bombay, has been invested with the G.C.I.E.

We knew that he could not possibly come out to India as plain 'Mr.' It would have been such a serious and unparalleled breach of the traditions of British democracy

* * *

Apropos of the question asked of Muslim "Leaders" by alter ego, it is rumoured that an answer is about to be wired to——Palestine Arabs. It is, rumour further has it, to the effect that the "leaders" cannot but refrain from doing anything about it as an effective reply to the mass-contact challenge of the Indian National Congress

* * *

"The Syrian Government have addressed a Note to the French High Commissioner expressing disapproval of the British Government's Palestine scheme and making common cause with the Palestine Arabs."

—Damascus message.

Humbug. Stuff and nonsense. Nothing of the kind and other words and phrases to that effect.

And for a devastatingly unquestionable reason too: You see, Major Ormsby Gore has already declared that the Arab world is favourable to the British proposal, and British statesmen are men of truth and honour.

* * *

Mr. Eden, however, must take notice of the protest and the threat that the Syrian Government is making common cause with the Palestine Arabs. In fact, he should declare war on Syria and France.

* * *

PATNA, July 22.

A mass meeting to-night, under the presidency of Babu Rajendra Prasad, passed a resolution condemning the British imperialistic policy in Palestine and the Peel recommendations and expressing India's sympathy with the Arabs.
—Associated Press.

An ultimatum must immediately be issued from the proper quarters that since this is nothing short of Congress interference in Muslim affairs, Babu Rajendra Prasad must withdraw and apologise within twenty-four hours.

* * *

Apropos of Lord Baldwin's nominations to the Imperial Relations Trust a public meeting, we strongly suggest, should be held in Simla protesting against the non-inclusion of any "Indian" and declaring that "India's" Imperial self-respect has been gravely injured and demanding 'amende honorable' in the shape of the nomination of the Trust of two Indian "representatives", His Highness the Aga Khan and the Maharaja of Burdwan. Also the Maharaja of Bikaner or Patiala.

* * *

In contradiction of a malicious rumour started by "the enemies of Islam," we have great pleasure in announcing that Maulana Shaukat Ali does *not* propose to issue a warning that Congress interference with the dead and injured Muslims in the Bihta railway disaster will inevitably lead to "civil war."

We have, however, nothing to say as regards the rumour that the Muslim League is recruiting volunteers to proceed to Bihta by the end of July 1937 at the latest.

* * *

It is pointed out in British circles "that the gravity arises from the possibility of Italy merely playing for time in order to avoid any serious discussion of the question of the withdrawal of volunteers."—B.O.W.

Wonderful, isn't it, the brilliant way in which they have tentatively discovered the obvious.

15,000 Indians Driven To Hunger Strike

ZANZIBAR STRUGGLE

Battle With Backs To Wall Forced On Pioneers Of Clove Trade

ALLAHABAD: July 23.

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, the Secretary of the Foreign Department of the All-India Congress Committee, says:—

"The Zanzibar Clove Bill comes into operation on August 1. As a measure of retaliation, the Indian dealers and exporters of clove have decided in the Conference held on July 10 to resort to passive resistance. No Indian is to apply for buying licences. No Indian is to engage in export trade. No Indian should serve on the Advisory Board of the Clove Growers' Association.

India's Duty

"It is not difficult to see that this virtually means the hunger-strike of 15,000 Indians, now residing in Zanzibar. They are looking at India with expectation and hope in their eyes. They want the Indian people and merchants to declare a voluntary boycott on Zanzibar cloves. India imports 10 per cent. of the entire Zanzibar export of cloves and there is ground to believe that such a step will bring reason to the Zanzibar Government.

Impose Embargo

"The Government of India should now impose an embargo—that is the insistent demand. In their determination to resist the Clove Act, the Zanzibar Indians have appealed to the Provincial Governments and Municipalities to assist in the embargo on cloves.

Latest Phase

"What the Clove Law will mean to the Indian traders is apparent from the latest activities of the Clove Growers' Association. This monopolist Association is taking over the auction sales of the plantation crops under its own authority and is arranging to purchase Indian gunny bags through European firms in Zanzibar."—A. P.

ANTI-WAR CAMPAIGN

Australian T. U. C. To Seek Democratic Control Of Army

MELBOURNE: July 23.

The Australian Trades Union Congress has decided to organise an Anti-War Campaign; to oppose re-armament: to support Collective Security and to seek democratic control of the Australian Army.

The Congress declared that it would repudiate any commitments to Britain made by Mr. Lyons or the Commonwealth Minister of Defence.—Reuter.

EXTERNMENT ORDER ON LANDLORD

Sequel To Suspicion Of Smuggling?

KARACHI, July 23.

Mr. Abdulla Mahmud Bhatti, a wealthy landlord of Bara Islands and the Patel of a village, has been served with an order by the Government of India through the Sind Government directing him to leave British India forthwith. Accordingly he is to leave Karachi to-morrow.

Mr. Bhatti, who is a leading contractor and owns several steam boats plying between Cutch, Mandvi and Karachi, originally belonged to Cutch. He has settled down in Karachi for the last 45 years.

It is understood that the order has been served on Mr. Bhatti by the suggestion of the Customs authorities, who suspect him to be connected with certain smuggling cases round about the Karachi port.

A deputation of M.L.A.'s waited on the Chief Minister and the Chief Secretary and requested them to grant Mr. Bhatti time to make arrangements of his properties before leaving Karachi.—United Press.

MENACE OF CIVILISATION!

Philippine Aborigine Warriors' Threatening Attitude

MANILA (Philippine Islands): July 23.

As a protest against the encroachment of civilisation, 200 aborigine warriors, it is reported, are threatening the entire population of the town of Pantabangan in Luzon Island. All women and children are being concentrated in safe refuge owing to the fact that these tribesmen usually behead Christian foes irrespective of sex.

Troops are being rushed to the locality.—Reuter.

Ex-Archbishop Of Wales Dead

LONDON: July 23.

The death has occurred of Alfred George Edwards.—Reuter.

Ghost Rev. Alfred George Edwards was the former Archbishop of Wales and select preacher of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge).

Earlier

6 KILLED IN R. A. F. BOMBER CRASH

LONDON, July 23.

The Air Ministry announces that six persons were killed when a Royal Air Force bomber crashed on Kenderscout in Derbyshire during the night time.

This disaster brings the Air Force death roll so far this year to 79 compared with 96 for the whole of 1936.—Reuter.

LONDON, July 23.

Five occupants of an R.A.F. bomber were killed when the 'plane crashed in flames during the night on the 18,000 feet high Kenderscout, Derbyshire.

It missed safety by inches, striking a wall running at the highest point of the hill. This is the worst R.A.F. disaster in 1937. —Reuter.

SUPREME COURT REFORM BILL

WASHINGTON, July 23.

The Senate has returned President Roosevelt's Supreme Court Reform Bill to the Judiciary Committee with instructions to prepare a new version which would leave the Supreme Court unchanged.

The vote of the Senate was preceded by a meeting of the Judiciary Committee at which Vice-President Garner agreed that the Bill was "out of the window."

In the Senate 53 Democrats voted against the Bill together with 16 Republicans and one former Labour Senator.

Mr. Logan who introduced the Bill declared that the Supreme Court was now out of the way. "Glory be to God" replied Senator Johnson and the galleries applauded.—Reuter.

BOLOGNA'S TRIBUTE TO HER GREAT SON

Marconi's Imposing Funeral Procession

BOLOGNA, July 23.

The City paid her last tribute to her great son, Marconi, in the morning. 200,000 gathered in the streets and squares to watch the procession from the station to the cathedral of Saint Petronius. After the arrival of the special train the Governor of Rome formerly gave the remains into the keeping of the Podesta (Mayor) of Bologna. A military salute was then given.

Cardinal Archbishop Nasalli Rocca blessed the body and the cortege made its way to the cathedral, Marchese Marconi and her daughter following the hearse together with the Duke of Genoa, representing the King, and the Minister of Education, the Government.

Later, the body was taken to Certosa cemetery for burial in the family vault.—Reuter.

RELIEF TO BIHTA VICTIMS

Bihar Premier Assures Free Passage

PATNA, July 23.

The Bihar Legislative Assembly adjourned until the 3rd week of August, when the Budget session begins.

At to-day's sitting, Kumar Kalika Singh moved a resolution in the Bihar Assembly demanding an imperial enquiry into the cause of the Bihta Railway disaster.

RELIEF TO VICTIMS

The Hon'ble Mr. Shri Krishna Singh said that his Government will do whatever lies in their power to communicate with the Government of India regarding this subject. He further intimated the House that the sufferers after recovery will be sent home free of charges.

The resolution of Kumar Kalika Singh was passed unanimously.

ADJOURNED TO AUGUST

The Minister for Home Affairs announced that the Assembly was to be adjourned until the third week of August. The Budget session might meet on August 19 or 20.

As soon as Mr. Ram Dayal Singh took the chair, Dr. Ramasrish Thakur, M.L.A. rose from his seat and sang 'Vande Mataram' song, when the whole House stood up. After the termination of the song, the first Congress Premier, Mr Sri Krishna Singh and Mr. Yunus, Sir Ganesh Dutt, Mr. S. M. Ahmad, Mr. S. B. Chandra, Smt. Saraswati Devi and Mr. Manidra Mukerjee congratulated the Speaker.

The Assembly then adjourned.—United Press.

VICEROY VISITS BIHTA VICTIMS

PATNA, July 23.

The Viceroy, 'en route' to Assam, halted at Patna this afternoon and accompanied by the Governor of Bihar visited those injured in the Bihta disaster lying in the Dinapore and the Patna General Hospitals.

At the General Hospital the Viceroy was received by Mr. Shrikrishna Sinha, the Premier, and Mr. Anugraha Narayan Sinha, the Minister-in-Charge of Hospitals, and other officials.

The Viceroy went round the wards and was visibly moved seeing the victims of the train disaster. After a short stay he left by train for Assam.—A.P.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT AVERTED

JUBBULPORE, July 23.

The presence of mind of the driver of the Up Calcutta Mail was responsible for averting what might otherwise have resulted in a serious Railway accident.

Enquiries show that the outgoing Down Calcutta Mail was standing on a loop line at Dundi, between Jubbulpore and Katna on G. I. P. Railway. The incoming Up Calcutta Mail, which was to meet the Down train at the above station, instead of running through the main line, shifted to the loop line. The driver of the Up train, however, jammed the brakes and prevented his train from colliding with the former.

An official enquiry is proceeding in the matter.—United Press.

MARRIAGE BILL AWAITS ROYAL ASSENT

LONDON, July 23.

The House of Commons agreed to the House of Lords amendments of the Matrimonial Causes Bill.

The Bill now only awaits Royal assent.

Under the new Act, grounds for divorce in addition to those existing will be desertion for at least three years, cruelty, the incurable unsoundness of mind for five years. A wife may also obtain divorce for rape, sodomy and bestiality. Attempts to add other grounds were rejected during the debates but the law was tightened up in several directions.— Reuter.

FOR TRAINING EMPIRE POLICE

Hoare's Tribute To Hendon College

LONDON, July 23.

Sir Samuel Hoare, paying his visit as the Home Secretary to the Hendon Police College opined that the future will see Hendon as an Imperial University for the Empire Police Forces and that police generally of the Colonies, Dominions and India will find it of immense value.—Reuter.

King Gives Audience To Federal Chief Justice

LONDON, July 23.

Sir Maurice Gwyer, as the first India Chief Justice appointed under the new Constitution had audience with His Majesty.—Reuter.

"Amazing Indifference To Human Life"

WASHINGTON, July 23.

Sensational allegations have been made in the report of the Senate Committee inquiry of the Steel Mill Riot at Chicago on May 31.

IT HAS DECLARED THAT THE POLICE USED EXCESSIVE FORCE AND SHOWED "MOST CARELESS INDIFFERENCE TO HUMAN LIFE SUFFERING" IN BREAKING UP THE STRIKE.

THE POLICE ATTACKED WITHOUT WARNING AND PROVOCATION AND, BEYOND ABUSIVE LANGUAGE, DRAGGED SERIOUSLY INJURED AND UNCONSCIOUS MEN ALONG THE GROUND AS IF THEY WERE COMMON DRUNKARDS.

The report says that the arming of the crowd was not general and any evidence of shots fired from the crowd is discredited.

MANY CLUBS, STONES AND PIECES OF SCRAP-IRON WHICH THE POLICE ALLEGED THE STRIKERS CARRIED WERE ACTUALLY COLLECTED BY THE POLICE AFTER THE CLASH FROM NEARBY DUMP-HEAP.

NO CONCESSION TO COMMUNALISM

(Continued from Page 1)

Allarakhia, Sherali Bandeali, Seth Abdulgani Sumar, Abdulrehman Isa, Seth Abdulla Jusab, Huseinbhoy Alidina, Shaikh Mohomed Hasan, Salebhoy A. Dalal, Issak Shaikh Fazleally, B.A., LL.B., Seth Mahomed Husein Alibhoy, Seth Mohamed Yacub Pavasker, M. A. Hoosein, Hussain M. Contractor, B.Com., LL.B., G.D.A., R.A., Turabhusein Bandeali, Abdulhusein Haji Abdulla, T.D. Basrai, Abdul Kayum A. Rizwani, Yusufalli K. Datardina, Shaik Vazir Ali, M.A., Seth Abdul Razak Haji Mahomed, Oomer Dossa, Hooseinbhoy Ladha, Haji Janmahomed Haji Musa, Adam Fazalbhoy, Noormahomed Valimahomed Seth, Alimahomed Ladha, Ibrahimji Fazalbhoy, Abdoolhusein F. Sivani, Abdulgafur Khan, Khatri Bachu Arab, Akbarally Nathoobhoy, Seth Kulamhusein Alimahomed, Usman Ismail, Sheralli Alimahomed, Shaik Yunus Abdulla, Jaferalli Kalidas, Hasanali Molubhai, Kulamali Ebrahim.

NO CONCESSION TO COMMUNALISM

Sir Wazir Hasan's Warning To Congress Party In Legislatures

BAREILLY, (By Mail).

Sir Wazir Hasan, a former Muslim League president and ex-Chief Judge of the Chief Court of Oudh, has issued the following statement:—

"What the British Parliament is now going to do in Palestine, they have already done in India, more intensively and extensively, under the Constitution Act of 1935. That Act divides India first into British India and Indian India. The Act divides British India into Muslim India and Hindu India. That this is the correct interpretation of the provisions of the Act was repeatedly emphasized in the recent statements of several British statesmen. Lastly, the Act divides the citizens of every province of British India into several communities by making the Communal Award a part of the Statute.

The Congress and also communal organisations are unanimous in condemning and in rejecting altogether the first division on which the Federal part of the Act rests. As regards the further subdivisions, the attitude of the Congress is only understandable but is certainly not in the larger interests of nationalism. The Congress obviously has a quest in these sub-divisions on purely political grounds in the hope of acquiring thereby the goodwill and the co-operation of the communities concerned in its grim efforts of establishing complete self-government in the country.

The communal organisations, on the other hand, have acclaimed them as great triumph of communalism, professing to forget that the British Parliament agreed to these sub-divisions in the interests of exploitation and imperialism.

IMPLICATION OF OFFICES

To my mind office acceptance by the Congress marks another sacrifice of nationalism on the altar of expediency. I know there is a considerable difference of opinion on the question of acceptance and refusal of office but, as the majority of the Congress High Command under the advice of Mahatma Gandhi has decided in the affirmative, all must bow to the decision of the majority and share the hopes of Mahatmaji that the Congress Party in the legislatures of the six Provinces will work the Constitution in such a manner as to frustrate the intention of its framers and in furtherance of its programme.

At the same time, I cannot help feeling, and I am convinced that this feeling is universal, that this business of office acceptance is a great blow to our movement of complete independence and our great ideal of national dignity and respect. I agree with Mahatmaji that his policy of office acceptance is a course which may avoid the need of a bloody revolution on the one hand and mass Civil Disobedience on the other.

THIRD WAY TO SWARAJ

Possessed of an almost disgustingly law-abiding mentality, I also welcome the policy of office acceptance on these grounds. But I may ask Mahatmaji and others of his opinion if there is no third way of attaining Swaraj. I think there is, and a very effective one. In my yesterday's speech at the Students' Conference I pointed out that way by quoting the words of Sir S. Radha Krishnan. He said: "No people can keep another in subjection against its will if only that will expresses itself in the achievement of that unity and organisation, which will enable us to act as one.'

Another great thing which office acceptance has brought forth is the riddance of that incubus which was created in these six Provinces by the formation of what is called Interim Ministries. The Interim Ministers have already done a great harm to our national movement. These ministers in relinquishing their offices have issued statements, some of which may prove useful to the Congress Cabinet, but certainly it would have been more graceful if these ex-Ministers had carried these statements with them as their private property, while demitting office and brought them forward as their suggestion in the Assembly debates.

GREAT DECLARATION

In our Province, the Premier has declared that he and his colleagues are servants of the people This is a great declaration, magnanimous and a complete justification of office acceptance on the part of the Congress. Having regard to our past experience of the Premier and his colleagues, I am confident that the declaration will not only remain on paper but will be translated into action every minute of the life of Congress Cabinet. What a contrast between the declarations and statements made by the ex-Ministers from time to time in self-laudation and in enacting the farce of independence.

APPEAL TO CONGRESS

"The Congress may decide to make the Muslim cause in Palestine as its own just in the same manner as it did in the past as regards Khilafat, but in doing so it should make it clear that its decision is founded on the principle of freedom of people and not on any further concession to communalism, and I fervently hope that the Congress in their attempts at reforms will also make no such concession if these communalists claim any share in the Government of the provinces or, in the benefits of the reforms, they must prove their justification of the claim by showing their records in the assessment—[illegible]

The Romance Of Words

Gossip

This is a good example of how some of our words change both in meaning and in form. Originally the word meant godfather, or godmother. In the language we now call Middle English, it appeared as "gossib," and, earlier still, it was "godsib"—"sib" meaning related.

Thus, a "godsib," or gossip, as we say now, was one related in God, as a godfather or godmother is supposed to be.

Madrid Shelled Again

Two Rebel Attacks Repulsed

Heavy Casualties In Bombing From Air: Refugees Machine-Gunned

MADRID, July 23.

Eight to ten persons were killed and 20 wounded in the first shelling of Madrid for a fortnight. The casualties were due to shell falling at the entrance of underground railway.

It is officially stated that as a result of the insurgent air raid of Colmenar, ten miles from Madrid over 50 persons were dead and 100 wounded Refugees were also machine-gunned.

Four hundred bombs were dropped by the insurgents in an air raid on the agricultural town of Pouintanar Delaorden and five persons were killed and 32 seriously injured It is claimed that two violent insurgent attacks on west Madrid were quickly repulsed.—Reuter

REBELS SINK UNKNOWN MERCHANT SHIP

BARCELONA, July 23.

Message from Gerona states that the insurgent cruiser "Cenarias" is reported to have shelled and sank an unknown merchant-man off Cape Bagur.

The shore batteries are reported to have fired on the cruiser. —Reuter.

REBELS FIRE ON BRITISH SHIP

LONDON, July 23.

The British steamer "Macgregor," believed to be carrying 2,000 refugees from Santander, refused to halt when the insurgent cruiser "Almirante Cervera" fired three warning shots across her bows.

When the vessel was outside Spanish water, a British warship was detailed to protect her.— Reuter.

BARCELONA was sheller from the sea.

WITHDRAWAL OF VOLUNTEERS

LONDON: July 22.

As the next meeting of the Chairman's Sub-committee will be occupied by discussion of the new British procedure plan, it is expected that the examination of the proposals themselves will be again delayed despite Lord Plymouth's appeal to speed.

The Italian circles in London declare that Italy has no intention in refusing to discuss the withdrawal of volunteers, and it is understood that Sgr. Grandi has informed Mr. Eden, yesterday that the Italian attitude is not dictated by the desire to shelve the question.

The Italian circles maintain that the grant of belligerent rights is the method of strengthening the control system, and should, therefore, logically precede the withdrawal of volunteers as the subject of discussion, but it is pointed out that the Italian view does not exclude the possibility of a compromise.—Reuter.

"ATTACK ON EVACUATING SHIPS"

Not Worth Taking Military Action On, Says Duff Cooper

LONDON, July 23.

The question of protection of ships engaged in evacuating the Basque refugees from interference by the insurgent warships was raised by Mr Wedgwood Benn in the House of Commons on a motion for adjournment.

Mr. Benn said it was shameful that ships engaged in purely humanitarian work should be captured with British warships looking on without taking any action.

Mr Duff Cooper replied that the Government wished to assist neither side militarily. It was difficult to draw a line between humanitarianism and military assistance.

When the town was besieged help given by importing food and diminishing demand for food by taking away women and children was military assistance. The people participating in the civil war forfeited their right to expect influence of Britain to act on their behalf.

British ships chartered by the Basque Government were as much volunteers as those of Italy, Germany, Britain or France alleged to be fighting for either side

Speaking with the greatest heat Mr. Duff Cooper added:—"So long as I am at the Admiralty I hope that not another British sailor will fall in for cause which is not worth fighting for."

The House then adjourned.—Reuter.

FOR FOREST PRESERVATION

Congress Ministries To Be Invited To Inter-Provincial Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 23.

The first important Inter-Provincial Conference to which Congress Ministries in the provinces will be invited to send representatives is the proposed special Conference of Forest representatives in next cold weather.

It is expected the Conference will consider the question of setting up a national committee with a view to provide some form of democratic action for the protection of forest areas. There have been complaints that already some provinces like the Punjab have been reckless in cutting down forest areas. Two aspects of the question are particularly important, firstly whether in the interests of the province itself, it should not resolve on a settled uniform policy in order to avoid the danger of rapid deforestation and secondly whether provinces should not agree among themselves about consulting the neighbouring provinces affected before any area is proposed to be deforested.

Education Experts' Report To Be Published In Advance

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 23.

The Government of India have decided to publish educational experts' report entitled "vocational education in India with Section on General Education and Administration" in advance of its consideration by Central Advisory Board of Education in India because they feel this report should be made available to the public in India as soon as possible and the Board should have before it the reactions of public opinion when it itself meets to consider the report.

LIFE ASSURANCE

THE WINTERTHUR SWISS LIFE ASSURANCE CO. invites applications from well educated and highly connected persons of either sex as Organisers for Bombay City and Suburbs for appointment on salary basis. Only those persons who are capable of guaranteeing business need apply to,

VOLKART BROTHERS

BRANCH MANAGERS,

The Winterthur Swiss Life Assurance Co., (Incorporated in Switzerland).

Military Expenditure Must Come Under Popular Control

SATYAMURTI ON MAHATMA'S INSTRUMENT OF INSTRUCTIONS FOR MINISTERS

SIMLA, July 21.

Mr. S. Satyamurti M.L.A., in the course of a statement says:—

"Mahatma Gandhi has made an epoch-making statement on acceptance of office by the Congress if only people and Government here respond.

"Mahatmaji's exhortation to the Congress Ministers is to use the Act in a manner not expected by the framers thereof and to refrain from using it in the way intended by them.

"The Government of India Act must go. Military expenditure must come under popular control and must be roughly halved, the other half being made over to the Provinces.

"Mahatmaji's special appeal to disprove English press when they divide the Congress Provinces as Hindu and non-Congress as Muslim must find ready response in all national hearts. Congress must concentrate the next few years of its work in the Punjab, Sind and Bengal. If in those Provinces also Congress minorities become Congress majorities the struggle for Indian freedom will become resistless. I expect Assam and Frontier Province become Congress majority Provinces soon.

"We must get joint electorates at any reasonable price. Once we get them the communalists will lose their occupation. I trust Mahatmaji's appeal to Englishmen and Anglicized Indians will find ready response. Let them remember the stakes are high.

"Mahatma Gandhi's concluding sentence is at once an exhortation and a warning. This office acceptance is a serious attempt to avoid bloody revolution on the one hand or a mass civil disobedience movement on the other. Let Government and their supporters realise that the Indian National Congress will never be divided but will always stand united and that Mahatma Gandhi is the undisputed leader of the Congress and of the people and he is the best friend they have in India to-day".—A. P.

"PRESS DEPOSITS MUST BE REFUNDED"

Interesting Resolutions For Bengal Council

DEHRA DUN, July 23.

Following are some of the interesting resolutions which will be moved during the forthcoming session of the Bengal Legislative Council:—

(1) This Council is of the opinion that, the Governor should be appointed by His Majesty the King-Emperor on the recommendation of the two Houses of the Legislature at a joint sitting convened for the purpose.

(2) This Council is of opinion that, the political prisoners of Bengal who have been detained in camps and jails in and outside Bengal and also those who have been interned either at home or at any village or town domicile or kept under order of restraint of any kind should be unconditionally released and the orders of restraint and internment withdrawn without further delay.

(3) This Council is of opinion that Government should take immediate steps for the purpose of refunding to parties concerned the security deposited by newspapers or printing presses or editors or printers or keepers of newspaper or printing presses which have been forfeited under Indian Press Emergency Powers Act of 1931 and of returning to parties concerned such security deposits as have not been forfeited.

This Council is of opinion that all purchases of clothes made by any department of the Government should be of Indian indigenous manufacture, preferably Khaddar.—United Press.

BAPAT RELEASED

Public Reception In Belgaum

BELGAUM, July 23.

Mr. Bapat was released from the Handalgi Jail at 12-30 this noon before the expiry of his sentence by the order of the Government of Bombay.

He was received at the jail gate by Mr. Narayanrao Joshi, the Deputy Speaker of the Bombay Assembly, Mr. Gangadhar Rao Deshpande, Mr. Bhimrao Poddar, M.L.C. and other Congress leaders, and was profusely garlanded. Mr. Bapat though much pulled down looked very cheerful.

A public reception has been arranged this evening. After addressing a meeting, Mr. Bapat is proceeding to Poona.—United Press.

RESTRICTIONS ON YAGNIK MUST GO

Ahmedabad Associations' Appeal To Law And Order Minister

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD: July 22.

In pursuance of the resolutions passed at the meetings of Gumasta Hitwardhak Sabha and Tenants' Association, Ahmedabad, appealing to the Congress Ministry to withdraw the restrictions on Sjt. Indulal Yagnik, who was prohibited to enter and take part in public meetings, in certain parts of Gujerat since over a year the Associations wired Sjt. Kanailal Munshi, Law Member, as follows:—

"Please Urgently Withdraw Highly Unjustified Restraints Against Indulal Yagnik.—Gumasta Tenants' Association."

SPEAKER AND DEPUTY SPEAKER IN BIHAR

Ramdayalu And Abdul Bari Elected Uncontested

PATNA: July 23.

Having no contestants set up against them, Mr. Ramdayalu Sinha and Professor Abdul Bari were declared Speaker and Deputy Speaker of Behar Legislative Council. Both of them are Congress nominees.

The announcement of this by the interim speaker was hailed with tremendous cheers.

The proceedings of to-day's Assembly commenced with cries of "Bande Mataram".—United Press.

FRONTIER CONGRESS SECRETARY ARRESTED

Sequel To Alleged Condemnation Of Forward Policy

PESHAWAR: July 23.

Arbab Abdul Ghafoor Khan, member of the N.W.F.P. Assembly and General Secretary of the Frontier Congress Parliamentary Board, was arrested yesterday on a warrant under Section 124-A by the Assistant Commissioner, Bannu.

It is understood that the arrest was made on the basis of a speech delivered by Abdul Ghafoor Khan at a mosque in Bannu in which he is alleged to have condemned the forward policy of British Government and raids and kidnappings in the Frontier Province.

He was released on bail and has been ordered to appear in the court of the Assistant Commissioner, Bannu, on July 27.—United Press.

NARIMAN-SARDAR CONTROVERSY

Dohad Bar Urges Mahatma To Intervene

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, July 22.

The non-inclusion of Sjt. Nariman in the Ministry has been received in the local political circles with unpleasant surprise. It was however thought that he would be chosen for the Speakership of the Assembly, but these hopes have also been frustrated.

The Nariman-Vallabhbhai controversy is creating a very bad impression on the general public and it is reliably understood that almost all the members of the local Bar have sent a letter to Gandhiji immediately to intervene and exert his influence with a view to end the controversy. The letter contains references to the glorious services of Mr. Nariman to the country.

Notice On Kisan Committee President

BATALA: (By Mail)

Notices under Section 108, Cr. P.C., have been served by a court of Gurdaspur, on Sardar Ishar Singh, President of the Kisan Committee, Siri Har Govindpura, and Bhai Sodarshan Singh Nidharak for organising Dewans in the villages Siri Gobindpura, Mari Moza, Albona, Bhamri, etc., during the last four months and delivering alleged seditious speeches. The accused have been ordered to present themselves in the Court of Sardar Jaswant Singh Uppal, Resident Magistrate on the 23rd July and show cause why they should not be asked to furnish security of Rs. 2,000 for one year.—United Press.

JAMSHEDPUR BAN MODIFIED

Sequel To Representation To Bihar Premier

PATNA, July 23.

On a representation being made by Mr. H. K. Sane, Secretary of the Jamshedpur Congress Committee, and after a talk with Mr. Promatha Bhattashali M.L.A. who came here to attend the Assembly meeting, the Hon. Mr. Sri Krishna Singh the Premier, is reported to have just ordered the withdrawal of the order under section 144 promulgated at Jamshedpur a few days ago in connection with the strike in the Tatanagar foundry, confining it only to those who appear to be violent pickets.—United Press.

BIHAR CABINET

Career Of Harijan Minister

Babu Srikrishna Singh, Babu Anugrah Narayan Sinha and Doctor Mahmud have certainly been the topmen in Congress ranks in this province for a long period of years. They have been noted alike for their strength of character and services and sacrifices and their single-minded devotion to the country's cause. To them have been added Babu Jaglal Choudhry who, although less well-known to people outside Congress ranks, is one of the most devoted workers in the country's cause and a man with a character which others can well emulate. In one sense, his sacrifice has been the greatest. Having left his studies in the beginning of 1921 he has, through weal and woe, stuck to his post of duty, rendering very valuable, though unostentatious service, to the country's cause. It may not be known to many that he was in final M. B. Class of the Calcutta Medical College when the call of Non-Co-operation came and, although only three months' delay would have converted him into a full-fledged M.B., he responded to the call with alacrity and spurned all advice to stay on for three months more and appear at the final examination. The sacrifice was unsurpassed, for Sj. Jaglal Choudhury came of a very poor family and it was only the help of some friends that enabled him with great difficulty to proceed up to the final M. B. class and the entire hope of his family was centred on him. But he cared not for the prospect that the M.B. degree opened out to him and his family and he preferred to go on with his poverty as before so that he might serve his country better. In the course of his long record of service he went to jail several times. Sj. Choudhary belongs to the poor which is considered to be a supand illiterate Past community pressed class. The value of his magnificent sacrifice can, therefore, be imagined, not described. It certainly transcends that of others belonging to richer and more educated classes. His selection as Minister is certainly a tribute to his sacrifice and to the depressed classes generally which have produced a man of his sterling worth.—"Searchlight."

WHO'S WHO IN U. P. CABINET

Following are the life sketches of the Four Congress Ministers in the U.P. Cabinet:

PT. G. B. PANT

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Leader of the Congress Party in the U.P. Assembly and now the Premier of the Province, has had very long experience of Legislatures, having been Leader of the Swaraj Party in the U.P. Council for six years. His work in the Central Legislature during the last two years is well known. In spite of his phlegmatic appearance he is one of the most astute politicians in the country. A staunch supporter of the cause he has espoused he never takes a tragic view of things, has a keen sense of humour and a constructive mind All these help him to take the less extreme view. He is a clever lawyer but active participation in politics has prevented him from making a fortune at the Bar. "His self-sacrifice", wrote an intimate friend of Pt. Pant in the "Hindustan Times", "keeps him perpetually poor, and his love of discipline enables him to be in the vanguard of the Congress movement even when he is unable intellectually to agree with the conclusions of the majority".

DR. K. N. KATJU

Dr. Kailash Nath Katju brings the most astute legal brain in the Congress Ministry. His coming to the Cabinet means the sacrifice of a practice which often runs into five figures. He earned more than provincial reputation as the defence counsel in the High Court appeal of the Meerut Conspiracy Case. His debut in active politics has been comparatively recent but he has always been a staunch nationalist. Several Congress organisations, both in this province and outside, have received considerable financial help from him. He has taken sustained interest in the civic matters of his city, Allahabad, and was elected last year Chairman of the Municipal Board.

MR. R. A. KIDWAI

A Zemindar of the Bara Banki District Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai is one of the staunchest Congress Muslims in the U.P. He has actively participated in all the three Congress movements since 1921. He was associated with Pandit Motilal Nehru during the Swaraj Party days and was a member of the Central Legislative Assembly. He was whip of the Party in the Assembly and also secretary to Pandit Motilal Nehru. An ex-President of U.P. Provincial Congress Committee he is at present President of the U.P. Congress Parliamentary Board. He was responsible for the organisation of the Congress campaign in the last general election. Though not elected in the general election he was elected unopposed in a bye-election later.

MRS. PANDIT

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, sister of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is the first woman minister in the U.P. Always a staunch nationalist she took active part in the Congress movements of 1930 and 1932. She organised women volunteers in Allahabad and directed picketing work during the movement. She was twice sent to jail in the 1930 and 1932 movements.—"Pioneer."

SYMPATHETIC WATCHFULNESS

Socialist Attitude Towards Congress Cabinets Explained

MADRAS: July 23.

As loyal Congressmen, they should respect the majority decision, however disappointing it might seem, and as militant fighters, they should take an adverse decision in a spirit of keen sportsmanship, declared Mr. Yusuf Meherally expressing the Socialists' attitude at a meeting this evening.

He added that their attitude towards the Ministries should be one of sympathetic watchfulness.

TASK AHEAD.

Explaining the task ahead Mr Meherally said that it was twofold, firstly, the organisation of the peasants, the working-classes and the middle-classes; secondly, the bringing of these classes under the wings of a revivified and militant Indian National Congress.

He urged the abolition of landlordism, the removal of indebtedness and the reduction of the land revenue. One of the tasks of the new Ministries should be to devise a scheme in this direction, particularly proclaiming a State moratorium for a period of five years.

He remarked that it was precisely this orientation that the Socialist Party had been pressing.—A. P.

WELLDONE, U. P. CABINET!

MADRAS, July 23.

At a public meeting of Madras women held this evening under the auspices of the Madras Branch of the Women's Indian Association, Dr Mrs. Muthulakshmi Reddy presiding, a resolution was adopted congratulating the United Provinces Ministry on the inclusion of a woman in their Cabinet and the Central Provinces on the election of a woman for Deputy Presidentship.

The meeting also passed the following resolution:—

"While being thankful to the Madras Ministry for following the precedent set by their predecessors in having elected a woman for Deputy Speakership, this meeting cannot but express their profound regret that it has not taken a more forward step like the United Provinces in a province which till now had enjoyed the honour of leading the other provinces in its recognition of women's rights and capacity to an equal place in the public life along with men".—United Press.

RAJEN BABU ON KISAN ENQUIRY

PATNA, July 23.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, accompanied by his Secretary Mr. Chakradhar Saran, left for Bhagalpore this evening.

Rajen Babu, who is the President of the Congress Kisan Enquiry Committee, will join it, on July 26, in its tour round Motihari district. The tour will continue from July 26 to July 28.—United Press.

Farce Of Autonomy In Bengal

Subhas Exposes Huq's Reactionary Cabinet

WILL ANDERSON COMPLETE IRISH ANALOGY BY HANDING OVER POWER TO PEOPLES' REPRESENTATIVES?

DALHOUSIE, July 23.

The following statement has been issued by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose to the Associated Press:—

"When I left Bengal in April, I intended not to issue any statement on the situation there until I returned to active service. But, as the political situation there is worsening daily and my absence has to be prolonged for reasons of health, I feel called upon to break my self-imposed silence.

Four months' experience has shown that Bengal has been saddled with a most reactionary Ministry in the whole of India. Though no one had expected anything big from Khwaja-Huq Ministry, I am sure that nobody had bargained for the profound disappointment that has now overtaken the province. After his lavish promises for solving the province's "Dal and Bhath" problem, his stentorian demand for release of detenus and elaborate nation-building programme of his Proja Party, people expected that Mr. Fazlul Huq, as Premier, would put into practice at least a fraction of what he had professed. But little did they know that like a great American savant Mr. Huq believes that consistency is a hobgoblin of little minds.

NO AUTONOMY.

Throughout the world the inauguration of a liberal regime is always heralded by amnesty for political prisoners. In Bengal where over 2,000 detenus are still incarcerated without trial, where there are a large number of convicted political prisoners, many of whom have been transported to Andaman Islands and where the machinery of repression is still working with full force, it is impossible to believe that there is anything in the nature of Provincial Autonomy.

The greatest disappointment has naturally been over the non-release of detenus. One can understand the mentality of the Governor, of the permanent officials and of the C.I.D, who have been long accustomed to a policy which Bismark would have called a "policy of blood and iron." But one cannot understand the mentality of the ex-champion of the people, who now seeks to justify detention without trial and sermonises to the University students to eschew politics. Truly has Mr. Fazlul Huq out-heroded Herod. Our task in these circumstances is clear.

"DETENU DAY" EVERY MONTH

We have to start a raging and tearing campaign all the province to demand the release of all detenus to be followed by release of all political prisoners, including those in the Andamans. I welcome the decision to observe on 24th of July as "Detenu Day" all over Bengal. I hope on that day, meetings will be held in every town and village to demand the liberation of detenus and express no confidence in the present ministry.

And I want the Provincial Congress Committees to continue observing "Detenu Day" every month on a suitable date as long as there is a single detenu left in custody. We have in this manner to create such a volume of public indignation as will bring about the fall of this ramshackle Ministry.

A WORD TO ANDERSON

Before I close, I would like to address a few words to His Excellency, Sir John Anderson, and the permanent officials, who are virtually ruling Bengal now. His Excellency in a recent speech has very significantly pointed out that there is no disagreement between him and his Ministers on questions affecting Law and Order. It has caused us no surprise that the present Ministry has fallen in line with the repressive policy that is being pursued in Bengal for the last seven years. His Excellency has also referred to the part he played in bringing about the release of political prisoners in Ireland and has regretted that facts and circumstances in Bengal are quite different from those in Ireland.

NO ANALOGY

But, is it not true that in Ireland there was open rebellion in which thousands of Britishers were killed, while in Bengal at the worst there was a terrorist movement, the victims of which did not number more than a few dozens. Sir John knows and all his permanent officials know that terrorist movement is a thing of the past. Apart from my own information, I have it on the authority of more than one responsible police official, whom I met during my internment, that the youth of Bengal including inmates of prisons and detention camps are thinking not in terms of terrorism but of Socialism and mass movement. What justification can there be for continued incarceration of those who according to Government were imprisoned for being connected with terrorist movement.

Five years ago before Sir John left the shores of England, he was criticised for his part in the Black and Tan regime in Ireland and he retorted by saying that he had also participated in handing over power to the Irish people. His Excellency has had his repressive regime in Bengal for full five years. Before he lays down the reins of Government will he not repeat what he did in Ireland that is, set free all political prisoners and hand over power to real representatives of the people before he leaves the shores of India?

So far as we Congressmen are concerned, I can say with a full sense of responsibility and on behalf of the Congress organisations in Bengal that if Government will do an act of belated justice, we shall certainly respond by redoubling our efforts for inculcating the spirit of non-violence among the people; for, in any case, in her own interest and in the interest of India as a whole, Bengal will have to fall in line with principle, policy and method of the Indian National Congress.—A.P.

DUNGARPUR TOWN UNDER WATER

Heavy Rain Causes Huge Damage To Property

AHMEDABAD: July 23.

Heavy rains continues in Gujarat.

Continuous heavy rain during the past 24 hours is reported from Dungarpur State. Dungarpur town and the surrounding area were inundated and appeared like a vast sheet of water. A number of houses collapsed and people took shelter near the Palace of the Prince.

No loss of life has been reported, but damage to property to the extent of two and a half lakhs is estimated.—A.P.

TRIVANDRUM, July 20: The ninth session of the All-India Oriental Conference will meet in Trivandrum on the 20th, 21st and 22nd December this year, under the presidency of Dr. F. W. Thomas, Boden Professor of Sanskrit at the Oxford University.—A.P.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

AN APOLOGY

The hesitation of the two horsemen aroused the Musketeers' suspicion, and Athos, advancing a few paces, cried in a firm voice,

'Who goes there?'

'Who goes there, yourselves?' replied one of the horsemen.

'That's not an answer,' replied Athos. 'Who goes there? Answer, or we shoot!'

'Beware of what you are about, gentlemen!' answered a clear, commanding voice. 'Who goes there? Answer, or you may repent your disobedience.'

'King's Musketeers', said Athos, feeling more and more convinced that his interlocutor had the right to question him.

'What company?'

'Company of Treville'.

'Advance, and give an account of what you are doing here at this hour.'

Athos signed to Porthos and Aramis to remain in the rear, and then advanced alone.

FOLLOWING THE CARDINAL

'We beg your pardon, sir', Athos said, 'but we did not know with whom we had to do, and as you see we were keeping good guard'.

'Your name?' asked the officer, who covered a part of his face by a corner of his cloak.

'Who are you yourself?' asked Athos, beginning to be annoyed by this cross-examination. 'I beg you to give me a proof that you have the right to question me.'

'Your name?' repeated the horseman, letting his cloak fall and leaving his face uncovered.

'Monsieur the Cardinal!' exclaimed the Musketeer in great astonishment.

'Your name!' asked his Eminence for the third time.

'Athos', replied the Musketeer.

The cardinal beckoned to his attendant, who drew near.

'These three musketeers shall follow us', he said in an undertone.

PLAN *your future* **NOW!**

Can you see a sure income for you and your family in the years to come? If not, now—today—is the time to look ahead.

Few familymen can, by investing their own savings, build up a fund to provide for their future and at the same time take care of present needs. Yet everybody wants to

A Life Insurance programme planned by the National Indian can solve that problem. It will not only provide the protection that everyman wants for his family, but will assure also the security and comfort in the years to come. A National Indian agent will be glad to help you plan your future through this programme. Call for him, or write to us.

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Managing Agents:

MARTIN & CO., 12, Mission Row, Calcutta

Principal Offices:

2nd floor, Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, 278, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

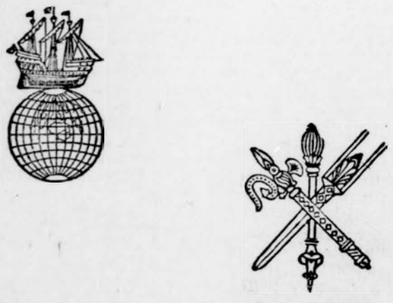
2nd Floor, Lal Udho Mansion, Bunder Road, KARACHI.

BEWARE

OF IMITATIONS—

One of these

TRADE



MARKS

is stamped on every 2 or 3 yards of the selvedge of all *genuine* piecegoods of **THE BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC MILLS, MADRAS**—the leading Cotton Mills of India for over half a century.

Distributors:

Messrs BRIJMOHAN KRISHNAPARSHAD,
336A, Kalbadevi Road, 1st Floor, BOMBAY.
THE SARASWATI STORES CO.,
General Merchants, Market, RAJKOT.

LEPROSY and LEUCODERMA

Whatever extensive and however long-standing cured absolutely in four weeks Success guaranteed Particulars on request. KAMALA WORKS (B. C.), PANCHPOTA (Bengal)

ULCERINE

Radically cures all sorts of Boils, Sores, Sinuses, Gangrenes, Carbuncles Piles, Fistula, Otorrhoea foul ulcers, etc on application it may be taken as the best Blood Purifier Re 1-4 per bottle All India Medical Exhibition awarded medals. Ask free details

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal, Agents: Vanmali Bhikha & Co., Princess St., Bombay.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

A pathetic story of how a girl named Ganshalin Abdul Karim, (11), left home to go to her school at Poibawdi and met her death was told at the Coroner's Court, to-day.

The girl was going over the Elphinstone Road Bridge about 10-30 a.m. on July 22 when she was knocked down by a motor lorry. As a result the girl met with her death the next day in the K.E.M. Hospital.

The inquest was adjourned for police investigations to July 29.

Soliciting For Prostitution?

Soliciting for prostitution at the junction of Falkland Road and Arab Lane, was the charge against Abdul Majid Abdul Hamid and six others who were arrested at nine last night.

All the suspects were placed before the Magistrate at Mazagaon Police Court to-day and were ordered to be enlarged on bail of Rs. 100 (Rs 25 cash).

The Vigilance Branch police alleged that the arrested persons were always to be seen inducing people to visit women of a certain class all over the city.

Raghunath Gopal Jogi is stated to have stolen some currency notes and gold ornaments from the trunk of his nephew yesterday. He was arrested by Nagpada Police at midnight yesterday and was placed before the Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

Taking advantage of his nephew's absence, Jogi, it is stated entered the room, opened the trunk and removed some notes and a gold hair ornament. He then took the ornament to a goldsmith's at Elphinstone Road and had the same converted into a ring.

Pending further inquiries, he was remanded into custody till August 6.

Alleged Kidnapping

Krishna Baloo and Mahadoo Maloo were remanded to police custody to-day by Mr. R. Mathalone at the Mazagaon Police Court on charges of kidnapping a minor girl and abetment thereof.

It is stated that the mother of the girl reported to the Agripada police on the 14th instant that her daughter was missing from her house. Afterwards she got information that her daughter was in the house of Krishna Baloo and so she sent her son to fetch the girl.

It appears that he saw the girl in the house but Mahadoo Maloo is alleged to have told the girl of her brother's arrival when she is said to have again disappeared.

The police arrested the two suspects at nine last night and placed them before the Magistrate at Mazagaon to-day.

Sutta Raids In City

Fourteen persons who were arrested last night, for alleged Sutta khel were put up before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day.

Two raids carried out at the II Marine Line and Cooperage resulted in the seizure of alleged Sutta chits, marked coins and the arrest of eleven persons. All of them were enlarged on bail till August 6.

Their names are:—Punilal Maniram, Chiranjiv Hariprasad, Bhagoth Ramprasad, Rambahadur Bindesari, Matabhit Zinzuri, Gangaprasad Abhilata, Sobhnath Kamta, Ramhetu Gajadhu, Raoji Manga, Nand Kishore Jagannath and Baptista alias Metic DeSouza.

AT BOMANJI LANE.

Three persons were arrested in a Firewood depot in Bomanji Lane, Fort, in the course of a raid. The police seized chits, cash of Rs. 77-3-0 and marked cains.

Temuras F. Cuord, Mohamed Hussein Adam and Amir Shalam, the three arrested persons, were bailed out till July 30.

ENLARGED ON Rs. 100,000 BAIL

Mitchell Of Investors A. Bureau Remanded In Police Custody

BOMBAY, Friday.

That G. Mitchell, one of the partners in the investor's Advisory Bureau may be enlarged on a bail of Rs. 1,00,000 (one lakh) with two sureties who should deposit Rs. 30,000 each—was the order passed to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

It will be recalled that following certain revelations, warrants for the extradition of Mitchell and Davidson, two of the partners of the Bureau were issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, in pursuance of which Mitchell was arrested at Alexandria and was brought to Bombay.

He had already been remanded to police custody on Saturday last

NO 'PRIMA FACIE' CASE

In moving for his release on bail Mr. Khairaz stated that no "prima facie" case had as yet been made out against the firm of which Mr. Mitchell was a partner.

The whole story had been a newspaper sensation. No complaints had been recorded against the firm prior to the publication of the stories in the Press.

It was quite a genuine business and Mitchell had left Bombay only on an urgent business engagement.

If he intended to run away he would surely not have left all the account books behind; much less would they have left Rs. 13,000 in the Bank, as they did.

APPLICATION OPPOSED

Inspector Dere opposed the application. He said that the amount involved in the case was about 2 1/2 lakhs of rupees and that no bail order should be made.

The Magistrate said that it was not right to say that no complaint had been made before the matter appeared in the Press. He had received a complaint.

He had issued the warrants only after a 'prima facie' case had been shown to exist. The third partner of the firm was yet absconding. He could not release the accused on a small bail and passed orders as stated above.

FULL OF BUGS

Mr. Khairaz then requested the court that in default of furnishing bail, the accused may be detained in jail custody. He complained that the police cells were full of bugs and cockroaches.

The Magistrate remarked that he had received complaints that there were bugs in the court room also (laughter). There were bugs in jail too.

Mr. Khairaz: "I am told the bugs in jail are not so assiduous in their attention to undertrial prisoners."

But the Magistrate refused to grant the request as it would hamper the police in their investigations.

HEAVY RAIN IN KIRKEE

Bund Reaches High Water Mark

(From Our Correspondent)

KIRKEE: July 22.

It was a false impression that there was going to be a change in the weather, when the sun came out just a few hours, about a week ago, and everyone was rejoicing at the prospect of bright, clear skies.

Rain we have been having since then, has not been heavy, nor continuous. Persistent light falls have kept on daily, but last night there was soaking rain, and, to-day it came down more heavily than usual.

The Bund is in floods and old resident cannot recall it having ever reached so high a water mark.

The drains and outlets to the river, from the surrounding fields as a result of this heavy downpour, cannot function properly Water pressure from the swollen river has turned these outlets, to all appearances, into minor tributaries.

There are no indications of the rain ceasing for a time.

OVER TWO INCHES RAIN IN CITY

Heavy Gales And Stormy Weather

BOMBAY Friday.

Stormy weather conditions prevailed on Thursday night. Heavy gales blew over the city accompanied by continuous rainfall. In the early hours of this morning, the rain stopped only to commence again shortly after noon.

Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m., to-day (Friday), was 2.08 inches at Colaba, 2.32 inches in the Fort area, 2.22 inches at Byculla and 1.60 inches at Matunga.

Maximum temperature for the same period was 79.8 degrees, five degrees below normal, and the minimum temperature of 74.6 degrees was a degree below normal.

Rainfall since the beginning of June is 43.23 inches at Colaba (4.70 inches above normal), 60.24 inches in the Fort area, 54.93 inches at Byculla and 50.58 inches at Matunga.

POONA WEATHER REPORT

Bay Depression Intensified

POONA, July 23.

The Bay depression has intensified into a cyclonic storm of small extent and is centred this morning near latitude twenty and half, and longitude eighty-eight. The monsoon has been strong in East Rajputana, Gujarat, Central Provinces, Konkan, and Bombay Deccan, and active in South Bengal, Orissa, West Rajputana, Malabar and North Madras Coast. Rainfall has also been nearly general in North Hyderabad, local in North Bengal, East United Provinces, Central India and South Hyderabad and a few falls have occurred at a few stations in Assam, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, West United Provinces, Sind and Madras Deccan.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:— Mahableshwar and Khandala eight inches each; Chandbali and Kotah four each; Jubbulpore three; Seoni, Pendra, Kanker, Barmer, Deesa, Bombay and Mercara two each; Sambalpur, Saugor, Ahmedabad and Ratnagiri one and half each; and Sibsagar, Malegaon, Poona and Belgaum one each.

Forecast:—The monsoon will be strong in South Bengal, Orissa, central parts of the country, Konkan, West Deccan and active in Gujarat, Rajputana, Malabar, East Deccan and North Madras Coast. Rainfall is likely to occur locally in rest of the peninsula, North Bengal, Chota Nagpur and a few stations in Bihar and Assam. A few thundershowers are also likely in the region from United Provinces to Northwest Frontier.

Heavy Rainfall Warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely in west coast of the peninsula during the next forty-eight hours.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 23/7/1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —040 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.6 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 79.8 degrees 5.2 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.6 degrees 1.5 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 93 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 281 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 48 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10.

Rain in 24 hours 2.08 inches

Total rainfall during the month 24.91 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 43.79 inches

Weather Remark Rain and squally.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of Moderate intensity at its origin about 6,000 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 22h 52mts. (I.S.T.) on Thursday the 22nd July 1937.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 23-7-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.79 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

INDIAN CEMENT CO. TO BE WOUND UP

BOMBAY Friday.

It was decided to wind up the Indian Cement Company, Limited, at an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders held today at Esplanade House. Mr. J. R. D. Tata presided.

Mr. J. H. Patel was appointed liquidator with a remuneration of Rs. 3,000

GERMANY'S SECRET GOLD-RESERVES

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

According to information in the financial circles of the city of London, Germany's secret gold reserve, amounts to about forty million pounds sterling. This gold reserve is not mentioned in any official statistics, but according to the City Editor of an influential London daily, the accumulation began with a sum of 80.7 million marks set aside in 1934. For, the Reichsbank lost in that year 298.4 millions of gold; while the net gold export amounted to only 217.7 millions.

"In 1935, the Reichsbank lost a further 72.6 millions; and the gold import exceeded the gold export by 101.5 million marks. The secret gold reserve must, therefore, have grown by a further 174.1 million marks.

"In 1936, the Reichsbank lost 19.6 million and the gold import exceeded the export by 9.2 million The first big increase in the secret gold reserve was in 1935. In that year, Germany received gold payments from Russia in settlement of commercial debts that Russia had contracted in previous years. These Russian payments never appeared in the official returns but were obviously transferred to the secret reserve."—United Press.

National Paints & Industrial Works

Anti-Corrosive ***for*** **Railway Workshops**

In Railway workshops, Station yards, etc., where smoke and steam flood the atmosphere, signal posts paint switches, shed roofs and all iron and steel structures are exposed to rapid deterioration, unless they be thoroughly protected from the ravages of the rust-causing moisture by 100% efficient anti-corrosive paint - - - by National P & I Works Anti-Corrosive Paint, the perfect paint for all iron and steel erections—the paint that provides complete rust-protection for all time.

for **Industrial Works**

That Last

In any factory or workshop the acid fumes, the steam, the corrosive vapours render efficient rust-prevention a necessity. National P & I Works Anti-Corrosive Paint reduces repair and renewal expenses, its supreme quality ensures that it will last long after cheaper and less effective rust-preventives have worn away.

National Paints *for* **Value** *for* **Quality**

Write to-day for complete colour chart and price-list of National Anti-Corrosive Paints.

Factory

NATIONAL PAINT & INDUSTRIAL WORKS
50-58, Frere Road, Bombay.

Agents

GORDHANDAS JAMNADAS
DHARSEE NANJEE & Co., Ltd.
Danabunder, Mandvi, BOMBAY.

Children need a *gentle* laxative

'California Syrup of Figs" won't upset a six-months-old baby

ALL children sometimes become peevish, bilious and feverish due to constipation and require a laxative to cleanse liver and bowels. But the delicate system of a child requires a *gentle* laxative — one that will not gripe and overact. Doctors recommend 'California Syrup of Figs' Because it is the *natural* laxative, always effective yet so safe and gentle. Unlike many so called remedies 'California Syrup of Figs' is not habit-forming.

"CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS"

NATURE'S FRUIT LAXATIVE

Send this coupon for interesting 27-page booklet on children and health "Building a Child".

MARTIN & HARRIS LTD.
CALCUTTA

Please send me free your booklet "Building a Child"

Name.....

Address.....

BC—4

1912----1937

SILVER JUBILEE

CASH CERTIFICATES

4%—3 YEARS

For	Every			You	get	
..	..	Rs.	89	..	..	Rs. 100
..	..	Rs.	445	..	..	Rs. 500
..	..	Rs.	890	..	..	Rs. 1000
..	..	Rs.	4450	..	..	Rs. 5000

For full particulars please apply to:

THE TRAVANCORE NATIONAL BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in Travancore in 1912).

25-27, Churchgate St., BOMBAY.

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

BREAKNECK DANGERS

In "California Straight Ahead" At The Capitol

The dangerous passes of the high Sierra Nevada mountains with slopes descending at breakneck angles, provide dramatic settings for Universal's "California Straight Ahead" which opens at the Capitol Theatre to-day. The entire company spent many days away from civilization, photographing the exciting race of a fleet of huge trucks through the mountain passes. Rarely have such vivid or dangerous scenes been photographed. "California Straight Ahead" is the story of a great conflict, industrial and personal, between trucking lines and the railroads, and the two men who lead the opposing factions. A great transcontinental race is the climax, with a fortune and a woman's love as the stake.

Universal sent out several scouts to locate exactly the right backgrounds for this race and found them high in the Sierra Nevada Mountains. The giant trucks hurtle at great speed along narrow roads where a single slip of the hand at the wheel would mean a tumble over a cliff. Louise Latimer has the feminine lead, opposite John Wayne, supported by such outstanding players as Robert McWade, Theodore von Eltz, Tully Marshall, Emerson Treacy Harry Allen, and others of equal prominence. The picture was produced by Trem Carr and directed by Arthur Lubin.

AMATEUR CINE SOCIETY OF INDIA

(From A Correspondent)

That the Maharaja of Dharampur would open the new premises of the Amateur Cine Society of India in Mherwan Building, Sir Phirozeshaw Mehta Road, in the middle of next month was the announcement made by Mr. A von Leyden, presiding over the general meeting of the Amateur Cine Society of India held in the B. E. S. T. Conference Room on Tuesday evening.

Tracing the progress so far made, he said there were as many as 19 Life members, 71 Ordinary members and 6 Associate members and pleaded for a wider co-operation from the amateur cine enthusiasts in the country.

Mr. A. J. Patel, A.R.P.S., gave a talk on lighting in amateur cinematography. The talk was accompanied by practical demonstration by arrangement of light in different angles and the relative effects that could be produced thereby.

At the end, three interesting films—Film Sketches by Mr. Marcus Bartley, Amateur Drama by Mrs. Gasper and Olympic Games by Mr. A. von Leyden were shown.

PREPARING FOR LOVE

(By Brian Young.)

More preparation is made by the Hollywood stars for their love scenes than for any other sequences in their pictures.

Some are able to make torrid love 'on tap', while others have to work themselves up to it.

Robert Taylor and Clark Gable are as different as night and day in training for their love scenes, for Taylor paces up and down in a corner, seemingly talking to himself, whereas Gable can be called whilst engrossed in the middle of a detective novel and go right into an embrace.

Many a girl would be nervous before a love scene with Taylor, and Eleanor Powell is no exception. She actually dances herself into the mood.

Greta Garbo, Joan Crawford and Luise Rainer do not like to rush into their love scenes. After a few rehearsals, they like to retire to their portable dressing rooms, rest, and then go before the cameras for the actual 'take'.

Many of the stars like to listen to dreamy music to get the perfect feeling of the love scene, but Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy usually sing themselves into the mood, because of the fact that they always have musical love clinches.

Margaret Lindsay doesn't care to rehearse in her screen embracing. She reads the script, talks the scene over with her director and leading man and then goes into action.

Tom Brown and Jean Parker are others who feel that rehearsals tarnish the realism of a love scene.

A cup of hot tea settles Madge Evans for her film embraces, yet George Murphy likes to cool off beforehand with an iced lemonade!

But Harpo Marx doesn't need anything to get into the correct mood for a love scene, except a blonde who can't run very fast.

INDIAN STUDIO NOTES

(CONTRIBUTED)

PRAKASH PICTURES

"Dreamland", a thrilling social picture full of stunts, mirth and heart-rending incidents, is nearing completion. The leading roles are taken by Jayant, Lallubhai, Miss Sirdar Akthar, the famous singer of Lahore and of radio fame, Miss Shireen, supported by a strong cast of leading Indian stars, such as Umakant, Ismail, Zahoor, Ranjit and Kumar Madhu, (a talented music prodigy).

Simultaneously "His Highness" featuring the horse and the dog of "Challenge" fame supported a powerful cast is going anead.

Always to pack a picture with some specific novelties as is apparent has been the motto of Prakash Pictures. "Top-Ka-Gola", "Passing Show", and "Challenge" have proved that to the audience. Now, there comes "Dreamland" further still to prove the old gag, more firmly. It is a picture packed with unusual camera tricks and story value which is bound to make a stupendous hit of the year. Next, "His Highness", featuring Mr. and Mrs. Dog-Tiger, Messrs. Lallubhai Ismail and Co., usual Prakash lot along with Miss Radhabai, from Delhi, a society girl with melodious voices and charming expressions is expected to be still greater hit.

"Purnima" written by Mr. Ramanlal Vasantrai Desai, is fast progressing.

ROYAL MOVIETONE

"Punar-Janma" or "Re-Union" is nearing completion. Jal Merchant who plays the lead will be seen in a romantic mood throughout the picture.

Among the players Roshanara, Putli, S.M. Sadiq, S Baburao and Dinker will be remembered for their acting in "Re-Union". Mention must be made of Mr. B R Caberoi, B.A.,LL B., who plays a character role.

VINEET

"Sarojini", their initial social picture in Hindi with Rajkumari of gramophone and radio fame, Miss Moti, Miss. Snehalata, Nurjehan, Mubarak and Natty Parshad, is ready for release. This is a social picture of topical interest.

America's greatest boy-star, Fred Bartholomew stars in "Captains Courageous" showing this week at the Wellington.

"Land Without Music" At The Regal—"California Straight Ahead" At The Capitol—"Captains Courageous" At The Wellington—"A Star Is Born" At The Excelsior—"Lost Horizon" At The Empire

Richard Tauber in "Land Without Music" at the Regal.

RICHARD TAUBER IN MAGNIFICENT NEW FILM

"Land Without Music" At Regal

A more charming subject than 'Land Without Music' could not have been found for Richard Tauber, for the score, which has been composed by Oscar Straus, provides many lilting musical numbers for this famous tenor. The story is an enchanting fantasy of the early nineteenth century, which tells of the dilemma of the Princess Regent of Lucco who bans music from her domains, only to fall in love with Lucco's great opera star, who defies her decree and with the aid of local banditry, holds a secret concert in an underground cavern. A Journalist, who is touring Europe in a donkey cart, hears of the disturbance at Lucco and descends upon the Duchy in search of a story. Jimmy (Schnozzle) Durante was chosen to play this role, and gives a wild and joyous performance in his first British film. June Clyde, as his daughter, and Derrick de Marney as the son of the Chief of Police add considerably to the complications and the romance of the story.

The role of the Princess Regent is beautifully portrayed by Diana Napier, this film marking her first appearance on the screen since her marriage to Richard Tauber. Spectacular scene at the court of Lucco, in an underground Cavern and in a picturesque Italian village form magnificent backgrounds for 'Land Without Music", which is one of the most important and entertaining presentations in the new season's programme at the Regal Theatre.

"A STAR IS BORN" AT THE EXCELSIOR

Each technicolour film seems so tremendous an advance on its predecessor that it cannot be long before perfection is achieved, and "A Star Is Born" definitely establishes the fact, if that were necessary, that the day of black and white photography is drawing to a close. It proves that with artistry, imagination and an avoidance of the garish for its own sake it can add greatly to the effectiveness of a film story and is definitely contributory towards the ideal of unconscious realism.

The development serves to introduce a number of the Hollywood places frequented by film people and no expense has been spared in order to present them with spectacular conviction. The Hollywood Bowl is made the scene of a drunken fracas, the Stadium provides some lurid boxing, the Trocadero an enchanting background for romance, a prison for a wedding ceremony, a caravan for the honeymoon, a producer's home as the first significant meeting and the presentation of the Academy Award at the Annual Dinner a climatic spectacle during which is staged an emotional scene of startling vigour. Laughter is scattered throughout its length, laughter engendered as much by situation as by the dialogue, which is typical of the best employed in re-creating the American scene.

Janet Gaynor, who plays Esther Blodgett, has certainly never given a finer performance, for, apart from being physically suited to the role, she has appreciated its subtleties in a quite extraordinary manner. Her colouring, too, is attractive, colour giving her added glamour and a most entrancing lifelike quality. Fredric March makes the most of his part as Norman Maine, investing it with the fruits of an experience of many years' standing and succeeds in retaining sympathy even in his most degraded moments. Rarely have love scenes been more exquisitely or convincingly portrayed than the ones between these two as the married lovers unable to adjust themselves to the penalties of success. Adolphe Menjou is admirably suited to the role of the producer, Oliver Niles; May Robson is a lovable grandmother; Andy Devine a splendid choice for the role of the friendly Danny McGuire and Lionel Stander for that of the cynical press agent. Elizabeth Jenns, Edgar Kennedy, Owen Moore, Peggy Wood, Guinn Williams and Vince Barnett figure in the carefully chosen supporting cast. Staging, setting and general technical qualities are all of a very high standard.

Louise Latimer and John Wayne in "California Straight Ahead" at the Capitol.

Janet Gaynor and Frederic March in "A Star is Born" showing this week at the Excelsior.

"LOST HORIZON"

To Continue At The Empire

In view of excessive demand from the public the Empire management is constrained to continue the picture for a second week.

Here is a screen adventure that cannot fail to thrill even the most blase patron, with Frank Capra at the height of his directorial form and Ronald Colman turning in one of those whimsical performances for which he is so justly renowned.

The opening presents all the turbulent tension of a Chinese rebellion, with Robert Conway, British diplomat, evacuating Europeans by aeroplane. The machine in which he personally travels is piloted by a strange individual who later turns out to be the emissary of a certain High Lama, who rules a remote Tibetan Utopia and who, having read some of Conway's philosophical works desires him to succeed his own rule. Thus kidnapped, the Englishman, although at first annoyed, gradually finds the charm of the place captivating him, until he no longer desires to go back to the "civilized" world. Eventually, urged by his hysterical brother (also a prisoner) to disbelieve the high principles of the community. Conway starts back for the outside world, but later relents and the finale sees him struggling to retrace his steps and to find again the Utopian serenity of the 'Lost Horizon'.

Capra's superb direction is responsible for a gripping entertainment that enthrals all the way, whilst his delicate handling of the more sensitive passages merits the highest possible praise. The attention is caught right at the start, with turbulent rebellion crowding the canvas, and a burning hanger guiding relief 'planes to ground. The subsequent journey to 'Utopia' is magnificently staged. Conway's motley party contributing several strongly etched cameos. A girl dying of consumption, a wanted crook and a fussy fossil-hunter comprise the assorted collection aboard the 'plane, their reactions to kidnapping supplying rich entertainment.

Presentation is magnificent, the canvas embracing a Chinese airport, vast panoramas of Tibet, and the ornate luxury of Shangri La, replete with gleaming white buildings, modern amenities and a contented people. These surroundings make a perfect and peculiarly convincing framework for the telling of a story rich in thrills.

Despite the magnitude of the setting, the acting reaches a peak point, Ronald Colman, taking honours as Conway, who finds his goal in the remote fastnesses of the beautiful land. Strong in comedy, emotionally holding and always a delight, the star's performance is outstanding. Sam Jafie's High Lama is superb, and H. B. Warner is exactly right as his chief lieutenant. Jane Wyatt capably essays the leading feminine role, and Edward Horton is on hand with some telling comedy. Others in a sterling cast acquit themselves with honour. ("D. F. R.")

HUNS PICTURES

(CONTRIBUTED.)

A PATRIOT'S VISIT:

Vinayak Damodar Savarkar, once a revolutionary, now a social reformer, once the lengendary hero of the 'Escape in Marseilles', now a stately gentleman of middle age, twenty-seven years convict and internee, now a freeman, has started his triumphant tour in Maharashtra. He came to Kolhapur on the 18th June and paid a visit to the Huns Pictures studio the next day. The patriot delivered a message to the nation and Huns Pictures have recorded it. The film will, most probably, be shown with the Company's impending release "Premveer". Sjt. Savarkar who is a powerful writer of Marathi has consented to write a story for Huns Pictures.

COLLEGE BOYS' GLEE CLUB:

An 'undergrad' chorus will be another delightful feature of Premveer. A hefty team of about fifty collegiates will be seen taking up the refrain of Vinayak's theme song (and roaring the roof down). A livelier bunch of 'buddies' than these solid supporters of Vinayak will be hard to find. Their song with its straight, but catching tune will be on the lips of every college student.

MUSIC OF PREMVEER:

Talking of songs, the tunes of Premveer will take some beating. Both Principal Atre, the composer, (with Pundit Indra for Hindi) and the music director Annasaheb Mainkar have given their best in the songs. There are lively duets (in addition to the crowd song above) and beautiful solos, unqualled for diction and music.

Incidentally, Premveer promises to be the first modern type comedy of India. Visitors have said as much. It is light without being slapstick, funny without being lewd and fast without being confusing. In addition to the one and only Vinayak and the pretty Ashalata, Premveer introduces Phiroze, the first girl comedienne of India, the Veteran Salvi in a fine character role and Bapurao Powar who will score as an Indian Falstaff.

GOLDEN EAGLE MOVIETONE

(OCNTRIBUTED)

Amongst Bombay Film Producing concerns Golden Eagle Movietone Ltd., has shown great strides of progress. Their latest "Modern Youth" or "Jange Jawani" is soon coming to Bombay at one of the popular picture palaces.

The theme of the picture revolves round a lady's life, who cherished rosy dreams of gay, romantic, fast life, which could not materialise. She comes in contact with gangsters. Important roles have been played by Sarla, Benjamin, Navin Yagnik, Hansa, S. Nazir who put forth their roles brilliantly.

This picture introduces a fresh funny talent in Faizee who hardly measures thirty inches in height.

Recently they have built their own studio at Karachi and they plan to produce in double unit to put out light pictures every year.

NO ENERGY?

Do you feel that you have no energy for anything? The poisons in your system are the cause.

Start each day with a sparkling glass of ENO'S "Fruit Salt" and you will always have the zest and energy which come from inner health.

For ENO cleanses your system of the poisonous waste which makes you tired and disinclined to exert yourself.

ENO will make you brisk and energetic and is recognised by the people of every nation as the finest, safest and most pleasant aid to good health.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Sold Everywhere in Three Sizes:
Small Trial 1-oz. REGULAR 4-oz. Large Household 8-oz.

P. SETT & CO., Calcutta.

Enjoy Life to the full

An exacting climate soon takes its toll of vitality and stamina, leaving your body in a depressed and weak condition—unable to resist the dangers to which it is subjected daily.

What you need more than anything else is **Phosferine Tonic Wine.** It will renew your flagging energy, give you a wonderful new feeling of fitness and vitality and fortify your system against ill health.

Get a bottle today and begin to "enjoy life to the full."

PHOSFERINE
TONIC WINE
THE BEST THE WORLD PRODUCES

Agents: SPENCER & Co., Ltd., *Throughout India*

Polish News

Nazis Dominate In Danzig

MOVE FOR NEW JEWISH COLONY IN MADAGASCAR

BOMBAY.

The Associated Press has received the following news from Polish sources:

The World Congress of Esperantists will be held in Warsaw in August next, under the patronage of the President of the Polish Republic. The inventor of the International language Esperanto, Dr. Zamenhof, was born in Warsaw.

The pre-historic village of Biskupin in Western Poland, unearthed some time ago, continues to yield interesting scientific discoveries. Some of them have shattered the teachings of archeology. For instance it was commonly understood among scientists that the wheel was not used for vehicles north of the Alps until a relatively late epoch. Biskupin denied that theory, as wheels have been found there dating from about 900 B.C.

This 2,500-year-old village has been preserved in a very complete form with all the domestic utinsils, etc. The reconstruction of the village, carried out by scientists, presents a very interesting picture of a dwelling of the predecessors of the Poles.

NAZIS DOMINATE

There has been a most interesting internal political development in Danzig as a result of which the Nazi party in the Volkstag has far more votes than the requisite two-thirds majority, which the Nazis need for making alterations in the Constitution of the Free City.

The number of Nazi voters had increased steadily during the last few months and there now remains only the Centrum Party which is still officially and legally a party which can vote in opposition to the Nazis.

Danzig is becoming a very favoured spot for visitors from Germany. For example Herr Himmler accompanied by 600 members of the Old Guard stopped over in Danzig for a day on their way to East Prussia.

NEW JEWISH COLONISATION PLAN

Following the announcement of M. Moutet, the French Minister for the Colonies, that Madagascar can absorb a certain number of Jewish settlers, a Polish commission recently left for the French colony in order to study the conditions and possibilities of such immigration. The Commission consists of Captain Mieczyslaw Lepecki, formerly personal aid to the late Marshal Pilsudski, Mr. Leon Alter, director of the Jewish Emigration Aid Society and Mr. Solomon Dyk an expert on agricultural colonisation.

While in Paris, the Commission conferred with the Minister for the Colonies.—A.P.

OPERATION MAKES MAN MILLIONAIRE

He Was A Business Failure: £50,000 Sales In First Week

ATLANTIC CITY (New Jersy), (By Mail).

The remarkable story of how an operation on a man's brain changed him from a business failure into a high-powered salesman who became a millionaire was described before the annual meeting of the American Medical Association here.

In his first week as a salesman following his operation, the man did business worth a quarter of a million dollars (£50,000), the biggest business ever done by the company employing him. Thereafter, so rapidly did his sales mount that the company was forced to expand its plant. Then he was made vice-President.

The story was told to America's leading medical men here by Dr. Ward C. Halstead, neurologist of the University of Chicago, Illinois.

The man, a business failure and said to be deteriorating rapidly, was found to require an operation for atumor penetrating the inner layers of the brain, said Dr. Halstead.

FIRST REACTION "INSANITY"

After the operation, necessitating the removal of the greater part of the frontal lobe of the brain, the man appeared to suffer a period of insanity but recovered quickly and was discharged from hospital.

His first job was manager of a gold mine. It failed, said the doctor, through no fault of the man. He then "talked himself into a job" as a salesman for a line of goods of which he knew nothing.

Now gifted with what mental tests over two years have shown to be a greater persistence, greater optimism, more self-confidence and less tendency to worry, the man was a starting success.

As a saleman he obtained so much business his company could hardly keep pace with it and he was rewarded by being made vice-President.

He is now one of the same company's chief executives with an income putting him in the millionaire class, the doctor told the gathering.

"CAN'T DRINK AT MUCH"

The wife of the man, who was formerly an unsuccessful Chicago stockbroker, told the doctor her husband did not now seem to worry so much about details but could not "drink as much as he used to without going haywire."—Reuter.

ITALY WANTS MARKETS FOR AIRCRAFT

"Alliance" Of Exporting Firms

ROME, (By Mail.)

Italy is to start a big campaign to promote the sales of Italian aeroplanes in countries which have no aircraft industries of their own.

All Italian aircraft manufactures capable of exporting their products abroad are joining forces in a sales alliance, formed under the auspices of the air ministry.

The firms which have been linked in the alliance include: Alfa Romeo, Breda Fiat, Caproni, Isotta-Fraschini Cantieri Riuniti Dell' Adriatico, Macchi, Paggio, Marchetti-Savoia, and their associated companies.

It is believed that an assured export trade is necessary to the Italian aircraft industry in order to maintain production when the demands of the present re-armament programme at home slacken. Otherwise it will be difficult to keep many firms going and to find work for skilled labour.

The International market for aircraft is the only one which shows a continued expansion in these days of trade restrictions and self-sufficiency, it is argued.

In support of this claim it is stated that between 1934 and 1936 Great Britain's exports of aircraft increased by 50 per cent. The U.S.A increased her exports between 1935 and 1936 by 60 per cent. It is predicted that in 1937 world exports of aircraft will total 20,000,000.

In addition to the value of the aeroplanes themselves, aircraft exports mean that during the following five years the purchaser spends half as much again on importing spare parts. Frequently, too, he employs an aeronautical mission from the exporting country to train his airmen.

As a prelude to increasing sales of aeroplanes Italian airmen have been busy establishing a whole series of new records in order to enhance the prestige of Italian aviation.

General Valle, Under-Secretary for Air, has claimed in the chamber of Deputies that Italy holds over two-thirds of all air records made last year.

Italian civil aviation has established a high standard of safety. Accidents in the air force are fairly numerous compared with Britain, but these are only reported in brief paragraphs hidden in back pages of newspapers.

Accidents in Britain or France, it is recognized are prominently published.—Reuter.

BIRD-HERO OF GREAT WAR DIES

Pigeon That Revealed German Guns

FORT MONMOUTH, New Jersey. (By Mail).

One of the last remaining bird-heroes of the Great War has died here.

The bird was Mocker, last of the carrier pigeons that served with the American Expeditionary Forces. It was 20 years old.

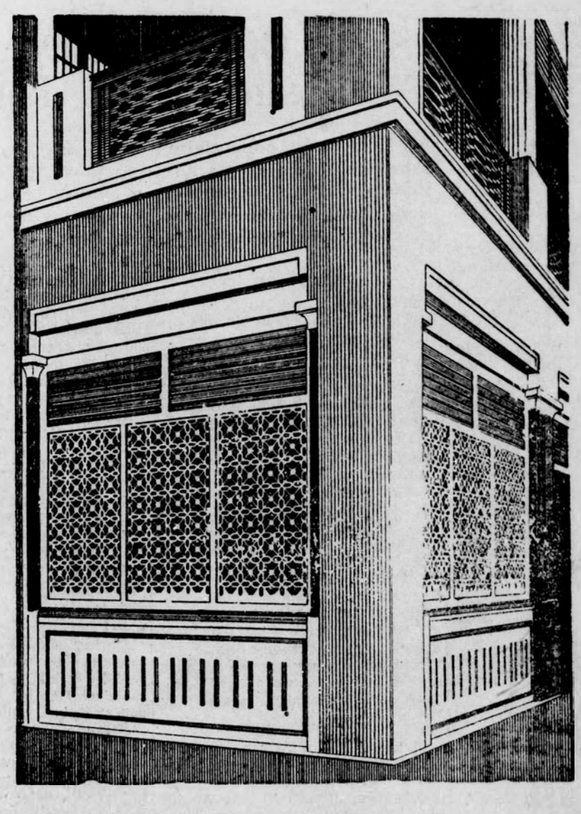
Mocker carried 33 official messages for its division and lost an eye on one of its most important errands.

German guns had been pounding the American lines at Beaumont when Mocker, one of the birds taken to the front lines, was released with a message fastened to its leg, stating the position of the enemy battery.

Less than half an hour, later it arrived at its home station, its head a mass of clotted blood and one eye blown from its socket.

Shortly after, the German battery was silenced by the American gunners who received the message.—Reuter.

CONCRETE JALLI WORK.



Attractive windows can be made in Concrete at an outlay at about Re. 1 per sq. ft.

ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES, LTD.,

Provide practically all the Cement used in India.

B.C.6

Don't Be Put Off With Worthless Substitutes!

Ask For And Be Sure You Get Genuine ZAM-BUK.

NO CONTAINS ANIMAL FAT
PURELY HERBAL
Zam-Buk
"RUB IT IN"
ITCH · DELHI SORES · ULCERS · RINGWORM
PRICKLY HEAT · BOILS · ABSCESSES · CHRONIC SORES
BITES & STINGS · SPRAINS · RHEUMATISM
BRUISES · CUTS · BURNS
SCALDS · PILES · ECZEMA
BAD LEGS
झाम्बक
The ZAM-B

It HEALS Without A SCAR

The Finest Ointment for CUTS, BRUISES & SORES.

WHEN smeared on sore, injured or diseased skin Zam-Buk relieves pain and starts to heal at once. Also, the valuable herbal oils in Zam-Buk penetrate naturally into the skin. Thus swelling and redness are reduced, underlying tissues nourished and diseased places made healthy again. Zam-Buk is antiseptic in action and soon overcomes poison germs. It dries up bad matter and heals quickly and safely without leaving unsightly scars. So, be sure you use Zam-Buk in cases of fiery eczema, spots, pimples, rashes, boils, Dhobi's itch, ulcers, abscesses, bad legs, scalp sores and similar skin troubles or injuries, and also for that dreadful bowel complaint, piles. But ask for and make certain you get the genuine Zam-Buk.

FREE FROM ANIMAL FAT.

Use ZAM-BUK HERBAL OINTMENT

All Medicine dealers sell Zam-Buk at ONE RUPEE or Rs. 2-4 a box.

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & CO., Bombay.

SORE THROAT
Rub this powerful ointment on throat and cover with warm flannel. Works like a poultice, while its vapours which you inhale soothe irritated membranes.

VICKS VAPORUB

IS REJUVENATION POSSIBLE?
Yes, no more despair. A real triumph over mental, nervous and sexual debility only through a course of Herbal Home treatment. Success Complete satisfaction Particulars on request.
KAMALA WORKS. PANCHPOTA. (B. C.) BENGAL

DEAFNESS
Partial or total and complicated with Headnoises and other troubles no matter how long and what causes cured successfully in four weeks Guaranteed cent per cent success. Particulars on request. KAMALA WORKS, Panchpota Bengal. (B.C.)

FOR LONDON'S FINEST GIN—
LOOK FOR THIS SIGN
The Cat and Barrel label on every bottle of Boord's London Gin is your guarantee of genuine importation. Obtainable everywhere, Cordial Old Tom in the round bottle, Finest Dry in the square bottle.
BOORD'S
LONDON GIN
Finest Dry Gin } OR { CORDIAL OLD TOM

Attack On Civil Liberties

Series Of Arrests, Detentions . Searches And Bans

The latest communique issued by the Indian Civil Liberties Union shows how in most provinces Civil Liberties are suppressed by a series of arrests, detentions, house searches, bans on meeting and forfeitures of securities deposited by newspapers.

Sedition

B. N. Gupta, Editor, "Advance" has been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 in default 3 months' rigorous imprisonment more under section 124-A for an editorial on May 5 entitled "India and Coronation". Pandit Mathura Prasad, a Congress worker of Sultanpur, has been asked for an alleged seditious speech to show cause why he should not be bound over to keep peace for a year and deposit personal security of Rs. 500 and two sureties of Rs. 250 each. Yusuf Meherally, Congress Socialist Leader, has been sentenced to 6 months' imprisonment for defying the order of the District Magistrate restricting his right of speech. Ashoka Kumar Bose of Cawnpore has been arrested under section 124-A for an alleged seditious speech recently made by him.

Maulana Abdul Kasim is under arrest under section 124-A in connection with a speech delivered at the Muslim Conference at Allahabad. Sahibzada Ghulam Rubbani, President, Majlis-i-Ittihad-i-Millat, Gujarat has been arrested under section 108 for an alleged seditious speech delivered at Gujarat regarding the recent troubles and firing at Alla. Abdul Wahab, member, Muslim Mass Contact Committee and Dr. Gopalrao Khedkar have both been served with notices by the Akola District Magistrate warning that speeches made by them at Wadegaon on June 1 last were highly seditious and that they would be prosecuted if they made similar speeches in future. North-West Frontier Government have served notice under the Frontier Tranquillity Act on Maulvi Ghulam Ghani, President, Majlas-i-Ahrar prohibiting him from delivering any more speeches in connection with the Waziristhan situation. Dr. Jugal Kishore Singh, M.L.A., was arrested on June 26 under section 153 (promoting class hatred) under orders from the District Magistrate of Gaya. Pandit Jadunandan Sharma, Secretary, Town Congress Committee and Darbhanga Socialist Party has been arrested under section 342 and 379 I.P.C. Chakradhar Behera, M.L.A. (Congress) has been arrested it is reported on a charge of rioting at Chandball. No detailed information has yet been received.

On police report that the "Alluri Sitaramaraju Day" would be celebrated, the Sub-Divisional Magistrate served notices under section 144 C.P.C. on eight residents of Ellore prohibiting meetings and processions on July 11, within the limits of the Municipality. Similar orders were passed by Bhimavaram Magistrate on the ground that Sitaramaraju was an "Arch Rebel". (Press Communique 1-7-37).

Post Office

During Khalsa College strike, Lahore, an innocuous telegram sent by Tilak Raj Chadha, General Secretary of the Lahore Students' Union, calling a friend to the scene, was refused by the local Post Office on the ground that it was seditious. The telegram contained, it is reported, the following words: "Lathi charge on students. Tilak Prabodh injured, situation serious. Come immediately."

Police

Cawnpore police arrested and later released Balkrishna Sharma and Hamid Khan for shouting the popular slogan "Inquilab Zindabad" on the Cawnpore Central Station platform. Dharamvir Dalhousie reports of C.I.D. police escort on his way to and back from Pathan Kot, the railway terminus, where he went to receive Miss Miraben. On 23rd June Sholapur police for some unknown reason made a lathi charge on the people who had assembled as usual to hear the pavadas (ballads) of Bhandare, a Congress worker. There was no provocation for the lathi charge and because it was so unexpected there was great confusion and several received injuries. The local authorities instead of ordering a departmental enquiry have challaned seven Congressmen under various sections of the Penal Code.

Detenu

Babu Suraj Narain Singh of Narpatnagar, a home internee under the Bihar and Orissa Public Safety Act is under arrest for being found talking to a non-resident of the village. D. D. Gupta, President, Bengal Radical Party, has been again served (last order expired June end) with an order under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act restraining his movements in Calcutta for a further period of three months.

Externment

Bhagwan Singh Longewalia, Secretary of Riyasat-i-Praja Mandal was served with an order on June 30th by the Punjab Government under section 3 of the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act requiring him to quit the province for a period of 12 months. Bhagwan Singh was a resident of the Patiala State and was recently externed from there. He came to Lahore to participate in a meeting in connection with the celebration of Teja Singh Swatantra Day.

Press

District Magistrate, Patna, has asked the Editor, "Navasakti" to furnish further security of Rs. 250 within 10 days following the order of the local Government forfeiting a like amount of the security deposited by the weekly under the Press Act for an obscure paragraph in the humour columns of the paper. A security of Rs. 5,000 has been forfeited from the Rajasthan Printing and Litho Works, Akola, for two articles in the "Matrubhumi" relating to the Sonya Maruti Temple Satyagraha and the expenditure authorised by the C. P. Governor and another article in the "Nava Rajasthan" commenting on Lord Baden-Powell's statement regarding Indians. A fresh security of Rs. 5,000 has been demanded from the keeper of the Rajasthan Press when he filed a new declaration. Security of Rs. 1,500 each has been asked under section 7(3) of the Press Act from the two newspapers 'Al-Rajm" and "An-Naim" of Lucknow. Immediately after the conviction of the Editor of the "Advance" orders were served on the keeper of the "Sadhan Press" and the Editor, "Advance" under clause D, Subsection 1 of section 4 of the Press Act to deposit a sum of Rs. 2,000 each for having published in the "Advance" an article entitled the "Coronation" on May 12 last. The District Magistrate, Amritsar, has demanded security of Rs. 250 for three months from Ranjit Bhima and Co., for permission to publish a weekly called "Ranjit".

Proscribed Literature

The Central Government have prohibited importation of the book entitled "White Sahibs in India" by Reginald Reynolds under the Sea Custom Act. The Punjab Government have proscribed the following two tracts by Munishwar Dev: "Dhol Ka Pol" and "Adarsh Dayanand".

House Search

Police searched the premises of the Hindusthan Publishing Co., Ltd., Rajahmundry, for copies of "Russia To-day" under a warrant issued by the additional District Magistrate, East Godavari". Rawalpindi police raided the Lakshmi Art Steam Press and the Mercantile Press for proscribed literature. Delhi C.I.D. police searched the house and dispensary of Dr. Yudhvir Singh, President of the District Congress Committee. Nothing incriminating was found. Amritsar C.I.D. police searched the following 4 places in the city for a proscribed Gurmukhi pamphlet containing the Presidential address of the Shahidi Conference recently held at Anandpur Sahib: office of the Desh Bhagat Parwar Sahaik Committee, office of the Congress Socialist Party, Akashvani Press and the house of Sardar Jagir Singh Joga a prominent worker of the Riyasati Praja Mandal. Benares police searched the room of S. P. Tripathi, Socialist, vigorously for 3 hours for communist literature. Nothing incriminating was found. Police raided the house of a leading Muktear in Maulvi Bazaar Sylhit, in quest of the manuscript of "Swaraj Chahiyea" (Wanted Swaraj).

Labour

The District Magistrate of Cawnpore has issued orders under section 144 C.P.C. prohibiting the holding of meetings and processions in Colonel Ganj area which is affected by a strike in Victoria Mills. C. H. Kanaran a Congress worker has been asked by the Magistrate, Tellicherry under section 112 C.P.C. to show cause why he should not be bound over to keep the peace for 8 months for taking an active part in the second strike of the workers of P. A. Chettiars Weaving Establishment.

Kisans

24 Parganas Conference banned. The District Magistrate promulgated section 144 prohibiting meetings and is alleged to have arrested some of the leaders and bound over a few others under section 107 C.P.C.

In Bankura district a few members of the Kisan Committee have been arrested by the Police. Jagadish Palit, member of the All-India Kisan Committee is alleged to have been "taken to task by the village police" when he went to the village to make enquiries.

PANAMA CANAL TO BE ENLARGED?

£30,000,000 Plan

WASHINGTON (By Mail).

Preliminary plans are being drafted to enlarge the Panama Canal, it has been disclosed here.

A bigger canal would be necessary to provide for an expected increase in traffic, canal officials state.

The job, which would probably not be finished before 1960 would cost £30,000,000, it is estimated.

Work on the plans alone would probably take ten years.

Another ten years would then be devoted to construction before the proposed new locks would be able to operate.

Present locks permitted the canal to handle a maximum of twenty-six ships daily and in 1929 the average was twenty-one, explained Colonel C. S. Ridley, Governor of the Canal Zone, when appeared before the House of Representatives appropriations committee here.

During 1936 the canal was used by 5,832 ocean-going ships, which paid tolls of some £4,702,100, as against 5,732 ships which paid £4,667,800 in 1935.—Reuter.

CUTCH PRAJAKIYA PARISHAD

(From A Correspondent)
BHUJ, July 22.

Sjt. R. J. Joshi writes:

All the members of the Reception Committee of the Cutch Prajakiya Parishad (fifth session) are invited to attend the meeting at Bhuj on the evening of August 1, 1937 (Ashad vad 9th) as decided at Bhachau.

JAPAN'S FOREIGN TRADE

Adverse Balance Getting Worse: Pessimism Prevalent

TOKYO, (By Mail.)

It is a foregone conclusion that Japan's foreign trade for the first half of the year will show an adverse balance of at least Yen. 600,000,000 (£35,300,000). Interest now attaches as to the extent to which this adverse balance will be reduced in the second half of the year, which is supposed to be the export season. Most observers are rather pessimistic.

Optimistic observers pin their hopes to the cotton export trade. Pointing to the fact that cloth exports have so far (up to June 10th totalled Yen. 236,995,000 (£14,000,000) an increase of approximately Yen. 34,000,000 (£2,000,000) compared with the corresponding period of last year, they maintain that that trade is making steady growth. Towels, knitted goods and other made-up goods have also been mounting continuously. On the other hand, raw cotton imports this year have so far reached a value of Yen. 580,536,000 (£34,000,000), an increase of Yen. 183,346,000 (nearly £11,000,000) compared with the corresponding period of last year. Mills are now overstocked. In the circumstances, it is quite evident that there should be a gradual increase in exports and a decrease in imports, thereby reducing the adverse balance to a fairly great extent, these observers claim.

On the other hand, pessimists hold that there will not be any improvement in the balance for some time, say at least until September; on the contrary, there may be a further aggravation. In their opinion, as many Japanese importers have had to postpone their shipments in the face of the Government's import exchange licensing system, there will be heavy arrivals in the latter half of the year, and therefore it is highly doubtful whether trade will register a favourable balance in the near future. It will be only after September that there will be a real improvement in the trade balance, they predict.

Compared with the corresponding period of last year, Japanese exports show an increase of 25 per cent. and imports 40 per cent.—Reuter.

ALL IS NOT WELL WITH ITALY IN ABYSSINIA

(From Our Correspondent)
CAIRO: (By Air Mail)

The fact that the Italian cruiser, "Nazalio Sooruo", was seen passing through Suez Canal from Mussawa, with a large number of wounded Italian soldiers, most probably injured in Abyssinia, goes to show that all is not well with the Italian administration in Ethiopia.

Reports from Abyssinia confirm the news that the Ethiopian generals are still fighting guerilla warfare and swoop unexpectedly on the Italians in the country and are not in a mood to allow the Italians to carry on the Government smoothly.

IRAN PROTESTS

The Iranian Foreign Minister has forwarded a memo to the British Ambassador in Bahrein (Persian Gulf), protesting against the new orders passed by the Bahrein authorities that, before landing at the place every Iranian subject is enforced to obtain a visa from the British Consul. Also the Iranian subjects are prevented and prohibited from buying or owning any property in Bahrein.

The Iranian Foreign Minister considers that these restrictions are outrageous as it was specifically understood that Bahrein belonged to Iran.

BRITAIN'S REPLY

It is understood, however that the British Government have never pledged that Bahrein ever is to be under the Iranian Government. The Government of Bahrein is conducted by the Arab Sheikh, Hammad Bin Issa, under the authority of the British and Indian Governments, and he is protected under treaties with these Governments Sheikh Hammad Bin Issa has the full right of administration of Bahrein and it is ridiculous to make the preposterous claim that the land belongs to Iran or that the Iranian subjects should not be treated as outsiders, when in fact, they happen to be complete foreigners in the country.

German Scientists and manufacturing chemists who have been endeavouring their very best to produce a Rejuvenating Tonic have at last succeeded in putting in the market

SEX-OL (For Permanent Sex-Health)

which is an ideal nerve builder, increases appetite, puts on weight and brings you back to that **ROSY YOUTH** which you have lost. Remember **W. Rihrs' SEX-OL** is the only remedy which rejuvenates the body from within and also removes all malformations and discrepancies by strengthening the nerve tissues. No external applications are needed. **One full course of SEX-OL will make you a perfect He-Man**
(at all Chemists)
PRICES: 10 Pills Re. 1/-; 40 pills Rs. 3/4; 85 pills Rs. 5/8. *Postage extra*
Sole Agents:—LAXMIDAS DAHYABHAI & Co., 6, Princess Street, Bombay.

HE WAS LETTING HIS TEAM DOWN—until...
DID YOU SEE? FANCY RAMDAS MISSING AN EASY PASS LIKE THAT!
I'M SORRY, FELLOWS. I'M AFRAID I LET YOU DOWN BADLY TODAY—I'M SO TIRED
LET'S FORGET ABOUT IT, RAMDAS—YOU'VE NOT BEEN UP TO THE MARK LATELY. WHY NOT SEE A DOCTOR?
YOUR TROUBLE IS ENERVATION. YOU ARE USING MORE ENERGY THAN YOU CAN REPLACE. I ADVISE HORLICK'S AT BEDTIME
SIX WEEKS LATER
FOR HE'S A JOLLY GOOD FELLOW!
FOR HE'S A JOLLY GOOD FELLOW!
IT WAS RAMDAS' GAME ALL RIGHT!

You can't do your best if you are ALWAYS TIRED

WHEN men feel always tired they just can't avoid letting their team down. Work and sport are taking more energy out of them than they can put back, so they suffer from ENERVATION.

Doctors specially recommend Horlick's to guard against ENERVATION. Horlick's is 100% nourishment. Taken at bedtime it quickly replaces energy, and you wake in the morning feeling full of life, fit and energetic.

HORLICK'S contains all the goodness of rich, full-cream cow's milk with the nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat. It contains no starch.

HORLICK'S BANISHES ENERVATION

GODREJ TOILET SOAPS contain rich vegetable oils which help in making the skin healthy, supple and ever youthful. It also helps in preventing premature wrinkles. For these reasons, they are recommended as Health & Beauty Soaps.

IMPORTANT:--For genuineness look for our "Chavi Brand"

Sole Agents
NADIRSHAW PRINTER & Co. BOMBAY.
Factory GODREJ SOAPS LTD. DELISLE ROAD, BOMBAY. 11

Japan's Policy Towards China

TOKYO, (By Mail).

Japan's main aim in foreign policy at the present time is to arrive at a satisfactory solution of her strained relations with the Celestial Empire, this being considered vital to settlement of various issues with other countries, notably Britain.

The Japanese Ambassador to China, Mr. Shigeru Kawagoe, and the Chinese Ambassador to Japan, Mr. Hsu Shih-ying, have just returned to their posts after rather lengthy leaves of absence and now a certain "liveliness" is expected with the renewal of negotiations between the two countries, says an article in the "Osaka Mainichi."

Neither nation shows much appreciation of the other's attitude and harmony will be a long way off if Japanese Press reports are true that General Chian Kai-Shek has instructed Mr. Hsu Shih-ying the Nanking Government requires that:

NANKING DEMANDS.

Dissolution of the East Hopei and North Chahar regimes shall be a pre-requisite to any Sino-Japanese economic rapprochement.

The Hirota three principles must be completely withdrawn. Any Japanese policies tending to colonize North China or to impair China's territorial and administrative integrity will be flatly rejected.

The Japanese garrison in North China must be withdrawn.

Unrestricted flying by Japanese over North China must cease.

Nor is the Japanese Foreign Office showing any tendency to give way if Mr. Kawagoe represented the official view when, on the eve of his departure for Nanking, he declared to the Press that it was particularly important China should recognize the inseparable economic and political relationship existing between Manchoukuo and North China: that there were no grounds for withdrawal of the Japanese garrison in North China; that it would be impossible at this moment to abolish the Tangku Truce, the Umezu-Ho Ying Ching Agreement, and the Japanese air service between Dairen and Tientsin. He added:

"The policy of the Japanese Government has been to promote economic co-operation with North China by negotiation with the local authorities. The Nanking Government objects to this and declares that Japan should deal with the central authorities in its moves to develop North China, "but I see no reason why Nanking should object to development of North China in the way Japan suggests, since such development will be of benefit to the entire country."

Nevertheless "there is no reason to be pessimistic about Sino-Japanese relations," Mr. Kawagoe declared.

DANGEROUS COMPLEXITIES.

In view of the dangerous complexities of Sino-Japanese relations, the narrow-minded chauvinism which permeates the Japanese nation concerning its policy on the Asiatic Continent, due largely to a careful sifting of news and information to instil into the masses the teaching that Japan's actions and policies are based on a sincere belief that the underlying motive is the good of the Chinese people, the following comprehensive statement of the situation as seen by a prominent Japanese journalist in Shanghai is reproduced because it is an unusually frank, able and informative exposition of the Japanese point of view:

"China in a triumphant progress toward her national unification and economic reconstruction, Japan in a positive execution of her continental policy, Britain in an effort to carry out her Far Eastern policy in China, one of the most important outer blocks of the British Empire, the Soviet Union sticking to her traditional Far Eastern policy for Sovietization; and other powers in a scramble for the Chinese markets for their industrial products—all these elements are struggling with each other in the arena of China only to cause further complications and entanglements in the Chinese situation.

ANTI-JAPANESE MOVEMENT.

"This state of affairs in the Far East is far from reassuring from the viewpoint of Japan. Any false step taken by the Japanese Government would cause a total failure of its East Asia programme.

"In making the present observation of Far Eastern affairs, I cannot but point out the serious proportions now assumed by the anti-Japanese movement in China's politics. Though there is no immediate danger of outrages and violence against the Japanese, it appears that "anti-Nipponism has thoroughly permeated the whole country."

"Superficial observers may assert that the Sino-Japanese situation of late is much calmer than in the last few years. For instance, the Chinese hospitality shown the Kodama Economic Mission may be presented as a proof for improved relations.

"A careful study of these Chinese situation, however, would soon show that the truth is just the reverse of that assertion. One may find anti-Japanism voiced in every corner of the country. The fact is that the lack of outward signs of Chinese resistance against Japan may be accounted for partly by Nanking's precaution against any untoward incident and partly by the growing aggravation of the movement which prevents rash outbreaks and adopts a programme for carefully undermining the Japanese position.

RESISTANCE TO ENCROACHMENT.

"Another important feature of the current situation is that the middle class, namely younger government officials and army officers, are gaining more influence over the nation's politics on the strength of their anti-Japanese ideology.

"The highest authorities, who are in a position to appreciate better China's surroundings and real power, are inclined to take a moderate policy toward Japan. In contrast, the younger elements of the government and army, though still refraining from direct action against Japan, are apparently over-estimating their own power "in resisting the neighbour country." They may not hesitate immediately to take arms against Japan, if she continues her alleged encroachment on China's sovereignty.

"When the growing influence of the younger elements becomes dominant over the ruling class represented by General Chiang Kai-Shek, "Japan must be ready to meet a much graver situation." It seems that the presence of the middle class is already felt by General Chiang. No competent observer can fail to see that the middle class men are now taking charge of every branch of the government.

"Now that it is an almost foregone conclusion that there is no way of ending or alleviating anti-Japanism under the current circumstances, it would be worth while to delve into the possible causes for the present aggravation.

"First, there is the strong grip the anti-Japanese policy of the Nanking Government has on the Chin people; second, the success of the currency reform, commencement of constructive work, and favourable progress in the work of unifying the country; and third the favourable international position in which China has been placed by the powers' aid to China. "British assistance especially tended to give great confidence to the Nanking Government."

"Last of all "it should be noted that the domestic situation in Japan has had a very important bearing on the situation in China." China regarded the frequent cabinet changes in Tokyo as reflecting keen friction in Japan, and concluded that on account of the divergence of public opinion, Japan after all would not be able to do anything serious.

"In Sino-Japanese relations last year, China averted Japanese pushes, and so ignored Japan. The "Nanking leaders" themselves have no plans of adjusting Sino-Japanese relations, and "are only intent on avoiding Japan's positive actions."

NORTH CHINA PROBLEM.

"Of various Sino-Japanese pending questions, the Nanking Government attaches the greatest importance to the solution of the question of North China, insisting on the abolition of the East Hopei administration and abolition of the "special trade" of East Hopei.

"The Nanking Government has no intention of proceeding with the adjustment of Sino-Japanese relations unless the question of North China is solved. Even should Nanking promise not to raise the question of Manchoukuo if Japan concedes to solve the North China question there is no telling whether Nanking can be trusted in view of the strong anti-Japanese sentiment of the Chinese people.

"It appears the Nanking leaders are afraid that if they make strong demands for the solution of the North China question, Japan would flatly turn them down. Accordingly they are employing the policy of placing North China completely under the influence of the Nanking Government.

"As the result of the execution of this policy, the question of the salt gabelle corps at Tsingtao, the dismissal of Chen Chiao-Sheng from the post of director of the Peiping-Shanhaikuan railway, the centralization movement in Shantung and Shansi, and the application of pressure to the Hopei-Chahar administration ensued.

PACIFIC SECURITY.

"On the other hand, "Nanking is employing the tactics of checking the execution of Japan's continental policy of securing the aid of the powers." Nanking is anxious to conclude a Pacific security pact, which will serve the dual purposes of facilitating economic reconstruction in China and ensuring China's position.

"Due to the recent change of Chinese policy toward Japan, the Nanking Government does not see the need of opening negotiations with Tokyo for the adjustment of Sino-Japanese relations unless Japan is prepared to satisfy Chinese wishes.

"Under these circumstances Japan cannot perforce commence the negotiations. In dealing with China, Japan should take into due consideration the international relations of China, for otherwise stabilization of Far Eastern peace cannot be assured.

"Since China reacted to the Manchurian incident and started the work of unifying the country and executing her programme of economic reconstruction, she has secured a large number of British, American, German, French and Italian experts, as well as military advisers, to aid in the execution of these programmes.

"She has also purchased a great quantity of materials from the Powers for railway construction, mine exploitation, highway construction, and for extending other communications systems, as well as for buying airplanes and arms.

JAPAN ALONE LEFT OUT.

"Japan alone has not had any hand in construction work in China." Economic interests are very closely related with political interests, so when the economic interests of the Powers in China re-menaced those interests become a political factor. For this reason China is seeking closer economic relations with the Powers, except Japan.

"China nowadays is concerned little with the conclusion of the Japan-German pact or with the Anglo-Japanese conversations. If they had occurred soon after the Manchurian incident China would have started a movement against Britain and Germany.

"There are two important projects the national government of China considers as its national policies demanding preferential attention. They are the flotation of a British loan as the foundation of China's economic reconstruction and the proposed establishment of a collective security system for the Pacific basin.

"Whether or not these policies of China will be successfully carried out still remains to be seen. However, there are already some indications that they are something more than a day dream of Nanking leaders.

"It must also be pointed out that the Soviet Union has had considerable success in making an inroad not only into the leading groups of anti-Japanese thinkers, but also into the outlying provinces of the country, including Outer Mongolia and Sinkiang.

STUMBLING BLOCK.

"There is reason to believe that Nanking is co-operating with the Soviet Union in upholding the proposal for collective security in the Pacific."

"Though the United States for the time being refrains from taking any action in East Asia, nobody knows when Uncle Sam may evince a keener interest in affairs in this part of the world.

"Britain apparently admits that the political unrest prevailing between Japan and China is a serious stumbling block in the way of her extending increased financial assistance. She, however, declines to rely solely on an understanding with Japan in carrying out her China plans." She has ceased to over-estimate the Japanese influence over China.

"In drafting Japanese policy for meeting this complicated situation in Far East, Tokyo should take into consideration the following points:

1. The advisability of restoring, as soon as possible, political stability in Japan. It is of urgent necessity to give an impression that any policy undertaken by the Tokyo Government is backed by the general will of the nation. No less urgent is the necessity for replenishment of the national power. "Now that China is openly attempting to resort to force and menace Japan's special position in North China, the repletion of power on the part of Japan is the best possible policy for stabilizing the North China situation."

2. The advisability of defining the orientation of Japanese continental policy. "A limit must be set in the continental programme based on a sound estimate of Japan's national power." What the nation needs most is courage and confidence in carrying out the programme up to the limit, once such is set.

3. The advisability of paying more attention to international relations in China. In order to settle any issue with China, Tokyo cannot neglect the effort to straighten out any entanglement or misunderstanding with the rest of the world.

"These points cannot escape the serious attention of any competent drafter of Japanese policy. The fate of the Far East greatly depends on whether or not the Konoye Cabinet with its reformist programme will succeed in tiding over the difficult situation in this part of the world."—Reuter.

"JAPAN'S RIGHT TO LIVE"

Guiding Principle Of Hirota's Foreign Policy

TOKYO, (By Air Mail).

Mr. Koki Hirota, former Premier and once again Minister for Foreign Affairs in the new Konoye Cabinet, will make it the guiding principle of his foreign policy to secure for Japan her right to national existence, deemed indispensable for countries like Japan, which are dissatisfied with the 'status quo' of the present-day world, declares the 'Osaka Mainichi' which regards as noteworthy the fact that this point was stressed by the Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoe immediately after his first Cabinet Conference.

"The Foreign Office under Minister Koki Hirota intends to take the initiative in formulating Japan's policy on the Asiatic Continent, pursuant to the established collective foreign policy. In that connection, while peace and international justice will continue to be the foundation of Japan's foreign policy, it will not be a 'status quo' peace that Japan wants, for she will have to break down the 'status quo' in order to advance the world stage," the daily asserts.

RISING 'HAVE-NOT' COUNTRIES MUST GROW

Premier Konoye, the 'Mainichi' points out, paraphrased the guiding principle of Japan's foreign policy in this vein:

"It is entirely just and vitally significant for rising countries not satisfied with the 'staus quo' to contend that true peace, based on international righteousness, cannot be secured so long as 'status quo' countries block the advance of rising 'have-not' countries.

"Japan, in order to realize her world policy, will endeavour to attain her ends through peaceful means and will strive at the same time to minimise friction with 'status quo' countries on the basic principle of non-aggression and non-menace."

As practical steps, Japan will demand restoration of freer trade and adequate distribution of raw materials, she will seek to persuade other powers to discard economic nationalism, in which she herself is adept.—Reuter.

BHAVNAGAR, July 22.—A meeting of the representatives of the Kathiawar State Railways will be held to-day at Wadhwan Camp.

British Hospitals On Spanish Front

DOCTORS AND NURSES RISK DEATH

VALENCIA (By Mail).

The new British Base hospital on the centre front, run by the Spanish Medical Aid, was in operation for the first time during the recent Government offensive around Madrid.

It handled 170 wounded soldiers taking them straight from the front line trenches.

This new branch of the British Medical Unit in Spain looks after the wounded from the time they are brought from the firing line until they are restored to health again.

There are three British hospitals on this front—the divisional hospital as close to the front line as possible; another hospital slightly further back which cares for wounded soldiers who are able to travel without danger or undue pain; the new base hospital; and finally, a convalescent home.

During the Government offensive around Madrid, the front line hospital handled 250 cases a day, including a number of insurgent wounded.

NURSES AT FRONT LINE.

When an attack is on, Doctors and Nurses are rushed up from the base to the front line.

Ambulance drivers work almost without a break transporting the wounded from the firing line to the hospital. Their own lives are constantly in danger.

Towards the end of the last attack two ambulance drivers of the British Unit were wounded by shrapnel from the same shell.

One of them, named Wogan Phillips, is expected to recover quickly. The other "Izzy" Kuptchik, thought to be an American, has since died from his wounds.

TOOTH-PULLING UNDER FIRE.

Meantime an American dentist named Dr. Jack Klein, of Brooklyn (New York) is risking death every day attending to the dental troubles of Spanish soldiers.

He has a mobile dental unit and every morning he and his chauffeur drive as close to the front line as they dare. His "surgery on wheels" contains a drill and a chair.

"Working at the front is not much different from working back home in Brooklyn', Dr. Klein confided to Reuter's Correspondent. "Instead of the telephone, which always rings at the wrong time there, we have the hum and whine of bullets here.

"Often I have to move my office in a hurry when the bullets start coming too close."—Reuter.

Dhrangadhra Praja Mandal

AHMEDABAD: By Mail.

Mr. Kushalchand M. Shah writes:—

On Sunday last a meeting of the people of Dhrangadhra, residing here, was held under the presidentship of Mr. Kusalchand in the Praja Mandal Karyalaya.

In the meeting the account of the Praja Mandal from 1st July 1934 to 30th June 1937 was presented and it was unanimously passed.

It was then decided to hold a meeting in near future to offer hearty thanks to those who helped Praja Mandal with heart and soul. The election was postponed for the time being.

WHY BE GREY?

Start using VIVALINE Hair Oil to-day. VIVALINE restores grey hair to its natural colour permanently and gently like nature. Rs. 3 large bottle for advanced greyness. Re. 1-12 small. Three bottles (Full Course) Post free.

Bombay Agents:—**Madhav Agency**, Girgaum, Bombay 4.

Stocked by:—**Kemp & Co., Ltd.**, **P. Harkishen Das & Co.**, Lamington Road; **Hardinge & Co.**, Charni Road; **Beli Ram Bros.**, Princess Street.

Sole Distributors:—**S. P. Co.**, P. O. Box 10,006, Calcutta.

The Perfect Pair

Purity and perfect ingredients! The juices of the finest oranges and lemons blended with the finest and purest of gins, to produce Gordon's Orange Gin and Gordon's Lemon Gin!

Gordon's

ORANGE GIN LEMON GIN

Energising and exhilarating as an appetiser or cocktail, refreshing and invigorating as a long drink with tonic water, ginger ale, etc. Health giving—not only because of the vitamins contained in the fruit juices—but because they are made with Gordon's—the genuine gin.

Cutler Palmer

For our customers' convenience we have branches in

LONDON BOMBAY CALCUTTA
LAHORE MADRAS COLOMBO

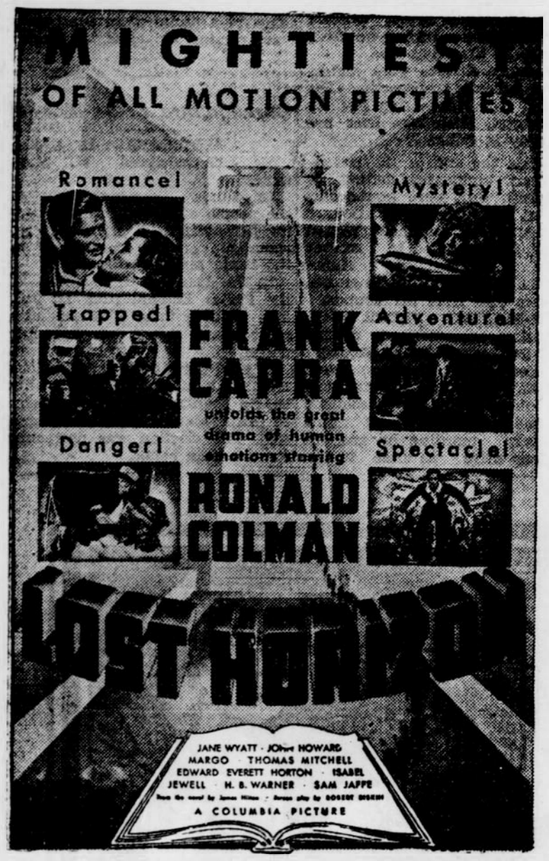
and are represented, through selected agents, in

ALLEPPEY: *Darragh Smail & Co., Ltd.* QUETTA: *Heeramull & Sons.*
KARACHI: *Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.*
DELHI & SIMLA: *R. S. Bhola Ram & Sons., Ltd.*
KASHMIR: *S. N. Chana & Sons.*
CAWNPORE: *P. D. Gooba & Sons.*

THE EMPIRE

DAILY: 3-30; 6-30 and 10 p. m.

CONTINUED ANOTHER WEEK!



Also showing colour Rhapsody

"BIRDS IN LOVE"

Plans Open. *'Phone 20286.*

18

• Eighteenth Meritorious Week.

THE

PRESIDENT

Starring :— **SAIGAL**

with

Kamleshkumari, Leela Desai, Nawab, Jagdeesh, B.A.

Directed by: **SJT. NITIN BOSE**

Still drawing crowded houses at

THE KRISHNA

TALKIES :—: Dubash Theatre

Time Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-45

Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

New Theatres Ltd. (Calcutta)'s Masterpiece of Film-art Topping all the "BEST" pictures produced so far.

For the first time

A KAPI-GORILLA

Ranee's

Wonderful feats, marvellous intelligence takes you by surprise

In

IMPERIAL'S

"PUNJAB LANCERS"

Directors:—

MR. HOMI MASTER and NARAYAN DAVARE.

Featuring:

NISSAR, KANTA, EBRAHIM FATMA, LAXMI, SAYED AHMED, ASUJI, GULAM RASUL, URMILLA and CHEMIST.

COMING NEXT SATURDAY At

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Lamington Road.

Revolt Breaks Out In Samouva Tribe

Sequel To Internment Of Iraqian Ex-Ministers

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO: (By Air Mail)

Close on the heels of my last despatch, in which I gave details of the sudden forced resignations of four Ministers of the Iraqian Cabinet, following differences between the Premier and these four Ministers over the question of the trouble in the area occupied by the Samouva tribes, and the consequent appointment of new Ministers in their place by the Premier, comes now the news of the arrest of all the four ex-Ministers and their immediate deportation to and internment at the frontier, most probably in the City of Carakok.

REVOLT BREAKS OUT.

Further information goes to show that one of the four ex-Ministers managed to escape on the way and reached ultimately the City of Damascus, capital of Syria. The latest news available from Iraq states that revolt has raised its head in the Samouva tribe area and that the Government have despatched a large fleet of war planes—with a view to bomb the revolutionaries into submission.

Already, a large number of members of the Samouva tribes have been killed and a still larger number of them have been injured seriously.

It is reported further that an intense agitation is going on against the measures adopted by the Government and mammoth processions are being taken out in all important parts of Iraq protesting against the policy of the present Government in this matter.

END REPRESSION

At the last meeting of the Iraqian Parliament, members protested vehemently against the policy adopted by the present Government and also in regard to the arrest and internment of the ex-Ministers. They criticised the attitude of the Government in no uncertain manner and called upon the authorities to put an immediate end to such a policy of reprisals.

AMNESTY TO ARAB LEADER

It is reported that the Syrian Minister for Interior has informed the Premier that the Syrian Legation in Paris have succeeded in persuading the French War Minister to accede to the grant of amnesty to Fuwaka Kawaji, the Leader of the Palestine Arabs.

It will be recalled here that following the conferment of self-government on Syria and withdrawal of the French Mandal from the country, the new Cabinet had declared general amnesty to all the political prisoners However, the French Government had not, upto now, given their permission to the amnesty of Fuwaka Kawaji.

ALEXANDRETTA DISPUTE ENDS

Mr. Jameel Marden, the Syrian Premier, who has just returned from Istambul, has announced that the Agreement between the Governments of Syria, France and Turkey regarding the status of Alexandretta has been finally put into effect.

The Syrian Premier added that in case there is going to be any further agitation or misunderstanding in this respect, he would resign his Premiership forthwith.

EX-PREMIER BETROTHED

Some say Cupid does not believe in age and flings his arrows remarkably well, even though his target may be pretty old—to the human standard. This is amply demonstrated by the announcement that Tawfik Nasim Pasha the ex-Premier of Egypt, has been betrothed to a young Hungarian girl.

Tawfik Nasim Pasha, the 60-year-old Egyptian ex-Premier, met this 17-year-old girl, Miss Maria Hobner in a Hungarian hotel, while he was enjoying his summer holidays in Hungary. He was staying at the hotel, while the girl was studying there the mode and system of conducting hotels.

It will be interesting to recall here that the ex-Premier is well-known as a pious man. He is a multimillionaire, too. But a few years ago he announced that all his property, land and other belongings, would go to Wafqs, charities, on his death, since he had none to succeed.

Since the engagement to Miss Maria Hobner, the Hungarian girl, Tawfik Nasim Pasha, has sent cable to Cairo asking his family jewellery to be sent to Hungary for being presented to his betrothed.

COMMUNAL REPRESENTATION IN SERVICES

Record Number Of Questions Answered In Punjab Assembly

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 22.

A record number of questions were answered to-day in the Punjab Assembly namely 75 making the total hitherto asked (including short notice questions) of over 730.

When questions regarding communal representation in Services were being answered Mr. Abdul Aziz asked whether Government would avoid such questions by giving various communities their due share in Services.

Sir Chhoturam replied that the question did not arise but Premier Sir Sikandar Hyatkhan assured Abdul Aziz that this would be done.

A member asked whether it was due to the pressure of Government of India on the Punjab Government that the Simla Municipality had a bigger number of nominated men as members.

Malik Khizarayatkhan Tiwana said, not to his knowledge and added that he will reconsider the whole matter

Answering a short notice question, Mr. Abdul Haye informed Dr. Gopichand Bhargava that Government had following enquiries transferred the headmistress of District Board school, Talagang in which girl students had gone on strike. Government were prepared to provincialise the school if the District Board handed over the building to Government.

Replying to Mr. Hari Singh's questions, Malik Khizarhyatkhan Tiwana said, it was a fact that the privilege of motoring on roads in Simla was at present confined to the Governor-General, Commander-in-Chief and the Governor of the Punjab. This was under the byelaws of Municipality.

Q.—Has Government considered the question of extending the same privilege to the Premier of the Punjab?

A.—No, if and when the Premier desires the matter will be considered.

Q.—Will the privilege be extended to the Leader of the Opposition?

A.—The question does not arise.

GUNTUR CYCLONE RELIEF

How The Money Was Spent

GUNTUR, (By Mail).

The Guntur District Central Cyclone Relief Committee, Guntur sends the following statements of Receipts and disbursements of the Cyclone Relief Fund. upto June 30, 1937:—

RECEIPTS

	Rs.	a.	p.
General Contributions:			
(a) In cash	23,866	5	1
(b) In Kind	994	6	0
Harijan Fund	711	0	0
Advance from the District Collector for the supply of palmyra leaves	500	0	0
Total	26,071	11	1

DISBURSEMENTS

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Cheap provision Depots	7,436	7	8
Bamboos and Posts	4,181	8	9
Palmyra leaves	3,427	6	6
Clothing	531	6	6
Loombs	592	3	6
Fodder	284	2	6
Tiles	70	8	0
Phenyle	80	0	0
Packing materials	120	7	3
Vehicles	409	11	3
Conveyance of relief materials	4,710	15	6
Travelling	1,080	14	9
Propaganda	40	2	0
Printing and Stationery	177	9	0
Post and Telegrams	196	11	6
Establishment	223	8	6
Advances to Pracharakas	545	10	6
Outstandings on relief Depots etc.	757	11	9
Commission	39	7	6
Rent and Taxes	27	2	0
Supply of:			
(a) Door-frame Rs. 149-2-0			
(b) Palmyra leaves Rs. 950-0-0			
Total	1,099	2	0
Balance:			
(a) On Hand Rs. 1-10-11			
(b) In Bank Rs. 37-3-3			
Total	38	14	2
Grand Total	26,071	11	1

THE MIGHTY MAGNIFICENT SUPER—PRODUCTION

You are so anxiously awaiting to see!

TO-DAY IT STARTS!!!

Captains Courageous

The most thrilling and popular story of

RUDYARD KIPLING

of the regeneration of a boy that will touch the heart of every child and every parent!

With

FREDDIE BARTHOLOMEW
SPENCER TRACY
LIONEL BARRYMORE

Three Shows Daily: 3-30; 6-30; 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON

Family Picture House — Plans Open — 'Phone 22666

SHANTA APTE

The Lovely Little Damsel of the Indian Screen. Who has sung her way deep into your heart

Shines with Great Lustre

IN

PRABHAT'S

Spectacular Talkie Hit

Beyond THE Horizon

Directed by: **K. NARAYAN KALE**

With

A Picture Rich with **LEELA CHITNIS, CHANDRAMOHAN,** Charming Tunes given **KARUNADEVI, Ma CHHOTU** by **Master Krishnarao** The Great Musician **PRALHAD & ULHAS and others in the supporting cast.**

From Saturday Next

The Gramophone Records of Sweet Songs from this Picture are available at all H. M. V. Dealers.

AT

MINERVA

TALKIES. Lamington Road.

COMING VERY SHORTLY!

MOON LIGHT PICTURES
PRIDE PRESENTATION.

"Din-vo-Dunya"

Director :
H. R. SHETHI

Featuring
MUKTA, HIRALAL, PREM-KUMARI, BHAGSINGH Etc., Etc.

Watch Opening Date

AT

Lamington Talkies

Lamington Road.

HIND MATA

(Vincent Road—Dadar)

Presents

The Great Republic Serial

UNDER SEA KINGDOM

in

2 INSTALMENTS

Timing as usual

THE GREAT PICTURE OF

Inspiring Heroism & Tender Romance

Praised by one and all

A PRINCE SHIVAJEE PRODUCTION—

Frontiers of Freedom

(SWARAJYA SEEMEWAR)

Starring:
DILEEP, JAYASHREE, COL. NANASAHEB INGALAY, NANASAHEB PHATAK DINKER, MEENA, Mrs. SHILOTRI

Story Dialogues and Songs by **BHAL, G. Pendharkar**

Directed by: **MAJOR DADASAHEB NIMBALKAR**

Gramophone Records of Songs from this Picture will Soon be available at All H. M. V. Dealers.

Now In Its

3rd Week at MAJESTIC

Daily at 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

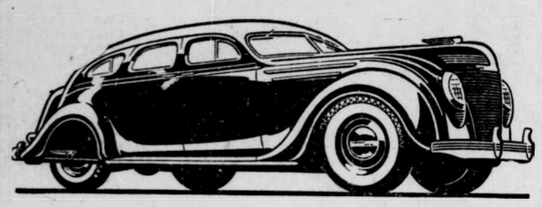
CHRYSLER
Airflow Eight

The Most Luxurious and Most Modern 6/7 seater Motor Car in the World.

also

ROYAL SIX—6 Pass. Touring & Convertible Sedan.

CUSTOM IMPERIAL EIGHT—
7/9 Pass. TOURING SEDAN



Whenever the Chrysler Airflow appears, People stop to admire it. It is marked with the distinction of exciting style and beauty .... It has extra roominess, unparalleled comfort and flashing performance. To know the Transportation at its best, ride in an AIRFLOW.

Also Distributors for

DODGE CARS & TRUCKS.

Prices and particulars from

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY LTD.,

534, SANDHURST BRIDGE, - - - - BOMBAY, 7.

Telegrams: "CYCLOSTERS." Telephone: 40585.

Climatic conditions necessitated

the easy-chair,

The Special Chair for the Tropics

The same reason led to the production of Cafiaspirin.

Cafiaspirin the quick reliever of all aches and pains, is so composed as to best suit the special needs of tropical climates and is therefore:

The Special Aspirin for the Tropics

Safe *and* Effective

Gonorrhoea Cured

OLD or NEW—Cured Guaranteedly Medicine charges on cure. Correspondence not invited visit personally Time: 9 to 12 A.M. & 5 P.M. to 9 P.M. SUNDAY 9 A.M. to 12 A.M. only.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regtd.) Sandhurst Road,
Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.

A Clear Economic Policy Needed

"Words Of Sympathy For Masses Are No Substitute", Says Subedar

SAUGOR, July 17.

Presiding over the Central Provinces and Berar Merchants and Manufacturers Conference at Saugor on Saturday, July 17, Mr. Manu Subedar said in the course of his address:—

"It is human nature that the representation made by an individual firm to Government is looked upon with suspicion, gets lost in red tape and receives stereotyped replies formulated, perhaps by some subordinate and endorsed, in some cases without full examination, by the chief. The same issue, when it is dealt with by a chamber of commerce, or in a representation by the executive of such conference as you are holding to-day, is lifted in a higher atmosphere of co-operation between the business community and Government. It falls in the hands not of a small, but of a high official, and it is dealt with properly and carefully. This was the position when Government was irresponsible. But now that ministries are being formed, who will be responsible to the electorate and who will have to follow public opinion, this procedure of collective representation is both convenient and satisfactory to all sides. The moral dictum that there is strength in unity, is applicable no less to merchants than to others.

STATUTORY RAILWAY AUTHORITY.

It is true that many problems affecting trade and industry are outside the scope of Provincial Governments' powers. It is unfortunate that, at the centre in matters relating to finance, railways and commerce, the control is in the hands of an irremovable executive, not responsible to the electorate,—an executive which has often flouted public opinion. Let us hope that this phenomenon will disappear with the establishment of the Federation and that this will not be unnecessarily delayed. Even after the Federation is functioning, there are reservations, which will curtail the powers of popular ministers. The large mass of non-votable items in expenditure will render the accomplishment of tax reduction, dear to the heart of every Indian merchant, difficult. The establishment of a statutory Railway Authority, removed from the control of elected representatives of the people, will make difficult the adjustment of a thousand and one issues affecting railways, particularly because this Authority will have no restrictions placed on itself, except that it shall act on business principles. A monopoly service (and in spite of road competition, railways will remain in effect a monopoly service in most parts of the country) left to run itself on business principles, will extract the last pie it can, regardless of the effect of its action upon trade and industry.

WEDGWOOD REPORT.

You will expect me to say something on the Wedgwood report. It is impossible to say much in this place, except that the report is uniformly good where it deals with technical matters affecting the equipment and administration of railways, and it is wholly unacceptable where it deals with issues of large finance. The members were hardly qualified to deal with some of the issues. They had no knowledge of local conditions and the analogy of England and South Africa, on which they relied, could not apply to the Indian railways in their relation with the state. I shall mention only two points. The suggestion, that the railways should not contribute to the general revenues at any time hereafter, is one which would be astounding, if its political implications to release the statutory Railway Authority from the control of the legislature were not so clear. Section 186 of the Government of India Act clearly mentions that all deficits of the statutory Railway Authority would be a legal charge on the revenues of India. They would also be a non-votable item. If the railways, therefore, go on incurring a deficit through inefficiency and incompetence of white administrators, in whose hands alone Indian railways have hitherto been placed, the Indian taxpayer is to pay. If, on account of the next move in the trade cycle, the volume of traffic is increased and there is a surplus and the income of the railways swells, the legislature must not have a chance to say whether the surplus after the provision of depreciation should not go towards the general revenue to make up for the large series of contributions, which the general revenue has made towards the railways in the past. "Heads I win, tails you lose", is a dictum, which will not take in merchants, however well it can be dished up to lure politicians. The further suggestion that, till 1945 no option should be exercised for taking over railway administrations from companies, whose contracts are terminating in 1941 and 1942, is one, which will be universally condemned. State ownership of railways and state management was an issue of policy fixed after full enquiry by a majority of the Acworth Committee. It has subsequently never been challenged in the Indian Legislature. The control of Indian Railway affairs by company boards sitting in London is in itself hateful even if it involved no inducement to mess up items between capital and revenue accounts, and even if it did not involve the giving away of a share of the profits, which would come to the owner of the railways, viz., the Indian taxpayer.

INCREASED TAXATION.

One result of increased taxation everywhere is that, the taxpayer becomes much more watchful. The recommendations of the Income-tax Committee's report are bound to lead to increased taxation. As a student of finance, I would not be sorry to see direct taxes playing a larger part in the financial system of India. I would be also glad to see the yield of income-tax mounting up, as it would bring nearer the date when provincial ministries would receive much-needed financial help from the centre. All people, who are at present fully taxed, must also rejoice that the loopholes for evasions, some of them lawful and some of them unlawful, are being plugged up, so that the burden, which would have to some ex: fallen on the bona fide taxpayer, will largely fall on the evaders. But as a merchant, I must voice your sentiment that excessive taxation of trade and industry is a discouragement to the expansion of trade and industry, and it would react badly on Government's finances in the long run. It is trite to say that India is a very lightly taxed country, but it must be remembered that India is also very poor and her taxable capacity is not at all comparable to the advanced states in the world. I hope the Finance Member will for some time resist the temptation of copying President Roosevelt and Mr. Neville Chamberlain in their "soak the rich" policy, as such a policy would prevent the flow of much needed capital into India. It will encourage Indian capitalists to seek foreign investments. Merchants are not unwilling to pay when trade is good, but they want an allowance for all losses incurred. When the return to capital is declining in most industries, the prospect of an increased levy of income-tax cannot be very attractive.

ECONOMIC EXPANSION.

The theme of India's goal of economic self-sufficiency is dear to every merchant, because it spells expanding business, and it is dear to every Indian, because it is the sure means of checking impoverishment of the masses and of abating the growing unemployment. It is a theme, which English interests dislike, because, while India would continue to buy much from the United Kingdom by way of equipment, she will also be manufacturing much, which she is buying now. Every country in the world has a plan for self-sufficiency, for adequate defence, or for speeding up production, except India. Decisions of Government on economic questions are 'ad hoc' and piecemeal. We would ask Government of India to have a greater co-ordination in economic matters and to have a policy not of drift, but of conscious activity with the full support of public opinion behind. We would request them to create an Indian brain trust. I have known of official impatience at what they regard as ignorant and disjointed attacks on their policy by members of the public. I would say that the best method of eliminating such suspicion and distrust is to have a clear policy thought out and to declare it. Words of sympathy towards agricultural masses and towards the educated unemployed and other sections of the public including merchants, expressed from high quarters cannot be a substitute for a clearly defined plan of what the Government are aiming at to achieve in regard to trade and industry during the next few years.

COASTAL SHIPPING.

There are two other issues, on which I desire to take this occasion to say something. The invasion by Japanese shipping of the coasting trade of this country, in which with great difficulty a working arrangement has been arrived at between British and Indian interests, must be resisted if a large number of complications are to be avoided, and I trust that Government of India will take up a resolute attitude on this subject and allow the present arrangement in connection with the coasting trade to continue undisturbed. The next object is with reference to sugar. In spite of India being the largest individual producer of sugar in the world, India was not represented at the sugar conference, as if the conference related only to sugar trade and not to sugar manufacture. While the protest of the commercial community against this attitude is still fresh, I understand that Government of India have gone and committed themselves not to export any sugar from India for five years. This indicates a lack of forethought and a neglect of Indian interests, against which the commercial community must register its emphatic protest. In India the danger point of excessive production has been reached and if only the manufacturers could come to a common selling arrangement, for which efforts are being made, I see no reason why India should not export a certain amount of surplus sugar, particularly as, on account of the quota arrangements, sugar prices in the world have become steady. I trust Government of India will lose no time in setting this matter right and in withdrawing from any such commitments if made.

BUMPER MARKET FOR ITALIAN PRODUCTS

(From Our Correspondent).

ROME: (By Air Mail).

Abyssinia is proving a bumper market for Italian products, according to official figures. They show that the new Empire imported £7,270,000 worth of Italian goods in the first four months of 1937.

Italian wine heads the list of edible exports at £280,000. Then comes beer £110,000 and liquors £60,000.

£200,000 worth of tobacco was imported, £68,000 worth of shoes, £20,000 worth of soap, £46,000 worth of perfume, £38,000 worth of medicine.

For clothing the Abyssinians bought £600,000 worth of raw cotton, £140,000 worth of cotton manufacturers, £90,000 worth of goods manufactured from artificial textiles and £40,000 worth of woollen goods. Foodstuffs lists are headed by flour at £190,000, followed by olive oil at £100,000, cheese at £500,000, vegetables and fruit at £35,000.

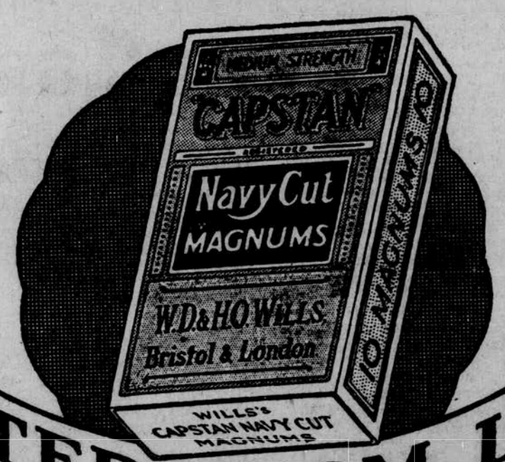
The degree of mechanisation of the Empire is revealed in the export figures of metal products, which show that £400,000 worth of machinery went to Abyssinia. A total of 4,273 motor cars were sent (£1,835,000), with an additional £390,000 worth of spare-parts. Steel and iron worth £350,000 was sent for construction projects.

BETTER BUY
CAPSTAN
they're blended better

THE PERFECT FORMULA—giving the exact proportions of each specified Grade of leaf—is only the start of better blending. There are eleven stages in the blending itself.... Of course, Capstan are blended better!

WILLS'S
CAPSTAN
MAGNUMS

3 annas per packet of 10



3 annas per packet of 10

IMPORTED FROM LONDON

CAP/115

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Congress And Office Acceptance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There have been certain criticisms from certain persons stating that now the Congress has accepted offices under the New Constitution, the talk of Congress wrecking the constitution is mere electioneering stunt. If these criticisms had come from the well-wishers of Congress, it could be said to have been in the best interests of Congress and as having been offered as a fair criticism of Congress policy. But, as most of these criticisms come from the confirmed enemies of the Congress who are now fighting their last battle, the motive behind these criticism is apparent and that is to misrepresent Congress. Why are they so anxious to rush out with criticisms against the Congress? Let them wait and see whether Congress has accepted offices to work the constitution or wreck it. One thing is clear to everybody in this vast country that Congress stands for people at large and is out to fight for the country's independence, unlike most of the erstwhile interim Ministers and unlike many Ministers in the non-Congress Provinces, whose only ambition is self-aggrandizement at the cost of the country's self-respect. The opponents of the Congress know, and this has become very evident in the Madras Presidency, that shortly in future there can be no political platform in this country besides Congress and that they can no more pose as leaders of the people. Even the worst critic of the Congress shall admit that if Congress has not achieved anything better, it has achieved one object, very necessary in the best interests of the country, of keeping out of offices some of the worst opponents of the country. In provinces where Congress has taken up offices, there shall at least be better liberties for Press and platform. It will greatly popularise Congress amongst the masses as no mass contact programme can. Self-seeking and self-elected leaders of people will go to their proper places. British Imperialism in India loses one of its main supports and this is no small gain. Congress has the best political brains in the country. Let the other provinces learn from Madras that nothing matters in elections excepting Congress success.—Yours, etc.,

A. GRADUATE

The Scout Movement

To The Editor of The "Chronicle."

Sir,—Another move on the part of certain scout officials of the Bombay Local Association is being made to induce scoutmasters to maintain their loyalty to the Baden-Powell Movement in face of the daily growing strength of the National Movement.

The following circular which has been issued by Mr. C. B. Sethna seems to have offended many self-respecting scouts of the Bombay Association. The circular runs as follows:

"Will you please make it convenient to come to the Scout Hut on Sunday the 25th July at 10-30 a.m. when we, commissioners, desire to speak with you on the present situation in Scouting in our city?

"If you desire to speak or seek information on any particular point, for yourselves or on behalf of controlling authorities of your Group, please write the same in advance so as to reach Mr. C. B. Sethna not later than the 22nd July noon.

"The meeting is open to you and all warranted officers and we hope you will all make a special effort to attend the same. Will you please write a line to Mr. C. B. Sethna if you are unable to come."

The circular is signed by Mr. C. B. Sethna, G. G. Merchant, S. B. Trivedi and K. B. Godrej, Asst. Dist. Commissioners of Bombay.

Obviously the attitude of the Commissioners towards their scoutmasters not much different from those medieaval teachers towards their pupils. Is this an attempt to compel scoutmasters by these commissioners who have been nominated by higher authorities, to remain in the officialised movement.

One wonder what answer the self-respecting scoutmasters, who are unable to understand the present situation, will give to this circular.

Perhaps they must have registered their names beforehand to obtain their right of free speech from their superiors.

Any way the proper answer will be given at Saturday's conference at Blavatsky Hall where it will be decided to start a National Scout Movement with a thorough, democratic and national organisation and once and for all put an end to the right of nominated Commissioners to teach the scoutmasters who are the real backbone, makers and representatives of the Scout movement.

Let us hope that a similar move in the Suburbs on the same Sunday morning will meet with a deserving fate.—Yours, etc.

SCOUTER.

Road Versus Railways

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your issue of the 14th instant there is a report about the bus-owners' organising themselves in Bombay has been published. This is, indeed, welcome news, but it will be more desirable if the prospective travellers in buses will organise themselves. The bus is the poor man's car. As a means of travel it has come to stay.

The bus-owners will naturally look more to their own interest and profits. What the masses want is a reliable safe and pleasant bus-service, with careful and fit drivers and buses well fitted with comfort and safety.

The present system of transportation on the road is not at all systematic and is managed by small individual owners. The public is entitled to safe and comfortable journey. We want bus waiting-sheds, prevention of overcrowding and consequent danger, proper supervision and inspection of vehicles and drivers and, last but not the least, good roads. Without proper surface of roads, the travelling is most uncomfortable. Legislative action is necessary, but it will not be forthcoming without pressure of public opinion. With parties professing "maximum good of greatest numbers" now holding reins of Government a new era is anticipated. When will an organisation for masses similar to W. I. A. A. for car-owners be forthcoming? That body can effectively agitate for Bombay, Ahmedabad, road which is long over due. It is difficult to believe but is never-the-less the fact that the two largest cities of this province are yet not connected by road and this is 1937. What about the old B. B. & C. I. bridge over the Narmada?—Yours, etc.,

A. N. DIKSHIT,
Assistant Engineer,
City Division.

P. W. Dept.,
Baroda, July 21.

Work For Congress Cabinet

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—One and all will admit that the Congress cannot have a magic wand to relieve all classes of the public of the different natures of their respective distress, at one stroke and at one and the same moment. In the majority of cases, the question of finance is likely to stare them (the Congress Ministers) in the face; in others the necessary constitutional powers may be found wanting. In both of these kinds of cases, therefore, it will take a considerably long time before the Congress Ministry could succeed in making a headway or in overcoming a possible deadlock. But among the cases that they can immediately tackle without halt or hindrance, and for which no finance will have to be looked for nor any other obstacle will have to be faced, there appear to me two immediately practicable. The class of the public concerned is the middle class and the labouring class residing in the cities and the towns such as Bombay. The distress deadly felt by them is (1) the exaction by the landlords of usurious rents from the tenants and its natural accompaniments in the shape of humiliating harassments in cases of inability to pay the same; and (2) the killing unemployment.

These two cases could be tackled as follows: (1) the Rent Act covering comprehensive provisions in respect of (a) fixing up the standard of rents according to area, facilities and conveniences available, the prominency or otherwise of the locality and the nature of tenancy; (b) empowering tenants to withhold rent for failure on the part of the landlord to carry out his obligations; and (c) preventing the landlords from bringing distress warrants etc should immediately be enacted. Ordinarily while fixing the standard rents as far as Bombay City is concerned, they should be reduced by at least 33 per cent. At present not less than one-third of the income of an average middle-class man goes towards payment of rents. To help him to save a major portion of this rent will automatically help the villagers as naturally the money thus saved will go to villages to supplement the villagers' income.

(2) For creating new openings for absorbing the unemployed, considerable time will be required. If, however, the existing hours of work of office staff is restricted and limited by legislation, many of the unemployed will easily find accommodation, and to a greater extent the unemployment question will have been immediately solved. When further reduction in the working hours of the labour is contemplated, there would be found no logical reason for permitting the overworked office staff being indefinitely exploited.

The Congress Ministry will do well in taking up these two questions and win approbation of all those who have been mainly responsible for the success of the Congress at the elections.—Yours, etc.,

N. B. PARULEKAR.

Byculla, July 12.

B. P. C. C. Meeting

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I had noticed from the issue of the 27th June, 1937 of your paper that my speech was not correctly reported in the proceedings of the meeting of the B. P. C. C., held on the 26th June, 1937.

I explained to the B. P. C. C. that the file containing the two telegrams and the cash book were lying in the cupboard of the B. P. C. C., along with the books of account of this committee (B. P. C. C.). The cupboard was not locked. They were left by the clerk of Parliamentary Board for my audit.; when he left for Titthal for the Board's work" they were not lying in my drawer as reported in your paper.—Yours, etc.,

ISHWARBHAI PATEL.

Mahim, July 17.

Appeal To Tenants' Union

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I read a press statement in "The Bombay Chronicle" dated the 20th inst. issued by the Secretary, Bombay Tenants' Union, Bombay, in which he says that owing to the work done by the Union, they have been partially successful in securing the demands of the tenants living in F. and G. wards.

I doubt whether they have extended their activities to the World area which is also in G. ward, if not, I request them to appoint a Committee of Inquiry to visit this area and do something to the tenantry which is the most neglected one in the City of Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

VISHWANATH T. R.

Worli Chawls

A correspondent writes:—

May I add on what the manufacturers of spurious drugs call "unsolicited testimonial" to the one contained in the letter about Worli Chawls you published recently?

Immediately following his appointment as manager of Worli Chawls, Mr. Iyer sent round a circular to local Government offices in which he evoked the image of the Chawls as a kind of garden city or a cross between a well appointed, quietly luxurious seaside hotel and a petty-bourgeois private villa. The circular impressed even the hard-bitten clerks some of whom made a visit of preliminary inspection of the premises. They were frankly scandalised. Mr. Iyer also tried to harangue them with what results can will be imagined. But I must say that, I have always regretted that Mr. Iyer's services were not utilised by a certain influential European Colonial Power who might have made something of the immense possibilities of Topo-Topo.

The fact that these chawls have been remaining unoccupied for several years in a city which boasts a variety of slums proves that they are unfit for human habitation. If the menials in Government service are forced to live in them and to suffer the neighbourhood of criminals detained in the temporary jail or as it would now appear, other people are reduced to use them for residential purposes, our sympathy goes to these unfortunates. What is the use of asking the tenants of these chawls to formulate their grievances and keep clear of the Press when the existence of the chawls itself is the greatest grievance which demands a public protest.

Millowners' Example

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Let me congratulate the Millowners' Association through your esteemed daily for doing justice to their bribe receiving employees, and I confidently hope the B. B. and C. I. Railway authorities will follow suit. Some of their junior staff are extracting the thrifty savings from the unemployed which are apparently to be given to their innocent officers but really enjoying the same by their own selves.

The desolate souls, in their mad escapade for employment are apt to spend to the last farthing when their cunning benefactors, after completely swindling them are never seen again. In some cases, even stamped receipts are signed by them, knowing full well that the wrecks will be unable to sue them for the same

In such cases, I should kindly suggest the Railway authorities to hold inquiry of these men and after obtaining full information pay the poor jobless from the culprits wages, and instantly dismiss them with its cause fully inscribed on their testimonials, for the safety of the innocent officers and the desperate souls as well.—Yours, etc.,

"SYMPATHETIC."

Technical Education

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—We are glad to learn that the University of Bombay has resolved, with the sanction of the Local Government, to introduce Technical Education in its curriculum. This reform it seems is necessitated because of the large number of educated unemployed. There can be absolutely no doubt that in technical education and in the development of hitherto unexplored arts and industries of the country, lies the best hope for the future of educated Indians who look to Government for employment and who are greatly disappointed on account of the excess of the supply over the demand.

The spread of technical education should not be left to the University alone. It must have the co-operation both of Government and wealthy people in the country. A large number of Indian students go to England every year for the study of liberal professions and return home to swell the ranks of unemployed of overwrought brains and worthless disaffected tendencies. It is better that their energies are now directed to other profitable channels.

Take the example of Japan Many Japanese students are found in London and Paris receiving technical training which can be of service to them in their country, and it high time the Indian students gave up the craze for irrationally joining Arts Colleges and devoted their talents to industrial pursuits which can bring happiness to them and prosperity to their country. Our thanks are due to the University for a move in the right direction.—Yours etc.

CAWASHAH M. TALYARKHAN.

Hyderabad Subjects Demand Responsible Govt.

Plea For Expansion Of Legislature & Appointment Of Public Services Commission

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), (By Mail,) The need for the appointment of a Public Service Commission, adequate representation of Hindus in the Public services, expansion of legislature as an effective step towards establishing responsible Government in Hyderabad State have been urged by Mr. Srinivas Rao Sharma, Secretary, Hyderabad State Reforms Association, in the course of a statement issued by him over a recent move made by certain leading public men of Hyderabad for organising a common platform in view of Hyderabad's entry into the All-India Federation.

"We should unitedly ask for the immediate extension of the Legislative Council, as an effective step towards responsible Government so that the people's representatives might get an opportunity to advise Government in all administrative matters. The Council should be so constituted that no class or community, as such in a position to infringe the legitimate rights of any other class or community. Not only should the annual budget be placed before the Council for its opinion but members should also have the right to interpelate on all matters of public importance.. It goes without saying that the sovereign rights of our ruler (the Nizam) are not in any way affected by the proposed constitutional change; but the people get the right of advising their sovereign on all important matters of administration," observes Mr. Sharma and appeals to the Hindu and Muslim subjects of the Nizam's Dominions not to hesitate in joining the Federation. He says that in entering the Federation they will have a voice in settling All-India problems.

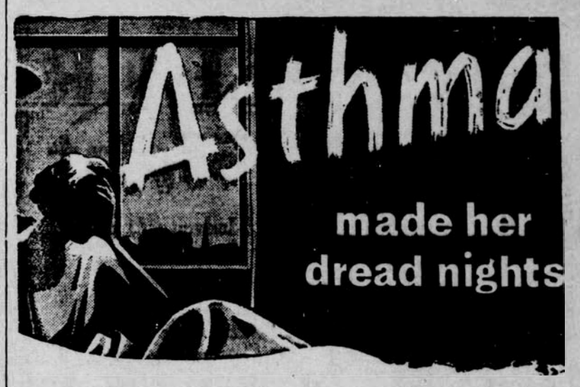
Mr. Sharma next requests the Muslims to agree for an adequate representation of Hindus in the Public services, appointment of a Public Service Commission, protection of local languages and culture of Hindus, stopping of indiscreet conversion of Hindus to Islam and an united demand for the removal of various circulars issued by the Government from time to time which blocked the way of progress of the State.

Indian Readers' Digest

The July number of "The Indian Readers' Digest" (Yeshanand & Co., 20|22, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay), provides a rich and varied collection that must appeal to every student of current affairs. The number opens with an article on the "States and Federation" by Sir Manubhai N. Mehta. Particularly instructive is Sadhu Vaswani's "Mahomed and Mr. H. G. Wells". The constitutional deadlock that continued to dominate the situation last month is reflected in a lengthy symposium of views by leading Indians of all parties. Among other interesting articles are "Detective Archaeology," Patriotism in Bengali Literature", "Resurrection of Ayurvedic and Unani Medicine", and "Open Gates" by Prof. Roerich which is compiled by Mr. Waman Kabadi. This journal, which evidently gets its inspiration from the "Readers' Digest," that excellent American monthly, has a distinctive book-like format. Its chief qualities are a wise selection that ensures variety and "lasting interest" and intelligent condensation.

Another commendable feature is its compactness. The neat small page eliminates the temptation of wasting space in display to provide so-called "magazine effects". The result is a "digest"—compact and concentrated. And for a mere 8 anna bit, it is cheap. (yearly Rs. 5.) This places it within the power of every purse and no student of public affairs can afford to miss this attractive publication.

The "American Digest" recently claimed a "school circulation" of over 25,00,000 copies monthly. This is not quite incredible, for teachers have found it of special value in arousing the students' interest in current affairs. The Indian counterpart deserves similar help, for a magazine like this can assuredly be of great educative value.



Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure brought sound sleep again.

Read what Mrs. F. S. of Clapton, England, says:—

'I have found more relief from Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure than any other treatment. I used to dread my nights but not now with Dr. Hair's in the house.' The marvellous and 'lasting' relief obtained from Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure IN ALL CASES OF ASTHMA AND BRONCHITIS is not surprising when you know that the Doctor who perfected this wonderful medicine, SUFFERED FROM ASTHMA HIMSELF FOR ELEVEN GHASTLY YEARS and that this medicine is the result of his first-hand observations of his own sufferings and bodily reactions. Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure, being a 'liquid' medicine, is rapidly and completely absorbed by the system. It strengthens 'inward' resistance. It gradually diminishes your suffering and does 'lasting' good.

PROOF THAT DR. HAIR'S ASTHMA CURE CAN END YOUR SUFFERING

Post the coupon below for Dr. Hair's own book which contains undeniable 'proof' that Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure has been the salvation of thousands. Don't wait for the next attack. Post this coupon NOW.

The Royal Physician who said he knew many people benefited by using Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure.

Dr. Hair's ASTHMA CURE

Obtainable at all leading Chemists and stores or direct from address in coupon

COUPON FOR *FREE* MEDICAL BOOK.

DR. HAIR'S INDIAN DEPOT, (Dept. No. 3.), Post Box No. 431, BOMBAY.

Please send me without expense or obligation the free 48-page book by Dr. B. W. Hair, M.D., with details of Treatment, Health Rules, Diet Suggestions, Testimonials.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Established 1919

Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort Bombay.

Branch.—RAJKOT (Civil Station.)

CAPITAL PAID UP Rs. 39,90,000

RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,50,000

Chairman: Sir HORMUSJEE COWASJI DINSHAW Kt, M.V.O., O.B.E.

Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 per cent per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One lac.

Fixed Deposits for long and short period received on favourable terms.

Savings Bank Accounts interest allowed at 2 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.

Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

B. M. BHARGAVA, B.A., LL.B., J.P. Secretary

N. Y. K LINE

Passage Rates from Bombay.

		SINGLE Cabin £	SINGLE T'st £	RETURN Cabin £	RETURN T'st £
Colombo		7-0	5-0	12-12	9-0
Singapore		19-0	12-0	30-0	18-0
Hongkong		26-0	17-0	46-16	30-0
Shanghai		30-0	19-0	50- 0	30-0
Kobe		35-0	22-0	50- 0	30-0
Yokohama		36-0	23-0	50- 0	30-0

Reduced Through Rates to San Francisco Los Angeles, Vancouver and Seattle on application.

Revised Passage Rates from Colombo

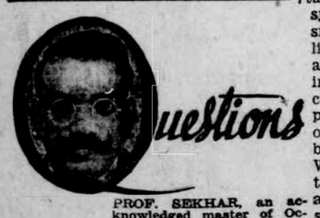
		London £	M'Seilles £
1st	A	69-0	64-0
	B	66-0	61-0
	C	54-0	49-0
	D	49-0	44-0
2nd	A	44-0	40-0
	B	34-0	30-0
	C	31-0	27-0

Reduced 3rd class Students' Rates from Colombo to Europe on application.

For particulars of passage and sailings etc., please apply to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Lloyds Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay. 'Phone No 22041. Telegrams: 'YUSEN'



PROF. SEKHAR, an acknowledged master of Occultism, answers clearly and accurately ANY questions regarding YOUR future!—Consult him today. FOREKNOWLEDGE SPELLS SUCCESS. Send 1 to 5 Questions with your date of Birth or time of writing. Prof. Sekhar will send you by return simple, direct replies—the accuracy of which will amaze you. Fees Re. 1/4 by M. O. If V. P. Postage 0-4-0 Extra

PROF. SEKHAR.

THE GREAT MESMERIST. ELLORE

WHY BE VICTIMISED WITH INDIGESTION!

Normo-Gastrine

The wonderful new remedy relieves Indigestion, Flatulence, Distention and Heartburn in less than 20 minutes. Absolutely safe. Recommended by the leading physicians. Partake of your favourite dishes, parathas, chappatis, puries, luchees, etc., without fear of unpleasant after effects. Of all pharmacies, dispensaries and dealers.

BOXES OF 50 & 100 TABLETS SUFFICIENT FOR 1 and 2 WEEKS

BURGOYNE'S NORMO-GASTRINE

You keep fresher while you work if your head is cool!

Anzora has a wonderfully cooling effect on the scalp. A few drops rubbed in will keep your hair in place and your head cool throughout the day.

Anzora is not greasy—does not soil linen; will not clog or flake the hair.

ANZORA

New White Emulsion

ANZORA BRILLIANTINE.

If you prefer brilliant glossy hair, rub in Anzora Brilliantine. Wonderful scent—large bottle to last many days costs a few annas only.

Do You Know—

—This Lady ?

SHE EVIDENTLY SEEMS TO BE INTERESTED IN OUR

CIRCUS

COMPETITION

WHICH WILL SURELY CLOSE ON

WEDNESDAY

28th July, 1937

SWADESHI

MOSQUITO CURTAINS

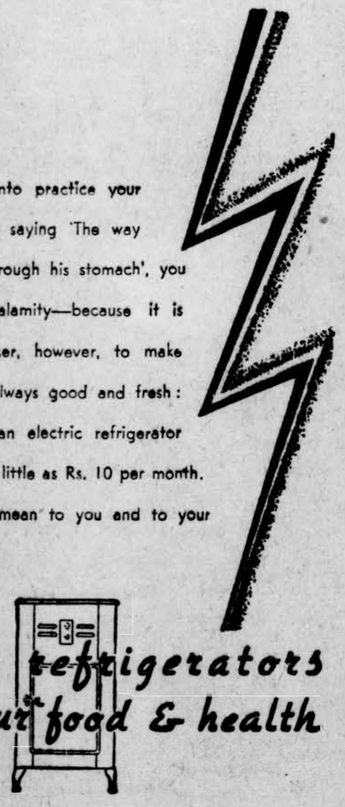
G. S. MHASKAR, LIMITED

CLOTH MERCHANTS

205, Girgaon Road, Bombay. No. 4. Tel: No. 21640.

Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, Bombay. 14. Tel: No. 60591.

If you were to put into practice your disapproval of the old saying 'The way to a man's heart is through his stomach', you would be courting calamity—because it is true. It is much wiser, however, to make sure that the food is always good and fresh: you can buy or hire an electric refrigerator from the B.E.S.T. for as little as Rs. 10 per month. Think what that would mean to you and to your family.



electric refrigerators protect your food & health

TRADE AND FINANCE

Money Rates Easy With Call Loans At 1/2 P. C.

GILT-EDGED MARKET STEADY

Bullion Quiet With Small Turnover

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, July 23.

MONEY

The demand for money was restricted, day-to-day loans being available at 1|2 per cent. Total tenders for this week's three months Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 293.25 lakhs, of which Rs. 1 crore were accepted at Rs. 0-13-10 per cent. Maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore. Fixed deposit rates were: two months 1 per cent., three months 1.1|4 per cent. and six months 1.1|2 per cent.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was unchanged throughout the period under report, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 6-7|64d. and buyers 1s. 6-1|8d. Tenders to Government at 1s. 6-1|8d. were smaller than last week's, amounting to £100,000. These were accepted in full

Continued firmness of sterling in terms of the French and American currencies was the feature of the foreign exchange market in London. The sterling|dollar rate, after opening at 496.65 cents, gradually advanced on Continental offering of dollars against sterling to 498.50 cents. At this level, the British Control stepped into the market with the result that the rate was forced back to 498.25 cents. Renewed nervousness in France about the budgetary position of the country, as well as the safety of the present cabinet, resulted in heavy offering of francs against sterling. The spot franc rate advanced sharply from the previous close of frs 128.05 to frs. 133 62 on Wednesday and frs. 135.00 on Thursday. The discount on three months' forward francs simultaneously widened from frs. 3.93 to frs. 6.25 over the week-end, but declined to frs. 5.375, closing at frs. 5.875. The belga fluctuated between 29.61-3|4 and 29.49-1|4 and the gulider between 9.02-13|16 and 9.01-1|8. The Italian lira after opening at 94.36 advanced and closed at 94.70.

GOLD

This was a short-working week for the Bullion market, Monday and Thursday being holidays. In spite of the depreciation of the dollar in terms of sterling and the consequent decline in the London price of gold from 140s. 1.1|2d. at the opening to 139s 6-1|2d. at the close, the local gold rates kept remarkably steady. Spot gold, after opening at Rs. 34-9-6, advanced to Rs. 34-10-3 on Friday last, but soon reacted to Rs. 34-9-9, closing at Rs. 34-9-3. The backwardation between August and September settlements, which was 1 anna 6 pies at the opening, declined to 1 anna towards mid-week, but was again quoted at 1 anna 3 pies at the close as a result of the market being short against options after the option settlement of July 21. There was some reselling by banks for near deliveries, which helped to keep down the backwardation. The volume of fresh business for export was very restricted. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 50,000 tolas, while the daily arrivals average about 7,000 tolas. The offtake averages some 1,000 tolas a day. The price of spot sovereigns was steady around Rs. 21-15-0 during the week. Last week's shipment per s.s. "Maloja" to London, on July 17, amounted to Rs. 33.43 lakhs. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were: Rs. 34-10-3 and Rs. 34-8-9 for spot and August settlement and Rs. 34-9-3 and Rs. 34-7-6 for September settlement. Imports during the week amounted to Rs 2,80,454 in bar and coin.

SILVER

Silver was dull throughout the week and the market indicated a downward tendency. Spot silver, after opening at Rs. 51-13, advanced to Rs. 51-15 on Saturday last in sympathy with a fractional rise in the London price of the metal to 20d., but gradually declined to Rs. 51-10 towards the close in the absence of fresh buying interest. At the lower level, some improvement in the demand for spot silver was in evidence. In London the price of spot silver after opening at 19-15|16d., advanced to 20d. in mid-week and closed at 19-13|16d. The quotation for two months' forward opened at 19-15|16 and after advancing to 20d. on Saturday, declined and closed at 19-13|16d. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 22,500 bars, while the offtake averages about 180 bars a day. Yesterday's arrival per s.s. Ranpura is valued at £9,000. Silver worth £41,500 is en route to Bombay. Imports during the week amounted to about 120 bars from London; coins worth Rs. 6,043 were also imported. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were: Rs. 51-15-0 and Rs. 51-9-6 for spot, Rs. 51-15-6 and Rs. 51-10-0 for August settlement and Rs. 52-1-6 and Rs. 51-12-0 for September settlement. The Shanghai dollar was practically pegged around 1s. 2-1|4d. throughout the week. The Yen was quoted at 1s. 2d.

GILT-EDGED

Money is seeking employment even at present low yields in gilt-edged securities. The investment demand for medium and long-dated issues manifest last week continued during the period under review, resulting in a further improvement in prices. 3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper opened at Rs. 96-4 and after declining to Rs. 95-4 advanced to Rs. 96-2 early in the week. Owing to scarcity of cash scrips, the spot rate was maintained around this level, while the August settlement was quoted at ..... Towards the close, following London advices the rate declined to Rs. 95-12. 3-1|2 per cent India Sterling Stock fluctuated between £91 and £90-3|4. 2-3|4 per cent 1948-52 loan advanced from Rs. 100-1 to Rs. 100-5, 3 per cent 1941 loan from Rs. 103-4 to Rs. 103-7 and 3 per cent 1951-54 loan from Rs. 101-4 to Rs. 101-6. 3-1|2 per cent 1947-50 loan changed hands at Rs. 106-11 and 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan at Rs. 119-14. 4 per cent 1943 bonds were dealt in at Rs. 107-6 and 4-1|2 per cent 1955-60 loan at Rs. 118-4. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan rose from Rs. 110-15 to Rs. 111-12. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan was quoted at Rs. 105-7 and 5-1|2 per cent loan at Rs. 104-7.

SHARES

The share market opened steady and after an initial rise in values of almost all shares, the market developed a sagging tendency on profit-taking and unloading by weak holders. Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1672-8 and after advancing to Rs. 1685 on Monday last, declined precipitately to Rs. 1600 in mid-week. Towards the close, however, they improved to Rs. 1610 but owing to lack of support eased off to Rs. 1580 at the end. Ordys. after fluctuating between Rs. 355 and Rs. 351, weakened to Rs. 343. The rate, however, was a shade better at Rs. 344 towards the close, but on profit-taking it eased off to Rs. 341-8. Cotton mill shares were steadier during the early part, but closed easier at the end in sympathy with the general tone of the market and lower price of raw cotton. Bombay Dyeings after gaining about 25 points to Rs. 1000, receded to Rs. 963-12 at the close. Centuries opened at Rs. 230 and after rising to Rs. 237-8, eased off to Rs. 232-8. Central Indias lost about 14 points to Rs. 276-4 and Kohinoors, after gaining about 9 points to Rs. 262-8, slumped to Rs. 251-4. In Hydro-electrics, Tata Powers were the most to suffer. The rate came down to as low as Rs. 1395, a loss of about 35 points over the previous close, but closed a shade better at Rs. 1407-8. Andhra Valleys closed at Rs. 1675 and Tata Hydros at Rs. 176-4. Owing to voluntary liquidation, all Cement shares that were quoted on the Stock Exchange ceased to be quoted from the 21st instant. It is reported that the quotation for Associated Cement Co.'s shares is Rs. 158 against last week's Rs. 163. Official dealings in this scrip are due to commence at the end of August for the October share settlement. The Bank and Railway shares showed little change. In the miscellaneous section, Bombay Burmas declined from Rs. 730 to Rs. 707-8 and Belapurs from Rs. 171-4 to Rs. 168-12. Scindia Steams fluctuated between Rs. 28-14 and Rs. 28-5.

CALCUTTA

The price of hessians for forward delivery moved narrowly between Rs. 8-2-6 and Rs. 8-1-6. Jute shares in the Calcutta market were easier at the opening and after being steady in mid-week, closed dull.

IMPORTANT LEGAL POINT

Can Court After Framing Charge Grant Separate Trials On Two Counts?

(From Our Correspondent.)
DOHAD, July 22.

An interesting hearing of the case against two clerks and a cashier of the Government Scarcity Department has been proceeding in the court of the First class Magistrate of Dohad, and the Magistrate after hearing important prosecution witnesses framed a charge for the embezzlement of Government money on scarcity work of Dohad-Chakhalia road.

Yesterday, when the case was called on for hearing, the defence pleaders were asked by the Court as to what they had to say in regard to the application by the prosecution requesting the Court to separate the trials for the alleged preparation of false registers as both the charges of embezzlement and preparation of false registers could not be tried together.

The defence pleaders asked the court at what stage the application was made, to which the Court replied that it was made after the framing of the charge.

On this an important point was raised by the defence pleaders whether the complainant could submit such an application after the framing of the charge when no order had been passed by the Court and thereby invoking the jurisdiction of the court with which the court was not invested. The defence also argued that the granting of such an application would materially prejudice the accused. The court's order is awaited.

Foreign Films Bought

Hand-in-and with the influx of foreign personalities is the increasing use of background and colour screens from foreign pictures. Many a producer, ready to make a picture with a foreign sequence, will buy or obtain rights to a foreign-made picture with the required scenes.

When RKO-Radio made "The Woman I Love", many of the scenes were taken from the French film "L'Escadrille". Similarly man of the war time shots in 20th Century-Fox's "The Road to Glory" were taken from the French film, "Wooden Crossee" which Fox had bought.

It would take a trained expert to note the merging of old and new film in "The Soldier and the Lady" after RKO-Radio got through using the German film "Michael Strogoff".

It is far less expensive for a studio to buy a foreign film and salvage the authentic background scenes than to send a camera crew halfway around the world.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 20.

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names	Latest Prices.
London Nigerian Tin Co. Ld.	£0 10 9
Guest, Keen and Nettleford Ltd.	1 14 3
Turner and Newall	4 11 3
Associated Elec. Industries	2 8 0
Attock Oil.	1 8 6
Associated Portland Cement	4 10 9
Automatic Telephone and Elec. Ord.	2 4 3
Castlefield (Klang) Rubber	0 5 1½
Beira Railways	1 9 0
United Br. Oilfields of Trinidad	0 15 3
Marconi International Marine	1 15 3
Western Union Telegraph	dol 50.50
General Electric Ordinary	4 1 0
Fairey Aviation Co., Ld.	0 19 3
Perak Hydro Elec Ordinary	1 7 3
International Rly. of C. America	dol 6.75
Malayalam Plantations	1 18 6
British Burma Petroleum	0 8 3
Soudan Plantation Syndicate	2 5 9
British South Africa (Chartered)	1 13 6
Pahang Consolidated Ord.	1 8 6
Indian Copper Corpn. Ord.	0 5 1½
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	dol 26.25
American Radiator	dol 20.50
Timken Roller Bearing Co.	dol 64.25
American Can Company	dol 103.00
General Foods Corporation	dol 38.25
Marlu Gold Mining Areas Ltd.	0 12 3
New Goldfields of Venezuela Ld.	0 5 6
Bisichi Tin Co. (Nigerian) Ld.	0 11 9
Mawchi Mines Ltd.	3 2 6
Messina (Transvaal) Co. Ld.	1 1 9
Capital Securities Trust units	0 11 0
Trust of Bank and Insurance shares	1 0 9
Trust of Bank Share units	0 19 9
Trust of Insurance Share units	1 1 9
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0 10 0 99 p.c. p.a.

How to Clear the Skin

To every woman who suffers from distressing pimples, enlarged pores, blackheads, muddy complexion, coarse rough patches and blemishes, Cuticura presents the most simple way to clear the skin.

Place the care of your skin in Cuticura Soap used with Cuticura Ointment. In just a few days you will see a great improvement.

The treatment is simple. Wash the skin with Cuticura Soap twice a day. Its luxuriant lather cleanses and purifies the pores, sweetens and softens the skin. To clear away and heal pimples, skin outbreaks, rashes and irritations apply Cuticura Ointment to the affected part before washing with the soap.

Simple and economical yet amazingly effective, Cuticura is endorsed and recommended by Specialists throughout the world.

Cuticura

For Clear Healthy Skin

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars. Ask for Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. And for powder use Cuticura Talcum—exceptionally fine and pure, exquisitely perfumed.

Sample of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum sent on receipt of 3 annas. Address: Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay.

Cough . . . *Cough* . . . COUGH !

Every COUGH May Be ONE STEP NEARER To Dreaded ASTHMA BRONCHITIS CONSUMPTION ETC., ETC.

ONE DOSE OF VENO'S STOPS THE WORST COUGH !

Every time you cough your *lungs* are strained and tortured ! Every fresh paroxysm tears at their delicate structure, weakening them, giving deadly disease germs the opportunity to thrive and multiply ! Even *one day's neglect* may ruin your health for ever ! You must get rid of that cough **AT ONCE** with the aid of Veno's *Lightning* Cough Cure. The first dose soothes the raw and aching chest, eases the breathing, stops the coughing attacks !

THE GREATEST COUGH CURE IN THE WORLD !

Veno's gets right to the root of the trouble ! It strengthens the chest and lungs . . . *and arrests the development of dangerous germs.* It "cuts up" the poisonous phlegm—clears all the blocked-up bronchial tubes and sets you quickly on the road to health again ! **PURELY HERBAL,** supremely safe, sure and speedy in action, **VENO'S** is the Greatest Cough Cure in the World !

Get a bottle **TO-DAY** and **STOP** that cough *instantly !*

IF YOU SUFFER FROM :—

COUGHS COLDS PAINFUL BREATHING CHILLS ASTHMA BRONCHITIS 'FLU SORE THROAT CATARRH

start taking VENO'S *Lightning* Cough Cure TO-DAY !

Watch for the BLUE SEAL on Every Package.

From all Chemists & Stores.

VENO'S *Lightning* COUGH CURE

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 34 POINTS DOWN

Bullion Firm But Wheat Quiet

BOMBAY, July 23.

On Friday crossrates ruled quiet.

N. Y. COTTON VERY WEAK.

New York cotton developed further sagging tendency on continued liquidation influenced by favourable weather report. The closing tone was very weak.

BULLION FIRM.

London gold and silver were firm.

WHEAT QUIET.

Wheat was quiet. Base betals were easy but copper was firm.

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange displayed firmer tendency on increased interest but business was small. Giltedged securities kept steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, July 23.

Previous closing	11.64
To-day's opening	11.55
Difference	—09
To-day's closing	11.30
Difference	—34

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 23.

Previous closing	6.44
To-day's opening	6.44
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	6.38
Difference	—06

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 199-12
New April May	Rs. 211

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 23.

Cotton continued to be depressed by continuance of favourable weather reports while weaker Liverpool cables further eased values which steadily declined under liquidation by tired bulls.

Trading in October began at 11.55 i.e. 9 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and renewed selling coupled with uncovering of stoploss orders influenced by posting of another favourable map under the influence of which October further eased to 11.50.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.30 with a decline of 34 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 23.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.65/11.64) 11.56/11.55
October (11.61/11.61) 11.52/11.51
December (11.62/11.62) 11.52/11.51

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 23. 12-30 p.m.

American July (6.39) 6.43
American October (6.40) 6.44
Egyptian July (9.59) 9.40
Egyptian August (9.59) 9.40

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, July 23.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 215-4 and Rs. 213-12. The closing rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 214-8.

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 23.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-4 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-7 1/2

JUTE

New York July August (£21 11/16 value) £21 11/16 value
Dunlop August (£23 3/4 sellers) £23 3/4 sellers.
Lightning August (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (8 13/16 value) 8 13/16 buyers
Forward July September (9 paid and sellers) 8 15/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay July August (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July August (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 1/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata July August (£13 5/16 sellers) £13 3/8 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£15 7/16 sellers) £15 7/16 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 23.

Liverpool wheat opened easy with October at 110 1/2 and December 110 1/4. Prices eased on selling influenced by weaker overnight north American cables but subsequently prices rallied on some support following bullish United States cables.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 23.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.19 5/8. After early steadiness prices eased on commission house selling and liquidation due to weaker outside cables which drove July back to 1.18 3/4.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Delivery Sept. 1937.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8	6	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8	6	3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8	5	6
Rates at 9-0 p.m.	8	5	3

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 23.

Previous closing	4.98 1/4
To-day's opening	4.97 3/4
To-day's closing	4.97 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, July 23.

Previous closing	4.98.22
To-day's opening	4.98.15
To-day's closing	4.97.37

FRANC RATE

London, July 23.

Previous closing	133.62
To-day's opening	133.18
To-day's closing	133.21

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 23.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.98.15 but later soon eased to 4.97.85 on considerable oressure the rate subsequently further declining to 4.97.06.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.97.37

Franc opened at 133.18 and then further weakened to 133.43 on renewed selling pressure.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 133.21.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (10.130) 10.067
New York on Bombay (37.64) 37.63
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 3/8) 0.93 1/2
London on Milan (94.70) 94.62
London on Shanghai (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£264 1/2 buyers £265 1/2 sellers. Easy) £262 1/2 buyers £263 sellers. Easy
Lead (£23 1/8 buyers £23 1/4 sellers. Easy) £23 1/4 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£63 1/4 to £64 1/2) £63 1/4 to £64 1/2
Glasgow Iron sh. (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, July 23.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India and Speculators bought. Business small. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, July 23.

Spot	(19 13/16d. 19 7/8d.
Forward	(19 13/16d.. 19 15/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, July 23.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£6-19-6 1/2) £6-19-10.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

London, July 23.

Liverpool wheat July closed at 113 7/8 as against the previous closing 114 3/4.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, July 23.

Wheat September	5 10 3
Wheat January	5 14 6
Wheat May	5 9 6
Linseed September	8 5 0
Linseed May	8 3 3

The tone was quiet.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, July 23.

Silver Ready	51 10 0
Silver 1st settlement Ashad	51 10 0
Silver 2nd settlement Shravan	51 12 0
Gold Ready	34 9 6
Gold 1st settlement Ashad	34 9 6
Gold 2nd settlement Shravan	34 7 6
Sovereign	21 14 6

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 23.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 86 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was the same. The market was steadier.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	95	14	0
Highest	96	0	0
Lowest	95	13	6
Closing	96	0	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, July 23.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £90 3/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, July 23. 2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/4) £97
3 per cent Indian Loan (£90 3/4) £90 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114) £114
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 3/4) £107 1/8
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 1/2) £74 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£99 7/8) £100
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/8) £110 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 7/8) £100
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 5/8) £108 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 23. 2-30 p.m.

The general tone was firm on increased buying interest especially in shipping shares, internationals, oil shares, kaffirs and home rails.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (133-1 1/2) 135-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (65-0) 65-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (£8 3/4) £ 7/8
Musical Industries (20-6) 20-6
Princhin Johnson (43-4 1/2) 42-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (37-7 1/2) 37-6
Woolsworth Ordinary (73-9) 73-6
Realisation 1930 (£96 1/2) £97
Dunlop Rubber (34-3) 34-3
Unilever Ordinary (40-0) 40-3
Ford Motors (25-6) 25-7 1/2
Cable Wireless New Ordinary (£79 1/4) £79 1/2
British American Tobacco (124-4 1/2) 125-0
Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (148-1 1/2) 149-4 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (31-7 1/2) 32-10 1/2
Distillers (109-3) 109-7 1/2
Bredford Dyer (£7 3/4) £7 5/8
British Celanese (£6 7/8) £7
J and P Coates Ordinary (46-3) 46-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-0) 51-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-3) 9-4 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (28-10 1/2) 29-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (64-3) 65-3
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (75-0) 76-3
Tata Steel Preference (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (46-3) 46-3
Empire of India (32-6) 32-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-6) 38-3
Gula Kelampong (41-3) 41-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (37-0) 37-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-0) 55-0
Burma Corporation (18-1 1/2) 18-0
Rio Tintos (£20) £20 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (55-7 1/2) 56-10 1/2
Rand Mines (£6 1/2) £6 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 1/4) £12 3/8
Associated Portland Cements (90-0) 90-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (132-6) 132-6
Sub Nigel (£8 3/4) £8 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (23-1 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 1/2) £7 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£51 7/8) £53 3/4
Anglo Iranian (86-3) 87-6
Burma Oil (125-0) 127-6
Musical Eagle (16-9) 17-1 1/2
Shell Transport (108-1 1/2) 109-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£45 1/2) £46 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£64 1/2) £65 3/4
L and E Ordinary (£33 1/2) £34 5/8
L N E R Defd (£5) £5 3/8
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22) £23 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£125 1/2) £125 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£81) £81 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 23.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 56 1/8) dol 56 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 57 1/4) dol 58
U S Steel Common (dol 116 7/8) dol 118 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 136 5/8) unquoted.

STOCK EXCHANGE IN OPTIMISTIC FRAME OF MIND

Most Sections More Active And firm

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, July 23.

The Stock Exchange finished the week in an optimistic frame of mind. Most sections were firm and more active especially shippings, Giltedged securities, fareasterns, kaffirs and home rails, the last mentioned on a declaration of an interim dividend of one per cent on London North-Eastern Railway first preference shares compared with nil last year.

Among shippings P and O's features were rising from 32-1 to 34-1.

Among commodities rubber eased on high Malayan production figures and later recovered on American support.

Wall Street opened firm.

JUTE SHARES DULL

Indian Iron And Steels Firm

CALCUTTA, July 23.

Jutes ruled generally dull, Howrahs and Kamarhattys rule at about yesterday's prices. Coals ruled steady and unchanged. Teas were neglected. In miscellaneous chief leader Indian irons after steady opening at 50/6 gradually moved upto 51/6 towards close. These again displayed slightly easier tendencies and closed round 50/11 in sympathy. Other speculative stocks also fetched better prices, B. I. corporation prefs met with fair request and prices advanced upto 147. Sugars and electrics also in good demand. Government securities were steady. Following were closing quotations.

Government securities:—Three and a half per cent Government paper 96, five per cent loan 1945/55 120/2, four per cent loan 1950/70 111/11 small lot, five per cent loan 1949/43 107/15.

Banks:—Allahabad pref 137, Rallygunge 106, Imperial fully paid 1518, ex div; Reserve 125, Sahadara (Delhi) Saharanpur 143.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur ord 12/8, Muir Mills ord 262,

Coals:—Bansra 4/4, Boqaro and Ramgur 18/8, Burrakur 16/4, Parasea 1/11, Satpukuria and Asansol 1/2, Bengal 321, Borrea pref 111, East Indian 21/12, Pench Valley 38/12, West Jamuria 15.

Jutes:—Anglo India 359, Clive 25/13, small lot; Howrah 52/6, India 318, Mahabir 102, Reliance 65/8, Gourepore ord 587, small lot; do pref 126, Kamarhatty 525, New Central 303.

Miscellaneous:—Burma corporation 11/15, Consolidated tin 7/4, India copper 3/5, Dalmia cement ord 1/1 prem, do defd 3/8, small lot, Bengal chemical pref 16/6, Bengal telephone pref 14/4, Patna electric 17/14 small lots, upper ganges electric 10/8, Dacca electric 22, Rawalpindi electric 22/6 small lot, Indian iron 50/11, do right 50, Indian steel and wire products ord 740, do defd 540, steel corporation ord 9/2, steel corporation pref 90/8, small lot; B. I. corporation ord 4, B. I. corporation pref 147, Calcutta trams 18/10, Indian malleable casting ord 5/8, Indian cables 15/4, Indian wood products 26/2, National safe deposit 4, discount; British Burma petrol 6/1, Titaghur paper defd 9/13, Calcutta landing shipping 21/4, Indian General Navigation ord 121.

Sugar:—Champaran 18/2, Pussimbing tea 4.

Debentures:—Three and a quarter per cent 1956/66, Howrah bridge 101/4; three per cent 1937/62 Calcutta Improvement Trust 95, seven per cent Mahabir jute 102, seven per cent Mahaswastika sugar 102.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, July 23.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton July 19/6, Jan. 19/12/6.
Punjab July 18/0/3, Jan. 17/6/6.
Dessi American July 23/8/9, Jan. 23/5/3 weak.
Wheat July 30/14/6, Sept. 31/6/9, Oct. 31/13 steady.
Gram July 23/4, Sept. 23/4/5, Oct. 23/11/3.
Toria July 43/11/6, Sept. 44/2/6, Oct. 44/12/6.
Cottonseed July unquoted Sept. 15/15/9 Jan. 6/15/9.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, July 23

(From Our Correspondent.)

Following are the closing quotations of to-day's Share Bazzar:

Ashok 380.
Aryodaya Spinning 285.
Calico 612/12.
Gujarat cotton 29/6.
Jubili 244/6.
Bharatkhand Cotton 32/8.
Marsdan 93/12.
Motilal Hirabhai 51/4.
Monogram 69/6.
Rajanagar 336/4.

WHY STRIKE WAS NOT CALLED OFF

Premier Pant Appeals To Cawnpore Workers To Resume

LUCKNOW, July 23.

Interviewed by the "United Press" regarding the Cawnpore mill strike, the Hon. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, the Premier, regretted that the strike was not called off on the basis of the settlement arrived at between the Mazdoor Sabha leaders and the mill management.

He said that he did not act as an arbitrator, nor did he make any award. He had only placed his services at the disposal of the parties concerned with a view to bringing about a genuine understanding between them. The Premier appealed to the workers once again to resume work.

CONGRESS AND LABOUR

He added further:—

"The question pertaining to industrial Labour is not free from difficulty and Government will have to examine it carefully before finally determining their general policy in this respect. But the Congress has laid down certain directions for their guidance and they are clear enough not to leave any doubt as the general attitude that the Congress Ministers are expected to adopt towards those problems".

He further said that irrespective of this settlement, Government were anxious to deal with the entire problem of labour in Cawnpore in a comprehensive manner and were fully conscious of the urgency of the question. The appointment of a special officer to deal with Labour problem was also under consideration.

Was it then too much to hope, in view of all these facts, that a proper start in the direction of constructive work would be made in a favourable atmosphere, asked the Premier.—United Press.

WORLD OF FINANCE

(Continued From Page 6)

wards co-operative marketing the agriculturist is always exploited by middlemen and he is forced to sell out his crop at unduly low prices as there is no financial help or provision to secure loans. At the top of all these difficulties he has no work for six to eight months in a year.

We have our Agricultural Departments and Indian Central Cotton Committee but the economic condition remains as bad as it could be. The immediate need at the moment is how to improve the economic condition of the masses. Once the true state is realised, and there is a will to help, there will always be a way although it may be a slow one, but slow and steady will win in the long run.

Decline In Cotton Prices

During the week under review we have had a sharp decline in cotton prices in sympathy with a drop in American cotton prices as the American cotton crop seems to be a bumper one. The bullion market was dull and there was limited business. The local Share Bazar during the middle of the week declined on heavy long liquidation but later prices improved on scattered buying and short covering. The Sino-Japanese developments discouraged business and a feeling of nervousness prevails in all markets.

The immediate outlook is uncertain and there will be no pronounced movement in prices The Spanish situation still remains disturbing and operators are awaiting fresh developments.

The progress of the monsoon is reported to be favourable but there are complaints of excessive rains, particularly from low level parts of Gujarat and Berar.

Congress M.L.A.'s March

(Continued from Page 6.)

ple, which maintains its educational departments on the revenue derived from the trade of liquor. It is better to starve the educational departments—if no other sources of revenue are available—than to ruin the precious lives of thousands and thousands of people by encouraging the nefarious trade of liquor. Liquor and toddy must be banished from our Presidency. The talk of toddy being the food of the poor people is all bunkum. It is not a food, but a very dangerous type of poison. If it is the pure juice of toddy trees why the rate per bottle should range from six pice to six annas?

I specially bring this to the notice of Dr. Gilder, the Minister of Excise and Health in the hope that he will take immediate steps to prevent the sale of poisonous drugs in the name of toddy.

As Mahatma Gandhi very rightly suggested, education must be made self-supporting. It is a Congress Government in power now and the Congress Government cannot and must not rob Peter to pay Paul.

The question of peasants will, of course, be considered very sympathetically. None should entertain any doubt about it. It was the very question of peasantry for which the Congress has been fighting. The Congress stalwarts on the Treasury Benches are farmers every inch and, no doubt, the peasants shout: "Congress Raj ki Jai."—Yours etc.,

R. D. BALIWALA.

CHEMBUR SHISHU SHIKSHAN MANDAL

(From A Correspondent)

The opening ceremony of Shri Laxmi Vidyalaya started by the Hindu Colony Shishu Shikshan Mandal, Chembur was performed by Mr Hamid A. Khan, B.A., District Deputy Collector, Bombay Suburban District, on Sunday the 18th July 1937 at Chembur.

Prominent amongst those present were Sir Dwarkadas Tribhuwandas and Mr Reuben—Retired Judicial Officer, Junagad State.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, July 23.

F F Campbell s.s. City of Eastbourne of 3509 reg tons Capt H B Provan arrived from Montreal via Philadelphia New York Alexandria Portsaid Suez Port Sudan Aden and Karachi with general cargo

Volkart Bros s.s. Hoegh Silverlight of 3186 reg tons Capt E Waaler arrived from Basrah in ballast.

DEPARTURES

Killick Nixon s.s. City of Marseilles of 5309 reg tons Capt E Oleson sailed for Marseilles Dunkerk and Antwerp via Karachi and Portsaid with local and same bottom cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil S and D Coy's Oil Tanker s.s. Masimpur of 3201 reg tons Capt D B Gower sailed for Rangoon with local cargo.

James Finlay s.s. Coulbeg of 2254 reg tons Capt E J W James sailed for Antwerp via Suez and Portsaid with local cargo.

B I S N s.s. Gamaria of 3232 reg tons Capt W F Putt sailed for Kobe via Penang with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADINGS

The following vessels booked for loading on 23-7-37.

S S Darcolm (Gr Trdg) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi and Marmagoa.

S S Dandolo (L T) for Europe and American Ports via Aden.

S S Jeypore (MM) for China Japan Ports via Colombo.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, July 23.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 C/Eastbourne 3509 Calcutta 26-7 F F Campbell
3 Kidderpore 3263 Karachi N F M M
4 Gazana 3191 Rangoon 31-7 M M
6 Kybfels 4785 Karachi 27-7 L Edwards
7 Britannia 5281 Liverpool 31-7 Anchor Line Ld.
8 Sturmfels 3834 Karachi 24-7 L Edwards
10 Kato 1154 Copenhagen 26-7 J Mackintosh
12 C/Licester 1994 Karachi 27-7 J Finlay
13 Hoegh Silverlight 3186 Colombo N F Volkart Bros.
15 Gamaria 3232 Japan 23-7 M M
16 C/Marseilles 5309 Karachi 23-7 K Nixon
17 Coulbeg 2253 Antwerp 23-7 J Finlay

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Baroda 1888 P Gulf 28-7 M M
9 Sumatra 3266 Madras 23-7 L Edwards

PRINCES DOCK

A Nurmahal 3380 Calcutta 24-7 T Morrison
C/R Jalaratna 2326 Rangoon 24-7 Scindia S N
G Victoria Marie 882 M Coast 25-7 Merchant S N
K Varsova 1955 N F 19-8 M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Mooltan 12-8-37 P and O
Corfu 19-8-37 P and O
Strathaird 29-7-37 P and O
Rawalpindi 5-8-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Derby 24-7-37 K Nixon

FROM TRIESTE

Cortellazzo 23-7-37 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Ceylon 26-8-37 L Edwards

FROM SYDNEY

Strathnaver 31-7-37 P and O

FROM CARDIFF

Nagina 26-7-37 M M

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 30-7-37 N Y K
Taijin Maru 25-7-37 O S K
Kidderpore 20-7-37 P and O
Toyama Maru 22-7-37 N Y K
Carthage 23-7-37 P and O
Celebes Maru 9-8-37 O S Kaisha
Hayabashi Maru 15-8-37 N Y Kaisha
Tokushima Maru 18-8-37 N Y Kaisha

FROM HAMBURG

Almkerk 5-8-37 L Edwards
Reichenfels 24-7-37 L Edwards

FROM CALCUTTA

Garbeta 21-7-37 M M
Sirsa 22-7-37 M M

FROM NEW YORK

President Monroe 23-7-37 F F Campbell
City of Eastbourne 22-7-37 F F Campbell

FROM BASSEIN

Jalapadma 20-7-37 S S N Coy

FROM JEDDAH

Jaypore 27-7-37 M M
Bankura 29-7-37 M M
Alavi 27-7-37 Turner Morrison

FROM BASRA

Vita 24-7-37 M M
Dandolo 23-7-37 L Triestino
Baroda 22-7-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Naringa 23-7-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 24-7-37 M M

FROM ABADAN

British Sovereign 23-7-37 Anglo Iranian Oil
Ensby City 30-7-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Nirpura 27-7-37 M M
Trautenfels 30-7-37 L Edward

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Carthage 24-7-36 P and O
Strathnaver 31-7-37 P and O
Ranchi 7-8-37 P and O
Comorin 14-8-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 21-8-37 P and O

FOR SYDNEY

Strathaird 29-7-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Marseilles 6-8-37 Killick Nixon
Britannia 31-7-37 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Harrison 20-8-37 F F Campbell
City of East Bourne 24-7-37 F Campbell
Pres Adams 6-8-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Taijin Maru 8-8-37 O S Kaisha
Victoria 2-8-37 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 10-8-37 N Y Kaisha
Conte Verde 17-8-37 L Triestino
Burdwan 20-7-37 M M
Borneo Maru 24-7-37 O S Kaisha
Cortellazzo 25-7-37 Lloyd Triestino

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 28-7-37 Turner Morrison

FOR BASRA

Baroda 28-7-37 M M
Vita 29-7-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 4-8-37 M M
Takliwa 18-8-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Sturmfels 22-7-37 L Edwards
Toyama Maru 29-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Borneo Maru 18-7-37 O S Kaisha

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Britannia 21-7-37
S S Bhadravati 22-7

EXPORTS

Bombay, July 23.

S S Toyama Maru for Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 90 tons old scrap iron C Manilal.

For Kobe: 400 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros, 200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 200 bales cotton raw B Factories; 950 bales cotton raw Langley.

For Osaka: 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Moji: 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

S S Sturmfels for Alexandretta: 20 bales cotton grey yarn A G Ejel.

For Suez: 99 bales cotton piece goods A H Diab.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 1350 bags g nut oil cake H Rawji; 52 dms castor oil A Hargovindas.

S S Darcolm for Hull: 71058 bags linseed The Oil Seeds Trading Co.

S S Kyffels for Hamburg: 113 bags kang grain A Virji; 200 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton raw Swastik General Trading.

For New York: 132 bales old hemp ropes C Nanalal.

For Kingston: 12 bales cotton grey piece goods A Virji.

For Rotterdam: 570 bags horn meal Messrs. C Moddy.

S S Dandolo for Trieste: 55 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 33 bales cotton waste clean P N Jani; 29 bales new cotton cuttings Patel and Co; 827 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 615 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 55 bales cotton raw Vakaria and Co.; 125 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 440 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 165 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 55 bales cotton raw N Rajaram.

For Genoa: 110 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 440 bales cotton raw H Nensey; 2087 bales castor seed The Oil Seeds Trading.

For Mestre: 315 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Venice: 590 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 55 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

S S President Monroe for New York: 8 bales goat skins D Abraham.

For Naples: 60 bales cotton raw A H Diab.

S S City of Eastbourne for New York: 143 bags medicinal dmgs A Virji; 220 bags gum N Mulji.

For Philadelphia: 21 bales goat skins D Abraham.

S S Kidarpore for Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Moji: 300 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 1400 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha 400 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 1000 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.; 400 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 400 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 100 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 500 bales cotton raw Kotak; 100 bales cotton raw B Factories.

For Osaka: 1700 bales coton raw Ralli Bros; 309 bales cotton raw Langley.

For Nagoya: 185 tons iron scrap (old) M G Abdulhoosein.

For Shanghai: 2000 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

IMPORTS.

S S Maldera Agents M Mackenzie from Kobe: 10 cases silk yarn.

From Shanghai: 29 cases silk yarn.

From Hongkong: 25 cases cnd salmon 50 bdls sugar candy.

From Canton: 71 bales raw silk.

S S Narkunda Agents M Mackenzie from London: 1 pkgs gold wood; 24 bales bacon; 3 bxs gold coin; 117 bars silver;

From Basle: 138 barrels aniline colour.

From Marseilles: 15 cases common soap; 14 cases chemical products.

S S Borneo Maru Agents O S Kaisha from Colombo: 1600 bags copra pieces; 184 bdls mattress fibre; 450 bags copra; 81 loose rubber tyres; 38 loose castons of tubes.

From Singapore: 10971 bags sago flour; 1023 bags betelnuts; 557 bags rattans; 34 bdls pine apples; 25 bags arconuts.

From Shanghai: 1273 chests green tea 2647 bags green beans; 100 bags white beans.

From Penang: 100 bags pearl tapioca

From Nagoya: 100 cases glassware; 244 cases glass bottles; 30 cases porcelain ink pots; 38 cases porcelain figures 480 cases porcelainware; 656 cts tiles; 35 cases rayon yarn; 145 cases clock; 150 chests green tea.

From Osaka: 521 cases glassware; 122 cases cotton shirtings; 479 cases rayon yarn; 102 cases bleached cotton satin drill; 338 cases cotton yarn; 52 cases cotton piece goods; 75 cases staple fibre yarn; 52 cases varnishes; 43 cases cotton blankets; 33 cases bicycle parts; 31 cases rayon and cotton piece goods; 25 cases spg and weaving machines; 960 bags silica cement; 39 cases cotton canvas belting for machy; 162 cases glass bangles; 37 cases empty tin cans; 415 bags glass bottles; 42 cases rayon piece goods; 50 carboys hydrogen peroxide; 83 cases art silk yarn; 60 cases toys; 82 cases elect light bulbs; 140 cases glass tubes; 125 bags dextrine; 40 coils wire ropes; 75 cases chestwood; 39 cases cotton hosiery goods; 21 cases elect goods.

From Tokyo: 203 pkgs clocks; 54 cases iron nails; 25 cases grey mercerised cotton yarn.

From Kobe: 229 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirting; 353 cases cotton and art silk mixed yarn; 44 cases cotton and art silk mixed piece goods; 360 bales cotton remnants; 460 cases art silk yarn; 220 cases spg and weaving machine accessories; 137 cases celluloid bangles; 41 bales raw silk; 389 cases cotton and rayon mixed goods; 119 cases rayon yarn; 839 cases paint; 75 cases glassware; 149 cases cotton piece goods; 25 cases cotton and rayon mixed yarn; 58 bdls chestwood; 95 cases rayon piece goods; 200 cts porcelain tiles; 275 cases beer; 108 cases woollen cloth; 134 cases art silk hosiery 50 bales woollen yarn. 50 bags dried ginger; 56 cases earthenware; 75 cases porcelainware.

Short Covering In N. Y. Cotton

CROP OUTLOOK AGAINST HIGHER PRICES

Forecast Of Clearing Weather

Bombay, July 23

On Thursday prices on New York cotton futures declined further on long liquidation but later there appeared short covering. The weather forecast was favourable indicating clearing weather in the east of Mississippi and buyers were indifferent. Crop outlook is against higher prices.

The market opened steady and declined on perfect weather crop, very favourable crop advices from the South especially Texas and general absence of buying incentive. There was some local buying early on expectations of a technical rally but there was no follow up on the buying side. Then long liquidation by early buyers appeared and with hedge selling prices declined but again rallied on covering and the tone of the market was steady.

At the opening October was quoted 3 points down at 11.64. Under scattered buying prices advanced 6 points at 11.70 which was the highest level. Thereafter there was considerable selling and prices declined 18 points and October was quoted 11.52 which was the lowest level and their prices improved on short covering and the market closed at a net decline of 5 points to unchanged. Spot cotton prices closed 3 points down at 12.14c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 6 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices declined 7 points at 11.95c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged with October 6.48. There was Bombay buying and local covering and contracts were scarce. Selling from the Egyptian ring and speculative realising with straddle selling appeared which was absorbed by Bombay buying on limits and trade calling. The market closed at a decline of 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices closed 3 points down at 6.69d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Under increased selling Sakels futures closed 14 points down and Uppers lost 2 points. The Alexandria cotton market was easy and closed at a decline of 2 to 30 points.

BEARISH OUTLOOK

Messrs. Langley and Co state:—

"The advance on the acreage report was very short lived—after touching the 12 1/2 cents mark on a wave of speculative buying in hopes of crop deterioration and a change for the worse in the weather, general liquidation set in and, aided by an appreciable increase in hedge selling particularly from New Orleans, values have receded below the 12 cents level. At the decline rather more support has made its appearance in the nature of short covering and an improved demand from the trade, but with three weeks of favourable July weather behind us, the danger from boll-weevil appears to be considerably reduced and the tone of the market remains extremely poor.

During the last few days, rains have been reported in the Eastern Belt with some revival in the weevil fears, but our private advices indicate that the crop is making really extremely good progress.

Little wonder, therefore, that prices have eased.

POLITICAL SITUATION

To the favourable crop outlook is now added the Sino-Japanese tension and altogether cotton appears to have few friends.

General fears are expressed that the events in Peiping may be the beginning of an adventure along the lines of Manchuria and markets seem likely to continue nervous until some settlement is arrived at.

Almost simultaneously comes the news that Japan is making an upward revaluation of her gold stocks, thus giving a paper profit of £47 millions, half of which is to be used to support the yen by the export of that amount of gold.

The world will no doubt ask themselves whether there is any connection between this sudden creation of the wherewithal for foreign purchases and the events in North China, but only the developments of the next few weeks will show.

At any rate the combination of exchange difficulties and military preoccupations seems likely to restrict demand from that quarter for some time.

Altogether there seems little to be said in favour of the market at present.

EXCELLENT WEATHER

That the weather in America has been excellent cannot be questioned, neither can it be doubted that the higher temperatures and dry weather of the past fortnight have at least minimised possible weevil damage. It seems likely, therefore, that the usual private crop estimates that will make their appearance towards the end of the month will indicate a crop well in excess of earlier expectations and in all likelihood nearer 15 than 14 millions. What then is the likely price level for a crop of such proportions? In our view, something nearer 11 cents than 12 cents, and with a gradual increase in hedge selling between now and the end of September and a very restricted offtake, prices seem to us likely to ease further until the Bureau on August 9th when the official figure will dispel present doubts—or confirm them."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (10-14 a.m.)	11.70+03
New York October lowest (1-53 p.m.)	11.52—15
Liverpool October highest	6.51+03
Liverpool October lowest	6.43—05

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Bearish sentiment increasing owing continued excellent crop advices with increasing hedges. Looks lower for long run unless there would be serious crop scares, which would cause sharp rebound.

New York: Hedging against foreign growths and liquidation met trade calling and scattered outside demand. Market continues nervous.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends:—

New York: "Towards the close rallied on shorts covering notwithstanding forecast of clearing weather in east of Mississippi and indifferent buyers. Crop outlook against higher prices."

"Market is feeling the influence of crop accounts almost perfect may have a reaction at any time but do not think reaction will last while crop is progressing favourably."

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 22

October	11.64—03
December	11.53—05
January	11.62—04
March	11.67—01
May	11.73—
July	11.75—
Middling Spot	12.14—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 22

October	11.60—06
December	11.63—07
January	11.68—06
Middling Spot	11.95—07

NEW YORK

New York, July 22

11 A.M. RANGES—

October	11.67/11.67
December	11.63/11.63
January	11.64/11.64

NOON CALL—

October	11.65
December	11.60
January	unquoted

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 22

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	6,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000
Day's exports to the Continent	12,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	2,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 22

July	6.44—04
August	6.43—04
September	6.43—04
October	6.44—04
November	6.43—05
December	6.44—04
January	6.45—04
February	6.46—04
March	6.47—04
April	6.48—04
May	6.49—04
June	6.49—04
July	6.49—04
Middling Spot	6.66—03
10-12 a.m. quotations	
October	6.48
January	6.48

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 22

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
July	9.45
August	9.45
September	9.60
F G F SPOT	9.94

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 22

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	5.62
Fine (good staple)	5.77
Superfine (good staple)	5.92
OCMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.52
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.67
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.32
BENGAL—	
Good	4.52
Fully Good	4.62
Fine	4.77

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 22

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£71 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£77
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£90 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 1/2
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99 7/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£99 7/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£108 5/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£14 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£111
National Bank of India	£41 7/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

LINSEED OIL

London, July 22

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
August sellers	30
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Sept Oct paid and seller	29/10 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 22

T T London on:—	
New York	4.98.22
Paris	133.62
Berlin	12.37 1/4
Madrid	86.00
Amsterdam	9.01 1/8
Brussels	29.60 3/4
Milan	94.70
Berne	21.70 1/4
Prague	142.87
Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent	
Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent.	

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, July 22

Bank bills 3 months market rate	9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate	11/16 per cent to 3/4 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate	2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate	2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 23

Following a further small decline of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs 217 for Broach A/M delivery and under narrow trading prices fluctuated within a range of annas eight the high level being Rs. 217/4 and the low Rs 216/12. There was increased short covering in Broach J/A delivery and price improved to Rs. 205/12 the tone of the market was steady.

Liverpool market opened unchanged and later on was reported one point. The local market was quiet and closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	204	8	0
Broach A/M	215	12	0
Oomra July	196	0	0
Oomra D/J	196	8	0
Bengal July	167	8	0
Bengal D/J	163	4	0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, July 23.

	To-day	Total.
Broach	4,700	45,450
Oomra	800	6,500
Bengal	550	2,250

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 23.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U. P.		174	171	168	165
Punjab		174	171	168	165
Oomra No. 3	202	199	196	193	
C. P. No. 1	213	210	207	204	
C. P. No. 2	206	203	200	197	
Broach No. 2		213	210	207	204
Punjab-Ame.		225	222	219	216
Surat		265	262	259	256
Rajpipla		261	258	255	252
Navsari		275	272	269	266

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, July 23.

Bengal Superfine	175/77
Bengal Fine	171/73
C. P. 1	201/03
C. P. 2	196/98
Arvi	196/98
Ellichpur	194/98
Berar	191/94
Khamgaon	191/94
Mulkapur	189/94
Khandesh	184/88
Jalna/Sailu	185/89
Burwah Sanavad	191/94
Mathia	161/66
Broach Fine	205/10
Punjab/American	215/25
Punjab 289F	270/80
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	245/50
Surat	255/60
Navsari	271/75
Kampala	397/99

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 23.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.	
Khandesh	149	206,179	
Central India		337,376	
Barsi and Nagar		174,497	
Hyderabad-Gaorani		101,966	
Berar		579,602	
Central Provinces		114,351	
Total Oomras	149	1,513,873	
Dholera		179,338	
N.-W. Provinces		10,371	
Rajputana		97,128	
Sind-Punjab		346,383	
Broach		341,510	
Coompta and Dharwar	112	72,561	
Westerns-Northerns	291	40,145	
Cocoanada		155	
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	4	20,507	
Persian		14	
American		20,033	
Egyptian and African	118	425,682	
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		225	
Total	674	3,068,430	

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 15th July.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	270	458,237
Japan and China	13,921	1,444,751
Coast Ports		37,046
Up-country by Rail		263,474
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		31,196
Total	14,191	2,234,704

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, July 22

Broach J/A opening 203 3/4 highest 205 3/4 lowest 203 3/4 closing 205

Broach A/M 1938 opening 215 3/4 highest 217 1/4 lowest 215 3/4 closing 217 1/4

Oomra July opening 196 1/2 highest 197 1/4 lowest 196 closing 196

Oomra D/J opening 196 1/2 highest 197 3/4 lowest 196 1/2 closing 197 3/4

Bengal July opening 165 1/4 highest 166 3/4 lowest 165 1/4 closing 166 3/4

Bengal D/J opening 162 highest 163 1/4 lowest 161 3/4 closing 163 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May (21-8-37) Rs. 8 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 23 1/2

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 21st July	8,330
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	3,067,755
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	8,026,937
Increase	40,819

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 175 January 179 at cross rate 4.98 1/4

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 204 Liverpool July 6.43 Rs. 76 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 216 Liverpool May 1938 6.48 Rs. 66 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 216 New York May 11.73 Rs. 45 1/2 at cross rate 4.98 1/4

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, July 22

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9 1/4

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 23

Yesterday London gold prices closed 1 1/2d. down at £6-19-6 1/2. London Paris Exchange closed unchanged at 133.62 and Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.98 1/4. London silver prices were unchanged for Spot at 19 13/16d. but forward quotation was 1/16d. lower at 19 13/16. India sold and business was small. Later the market was slightly inclined to offer at fixed rates. New York silver prices were unchanged at 44 3/4 cents while Montreal futures were unchanged. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/4. The local market was fairly steady with a slightly better enquiry for silver while gold was quiet with increased offerings.

GOLD

Ready	34	9	3
Ashad	34	9	3
Shravan	34	7	6

SILVER

Ready	51	10	0
Ashad	51	11	0
Shravan	51	13	0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 22

Spot	19 13/16
Forward	19 13/16

LONDON GOLD

London, July 22

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£6-19-8 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, July 22

July	45.05
September	44.80
December	44.80

LONDON METALS

London, July 22

Copper	£56 7 6
Lead	£23 1 3
Spelter	£22 10 0
Tin	£162 15 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 23.

London Market.—	
Standard Copper Cash (buyers)	£56-7-6
Standard Copper 3 months	£56-10-0
Electrolytic copper	£64-10-0
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 41-8-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 54-0-0
Tone:—Steady.	

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, July 23.

Yesterday Liverpool market was steady despite heavy realising on reports of serious damage to the Canadian wheat crop. Private estimates were 200 million bushels as against 350 million bushels two months ago. Chicago and Winnipeg market declined on heavy selling. The local market was easy to-day on increased selling and quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed September	8	5	6
Linseed May	8	3	9
Wheat September	5	10	0
Wheat January	5	14	6
Wheat May	5	9	6

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, July 22.

August	£15-7-6.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 23.

Groundnuts August—			
Opening	40	9	0
Highest	40	10	6
Lowest	40	4	0
Closing	40	4	6
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	35	15	6
Highest	36	0	0
Lowest	35	9	0
Closing	35	10	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	18	11	0
Highest	18	11	6
Lowest	18	7	6
Closing	18	8	6
Groundnuts February—			
Opening	39	0	0
Highest	39	1	0
Lowest	38	6	6
Closing	38	7	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	36	8	6
Highest	36	10	0
Lowest	36	6	0
Closing	36	6	6
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening	20	8	0
Highest	20	8	6
Lowest	20	5	0
Closing	20	5	9

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, July 22.

July	114 3/4d.
October	112 1/4d
December	112 1/8d.
March	109d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, July 22.

July	1.18 7/8
September	dol. 1.18 1/2
December	dol. 1.20 1/2

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 22

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton July sellers	£13-6-3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£15-5-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£15-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£14-16-3
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton July August sellers	£14-12-6

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, July 23.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-8.

Shipment September Rs. 5-14-6

Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-15-6.

Kesar Rs. 10-14.

Saraya Rs. 10-10.

Java Spot F 7.00.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 23

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100/4
3 per cent 1951/54	101/6
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103/8
3 per cent U P Bonds	96/8
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	95/15
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/12
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/4
4 per cent 1960/70	111/10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	118/4
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/43	107/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/6
TAX FREES	
per cent 1953/63	111/8
5 per cent 1945/55	119/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104
5 per cent 1935 Mysore	122/8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	108/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	107/12
5 per cent M Deb 1949	117/8
5 per cent 1954	130/8
6 per cent K P T 1956	130/8
3 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 95/11 and closed steady with a moderate turnover.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, July 23

B C RATE T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Bank's selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T	1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D	1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
Bank's selling T T	267 1/4
Bank's buying T T	265
PARIS—	
Bank's selling T T	998
Bank's buying T T	1,018
JAPAN—	
Bank's selling T T	77 3/8
Bank's buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Bank's selling D D	67 5/8
JAVA—	
Bank's selling D D	67 3/8
HONGKONG—	
Bank's selling D D	82 1/8
SHANGHAI—	
Bank's selling D D	79 7/8
SINGAPORE—	
Bank's selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Bank's selling D D	92
CROSS RATE—	
New York London	4.98 3/16 22nd instant
Japan London	1/2 23rd instant
Hongkong London	1/2 11/16 23rd instant
Shanghai London	1/2 17/64 23rd instant
Java London	8.99 23rd instant
London Paris	133.62 22nd instant
London Belgium	29.60 3/4 22nd instant
London Switzerland	21.70 1/4 22nd instant
London Berlin	12.37 1/4 22nd instant
London Stockholm	19.39 1/2 22nd instant
London New York	4.98.22 22nd instant
London Amsterdam	9.01 1/4 22nd instant
London Italy	94.70 22nd instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange	—Quiet
Near Steady Forward.	
Gold	£6-19-8 21st instant
Gold	£6-19-8 1/2 22nd instant
Silver London Ready	19 13/16 21st instant
Silver London Ready	19 13/16 22nd instant
Silver London Forward	19 7/8 21st instant
Silver London Forward	19 13/16 22nd instant
Silver New York Ready	45 21st instant
Silver New York Ready	45 22nd instant
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 21st instant
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 22nd instant
London Discounts 6 months	3/4 per cent 21st instant
London Discounts 6 months	3/4 per cent 22nd instant
Reserve Bank Rate	3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate	2 per cent.
MONEY—	
Call	1/4 per cent
3 months	3/4 per cent
6 months	1 per cen.
Tone:	Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 22

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	7
3 1/2 per cent	90 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	106 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	97
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	99 7/8
3 12/ per cent War loan	99 7/8

Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 23.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4,236
Linseed	5,642
Gingellyseed	84
Poppyseed	217
Castorseed	250
Rice	46,991
Mowraseed	290
Gram	2,668
Joowar	261
Bajree	815
Indian Sugar	525
	Tons.
Coal	593

LONDON PRODUCE

London, July 22

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels January February sellers	13/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels July sellers	43/9
Wheat South Australian parcels July sellers	47

New York Sugar

New York, July 22.

September	2.49+1.
December	2.47+4.
March	2.37+1.
May	2.39+1.

Rally In Tata Steel Shares

COVERING AND CALCUTTA BUYING

Market Displays Good Undertone

BOMBAY, July 23.

The local Share Bazar opened steady to-day with scattered short covering but later on prices improved on buying by Calcutta operators.

Recent long liquidation improved the technical situation and the market was entitled to a natural reaction. There is no adverse development in foreign markets and the decline was mostly due to local reasons.

As pointed out before there is little outside speculative business and most of the open interest being on account of professional operators, there was no room for any nervous unloading and the market was fairly steady to-day. Offerings were scarce and the undertone of the market was good.

Tata Steel Deferreds opened to-day at Rs. 1,590 and improved to Rs. 1,615 at this level there was some selling and prices declined to Rs. 1,602 but again advanced to Rs. 1,635 and closed at Rs. 1,632-8. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 343 and advanced to Rs. 351.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 967 and closed at Rs. 975. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 338 and improved to Rs. 343. Associated Cements were quiet at Rs. 156-8. Andhra shares closed at Rs. 1,685 and Tata Powers improved to Rs. 1,411. Bombay Burma shares opened at Rs. 712 and advanced to Rs. 720.

TEXTILE SHARES.

BOMBAY: July 23.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	305	0
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 24)	975	0
100 CENTURY	238	12
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 3)	283	12
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	192	8
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	370	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	9	0
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	150	0
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	192	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1.725	0
100 Indore	50	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	100	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	343	12
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	603	12
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,020	0
250 Model	50	0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	110	0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	255	0
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	46	4
100 Phoenix (10)	275	0
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	65	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,200	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	97	8
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	280	0
100 Swan (nil)	112	8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,350	0
1,000 Western (Rs. 10)	850	0
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	116	0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	32	12
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,526	4
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)		
X.D.	371	4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	141	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	128	4
5 Union (As. 4)	5	10
CEMENTS.		
100 Associated	156	8
INSURANCE.		
100-50 Empire (Rs. 14)	950	0
15-100 Jupitor (As 12)	16	4
10-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	2
20 Mercantile	53	0
200 Oriental (125)	4.935	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	6
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old	170	10
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 5)	1685	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	144	6
100 B'Bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	182	8
10 Broach	14	0
100 Karachi (4)	277	8
100 Poona (4)	380	0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	222	8
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	176	4
1,000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1,411	4
RAILWAYS.		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	935	0
100 C Province	95	8
100 Dhond Baramati	97	0
100 Gujarat	96	0
100 Mandra Bnon	96	0
100 Pachora Jamner	94	8
100 Sara Sirajgunj	101	0
500 Tapti Valley	776	4
MININGS.		
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 8)	62	8
30 TATA STEEL DFD. (Rs. 38-4)	1632	8
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 10)	351	0
MISCELLANEOUS.		
100 ALCOCK (Rs 5)	322	8
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 8)	170	0
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900	0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	272	8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	720	0
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	238	12
6sh. Br. Petrol (nil)	5	12
50 B. TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	114	14
9 Burma Corp. (As 8)	12	0
2sh. Indian Copper	3	4
10 Indian Iron and Steel	51	0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	141	14
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	49	0
100 I. Radio Defd (12) X.D.	575	0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	520	0
1,000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	635	0
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	28	10
30 PREMIER Con	92	8
25 Tata Oil (nil)	28	0
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1545	0
6 p.c Bombay Steam	302	8
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	86	4
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	530	0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const 1st	103	0
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const. 2nd	99	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	160	0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1560	0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st	192	0
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	163	0
7 p.c. Vishnu	675	0
DEBENTURES.		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, July 23

Bombay Dyeing (963/12) 967 978 972 975

Century (232/8) 232 238

Central India (276/4) 280 281 283

Kohinoor (337/8) 338 342 341 342 343

New Great (251/4) 251 253 255

Simplex (95) 96 97

Swadeshi (275) 277 278 280

Associated Cement (156/8) 157 156 156/8

Andhra (1675) 1690 1685

Tata Hydro (176/4) 176

Tata Power (1407/8) 1412 1410 1412 1411

Tram Ord (145) 145 143 144

T Steel Defd (1580) 1590 1610 1607 1615 1602 1620 1617 1630 1635 1632

T Steel Ord (341/8) 343 348 345/8 349 348 350 351

Tata Steel 2nd pref (161/8) 162 163

Bellapur (168/12) 168 170

B Steam (271/4) 271 270 272

Burma (707/8) 712 713 711 718 715 720

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, July 23

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr Gas and Electric	38
Ame Forn Power Com	9
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	79
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	67
North S Power A	22
American Tel and Tel	171
Western Union Telg	49 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio Railway	29
Chesapeake and Ohio Railway	53
New York Central Railway	42
N Y N Hartford H Railway	15
Bethelehem Steel	95
Crucible Steel	71
Ludlum	36
National Steel	89
Republic Steel	40
United S Steel	117 1/2
Amr Car Foundry	53
Anaconda Copper Mining	56 3/4
Int Nickel of Canada	45
Chrysler	113
General Motors	56
General Electric	58
Kelvinator	19
Barnsdall Oil	27
Consolidated Oil	16
Socony Oil	21 1/2
Chase Bank	52
National City Bank	47
Amerex	26
Sun Life of Canada	650
Crucible 7 per cent Pfd	127
Douglas Airbrake	59

Market acting well; best opinion favours purchases. Turnover 1,00,000 shares. Brokers loans down 5 million dollars. Phillips Petrol earned in 6 months dol 2.85 in 3 months dol 1.59. Crucible Steel 7 per cent Pfd declared dol 1 3/4 ex dividend 15-9-37. Int Nickel earned 90 cents, Phillips Petrol has declared an dividend of 50 cents extra 25 cents ex dividend on 5th August. Nash Kelvinator declared 25 cents ex dividend 30th July.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, July 23

September	73.90+80
October	73.90—20

Osaka Sampin

Osaka July 23

July	257.10+80
September	249.00+90
October	245.90+20
November	244.90+60
January	243.40—

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 22-7-37	6855000	7105000
Receipts Yesterday 22-7-37	6000	2000
Exports to date 22-7-37	5724000	6219000
Stock at Ports 16-7-37	1134000	1293000
Stock at Interior Towns 16-7-37	872000	1300000
Stock at Liverpool 16-7-37	882000	758000
Visible Supply 16-7-37	3031000	3470000
Quantity in sight 16-7-37	13118000	12383000
Quantity out of sight 16-7-37	13339000	12019000

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 22

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb Sellers	9

6 p.c. Andhra Valley	109	6
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	8
7 p.c Sholapur	81	4
6

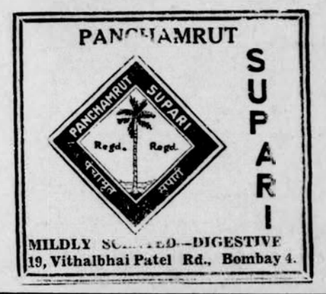
Regd. No. B. 1065

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi



BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1937

Arrest Of Mill Workers In Indore

Prime Minister's Wage-Cut Award Enforced By Special Ordinance

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

INDORE, July 22.

Much dissatisfaction prevails among the 17,000 labourers, and as a protest against the Prime Minister's award, Malwa, Hukumchand, Kalyanmal and Rajkumar Mill labourers are observing complete and peaceful strike from yesterday. Although the mills regularly whistle, the labourers are firm.

The State Police, with special powers of the Ordinance recently enacted has arrested several leading workers of the mills, yesterday and to-day.

ORDINANCE ISSUED

The Prime Minister has issued a Notification in the "Government Gazette" dated 19th July, which shall remain in force for one year, and which has been applied to the entire area under the Police jurisdiction of the City Superintendent of Indore.

The Ordinance begins with the following preamble:—

"Anybody found trying to instigate, oppose or abet in any way, by words either spoken or written or by signs visible representations or in any manner whatsoever, with a view to cause any person to abstain from doing any act which such person has a right to do or to abstain from doing obstructs or uses violence to or intimidates such other persons or any one in whom such person is interested or loiters at or near any place where such person or any one in whom such person is interested, resides or works or carries on business or happens to be, or persistently follows him from place to place or interferes with any property owned by him or used by him, etc., etc.

"Thus any person who may try to oppose or protest against the award of the Prime Minister will be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

On the report of the Police I. G. or D. I. G. or on information otherwise gathered, a summary enquiry would be ordered and the person concerned would be arrested, and he would not be entitled to appear or to be heard before the officer holding the enquiry. On the enquiry report, Government may direct such person to leave the State or any particular area either permanently or for a special period and not to return or remain therein. Any person who contravenes such order shall be liable to be bodily removed with such force as may be necessary."

On the same day when the Ordinance was passed, a mass meeting of nearly all the labourers of all the local textile mills was held in the premises of the Labour Union for considering the present situation.

From the next day, the move for strike was started with the Kalyanmal Mill.

Thus the situation in Indore is getting worse day by day. The local Labour Union is trying its best to control the situation.

Notice On Three Liliya Workers

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, July 22.

Mr. Chhaganlal, Maneklal and Amritlal have been served with a fresh notice not to enter Liliya Mahel limits. They have left Panchatalavda Station for Bhavnagar for consultation.

CEYLON POLICE CHIEF

Ministers' Call For Removal: Sequel To Bracegirdle Affair

COLOMBO: July 21.

There was a further sequel to the Bracegirdle affair when the Board of Ministers met to-day and decided on the strength of the statement made by Sir Baron Jayatilaka, Home Minister, last Tuesday, in the State Council to recommend to the Governor that Mr. P. N. Banks, Inspector-General of Police, should go.

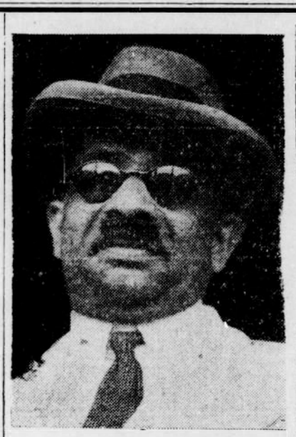
Some quarters are pressing for an independent commission of enquiry which would give an opportunity to the Inspector-General of Police, to give an explanation, but it is understood the Board has set its face against such a method of enquiry.

The matter now lies with His Excellency M. M. Wedderburn, the Officer administering the Government.

S. A. Hydari For Bombay

SIMLA, July 23.

Mr. S. A. Hydari, Secretary, Education Department, Government of India, is leaving Simla on the 27th July for a short visit to Bombay, returning here on 4th August.—A. P. Special.



MR. SHAH HIRALAL, SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR OF THE U.P. ARRIVED IN BOMBAY ON THURSDAY BY S.S. "RANPURA". HE LOST JEWELLERY WORTH £1,280 ON HIS JOURNEY TO PARIS.

"BIHTA RAIL DISASTER DAY"

Citizens Of Arrah Appeal To Jawahar To Fix Date

ARRAH, July 23.

Under the grim shadow of the tragic railway disaster at Bihta, the citizens of Arrah (a town 14 miles west of the scene of the occurrence) assembled together in a huge meeting yesterday, to express their sense of heart-felt sorrow and profound grief at what may easily be termed as a "national calamity of the first magnitude."

Prominent among those present were Moulvi Mohammad Haroon, Dr. Raghubir Dayal Shrivastava, Sjt. Harihar Singh, M.L.A., and others

The meeting, which was presided over by Mr Abdul Qaiyum Ansari, in solemn silence and the audience all standing, passed a resolution offering prayer for the peace of the souls of those killed in the heart-rending tragedy and profoundly sympathising with the bereaved families of the dead as well as with the injured persons.

Mr. Raghubar Narain Singh, in proposing the above resolution, briefly narrated the horrifying nature and the extent of the tragedy and said that only in a slave country like India such terrible happenings were taken lightly, but in those countries where people breathed the air of freedom, they were considered as national calamities and a day was set apart for national mourning. He mentioned as instance, the tragedies of "R-101", "Gorky" and "Hindenburg" and appealed for an all-India mourning.

By another important resolution the meeting requested the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to fix a date for the observance of "Bihta Rail Disaster Day"—United Press.

"RE-UNITE SURMA VALLEY WITH BENGAL"

M. L. A. Tables Resolution In Assam Assembly

SHILLONG, July 22.

Mr. Purna Chandra Sarma, M.L.A. (Assam) has tabled a resolution for the re-union of the districts of Sylhet and Cachar (Surma Valley) with Bengal.

This resolution has been approved by the Congress Party in the Assam Assembly.—United Press

WELL-KNOWN SARDAR IN CUSTODY

(From Our Correspondent)

PATIALA, July 22.

Mild sensation was created in the city over the arrest of a well-known Sikh Sardar, who was recently declared to be insolvent by the court.

He was immediately produced before Sardar Justice Tara Singh of the High Court, who after going through the file ordered the accused to be tried under section 406 and remanded him to jail custody.

LORRY TURNS TURTLE: NONE INJURED

(From Our Correspondent)

PATIALA, July 22.

A serious motor lorry accident took place yesterday on the Patiala Sirhind Road. The lorry turned turtle and fell into a ditch.

As there were many persons nearby all the passengers were evacuated from under the lorry and saved. Some passengers received minor injuries.

Four Months' Jail For Stealing 5-Pice Worth Vessels

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATIALA, July 22.

"I had no means of living and I was starving," thus declared a Hindu youngman while pleading guilty before a first class magistrate to a charge of theft of some vessels of the value of five pice. He was awarded four months hard labour and a fine of Rs. 5.

PATIALA'S DONATION OF RS. 2,000.

The Prime Minister of Patiala has issued the following communique:—"A fire broke out in village Junawas, Tehsil Narnaul (Patiala State), which rendered many a family of poor peasants in that village homeless. His Highness the Maharajadhiraj Mohindar Bahadur of Patiala was graciously pleased to sanction a grant of Rs. 2,000 for distribution of relief among the sufferers."—A. P.

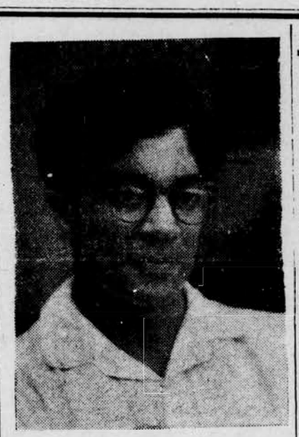
BOHRA YOUTH OSTRACIZED

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, (By Mail.)

A young Bohra has been denied the social dinner privilege for his alleged crime of maintaining friendship with Mr Abbasbhai Cyclewala, who had been excommunicated due to his revolt against Bohra orthodoxy.

The action against the young Bohra has evoked strong protests among the Bohra youths.



MR. S. M. KUMARMANGLAM, SECRETARY OF THE FEDERATION OF INDIAN STUDENTS UNIONS OF GREAT BRITAIN IS NOW IN INDIA, GETTING IN TOUCH WITH STUDENTS' UNIONS AND SIMILAR ORGANISATIONS IN VARIOUS PROVINCES TO BRING THEM UNDER A FEDERATION.

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

Bengal M. L. C. Gives Notice For Bill To Amend Law

CALCUTTA, July 22.

Mr. Lali Chandra Das, Member of the Upper House of Bengal, has given notice of moving a Bill at the ensuing session of the Council to amend the law relating to the prevention of cruelty to animals in Bengal.

The object of the Act is to put an effective check on and prevent the crime known as Phooka by amending the Act I, of 1920 which so far has not proved to be very effective in that respect.—United Press.

S. D. O.'s PROTEST AGAINST "B. P.'s" REMARKS

NAGPUR, July 23.

According to "Hitawada", a local bi-weekly, Mr. Kamath, I.C.S., Resident Sub-Divisional Officer of Narsinghpur, has resigned from the Presidentship of the District Boy Scout Association, as a protest against the remarks made by Lord Baden-Powell, the Chief Scout, against India's national character.—United Press.

The convocation of the Mysore University will, it is understood, be held this year on Friday, the 29th October next at Mysore.

SCOTLAND YARD'S 'NORMAL' ACTIVITIES

Surprise Visits To Indian Students

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, (By Mail.)

The recent visit of two officers of the Scotland Yard to two Indian students, Dr. S. C. Mehta and Mr. Prithvi Pal Singh had its echo in the House of Commons.

Mr. Tom Williams asked the Home Secretary on whose authority officers from Scotland Yard visited Mr. Prithvi Pal Singh on 10th June and Dr. Sadashankar Chabildas Mehta on 11th June; why these two persons were questioned about the policy of and about who was concerned with and financed the new magazine "Indian Student"; and on whose authority one of the officers forced an entrance into Dr. Mehta's house on 11th June at 9 a.m., where, after asking a series of questions, he took full particulars from his passport?

Sir S. Hoare: I am informed by the Commissioner of Police that information having been received that subscriptions were being solicited in London on behalf of a hitherto unknown body styling itself "the Federation of Indian Students' Societies in Great Britain and Ireland," inquiries were made by the police in the ordinary course of their duties to ascertain the identity of the promoters and their "bona-fides." During the course of these inquiries Mr Prithvi Pal Singh was interviewed by a police officer, and he afterwards invited the officer to call on Dr. S. C. Mehta. This was done by another officer on the following day. I am informed that there is no truth in the statement that one of the officers forced an entrance into Dr. Mehta's house

Mr. Williams: May I ask whether it is usual when a new magazine or periodical is announced to be published, for officers from Scotland Yard to select individuals who may or may not be contributors and interrogate them as to how far they are concerned with such magazine or periodical?

"NORMAL PROCEDURE."

Sir S. Hoare: The procedure was quite normal in this case. The police made these visits to obtain information. They obtained the information and found the position quite satisfactory.

Mr. Williams: Is the right hon. Gentleman not aware that the Provincial Governments of India for many years have been providing approximately £800,000 per annum for the organisation, and will he say that Scotland Yard were not aware of its existence. In these circumstances does he think that whether they are Indians or whoever they may be they are quite entitled, without being interrogated in this fashion, to establish a magazine for circulation among Indian students?

Sir S. Hoare: I would prefer not to deal with a general question of that kind. This case followed the normal procedure. The police made certain inquiries which did not imply any condemnation of the individuals concerned. They have to satisfy themselves, which they did.

Mr Attlee: Will the right hon. Gentleman circulate in the Official Report information as to previous occasions on which the police have made this kind of inquiries so that we can judge how far it is the normal procedure?

Sir S. Hoare: I am not sure how far we have that information at our disposal, but I will look into it. Perhaps the right hon. Gentleman will put down a question.

Mr. Attlee: The right hon Gentleman will realise that a great many new periodicals are started in this country, and it would be interesting to know on how many occasions the police have made this inquiry?

Sir S. Hoare: I will investigate the matter.

Mr. T. Williams: Will the right hon. Gentleman also investigate the statement in the question that a police officer forced his way into the house of Dr. Mehta while the doctor was in the bathroom?

Sir S. Hoare: I have made inquiries, and I am informed that that was not the case.

When I drew Dr. Mehta's attention to Sir Samuel Hoare's last reply denying the allegation that the police officer forced his way into his house, Dr. Mehta commented that the officer called on him without giving any previous intimation. Dr. Mehta pointed out to him that he lacked ordinary courtesy of telephoning to him before landing himself on his doorstep and then a little boy in the house opened the door he entered the premises. The officer was told by the manager of the place that Dr. Mehta was not in his room and he should leave a message for Dr. Mehta. The officer replied: "I will go up and see his room. I have to make investigations."

Mr. Prithvi Pal Singh informs me that he did not suggest to the officer to see Dr. Mehta. The officer told Mr. Singh that he had to interview Dr. Mehta and desired Mr. Singh to give the doctor's address. Mr. Singh also complains that the two police officers who called on him did so without previous intimation. He told them when they met him that they had no business to disturb him when he was busy reading in connection with the approaching examination.

Incidentally, it is necessary to correct a statement of Mr. Tom Williams. An annual donation of £800,000 is made by the Indian provincial governments not to the Federation of Indian Students Societies, which conducts the "Indian Student" but to the Indian Students' Union and Hostel, which is run by the Y.M.C.A. at 112 Gower Street, London, W.C. 1. The Federation of Indian Students' Societies is purely a student body and has no connection with any official organisation in this country or in India. Its General Secretary is Mr, S M Kumaramangalam, of King's College, Cambridge. Mr. Daniel Latifi, of St. John's College, Oxford, is the Treasurer and Mr. Prithvi Pal Singh, of King's College, London, is the Editor-in-Chief of the official magazine of the Federation. Amongst the host of well-wishers of the Federation and the "Indian Student" we find the names of Lord Samuel, Sir Abdul Qadir, Mr. Bernard Shaw, Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sir Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan, Mrs. Vera Anstey, Dr. D. N. Dutt, Dr. G. N. Thakore, Mr. K. P. Mehta, Mr. D. S. Erulkar, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon and Rev. Leonard Schiff.

BURMA BAN ON 'WHITE SAHIBS IN INDIA'

RANGOON: July 22.

Under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, the Burma Government have prohibited the bringing into British Burma of any copy of the book by Reginald Reynolds, entitled "The White Sahibs in India", published by Martin Seoker and Warburg, London, or any translation, reprint or other document containing substantial reproductions of the matter contained in the book.—United Press.

Sind Premier Assures Facilities To Journalists

KARACHI, July 23.

The Hon. Sir Ghulamhussain Hidayatullah, the Chief Minister, entertained the local journalists at a tea party last evening.

He promised to arrange for the Press a room in the new Assembly Hall, finance the Press Club and offer it other facilities.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE SWISS HEADWAITER*

THANKS FOR STOPPING ME, ARMAND--I'D BE FALLING YET---BUT WHAT'S THAT LITTLE VILLAGE 'WAY DOWN THERE?
THAT, WADE, IS MARINA, IN ITALY--TO GET THERE ONE MUST GO MILES AROUND THE OTHER WAY!
6-24
BUT NOW I REMEMBER---I COME FOR YOU--I WANT YOU TO COME BACK TO THE HOTEL AND SPEAK WITH ONE OF THE BELLBOYS. HE HAS SOME INTERESTING NEWS ABOUT THE THIEVES!
Copr. 1937, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
MEANWHILE, DONAVAN AND MARGARET HAVE FINISHED THEIR CLIMB--
WHEW! THAT WAS SOME HIKE, MARGARET!
BUT ISN'T THE VIEW BEAUTIFUL? THIS IS THE BORDER--THAT TINY TOWN DOWN THERE IS MARINA, IN ITALY---
LOOK!- I WONDER WHAT THAT'S FOR?
LYMAN ANDERSON

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.